

工學碩士 學位論文

Cottage cheese 收率 貯藏中
乳清蛋白質 遺失
Carboxymethyl Chitosan 添加效果

2002年 8月

釜慶大學校 大學院

食 品 工 學 科

金 炅 泰

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指導教授 李 根 泰

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The Effects of Carboxymethyl Chitosan on Yield and Loss of Whey Protein in Cottage Cheese.

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Abstract

To present the elementary data of carboxymethyl chitosan (CM-chitosan) obtained from squid pen(*Todarodes pacificus*) for utilization in the cheese industry, the manufacturing condition and structure characteristics of chitin and chitosan were studied. The flow property and protein binding ability of CM-chitosan were also studied. Application of CM-chitosan to cottage cheese reduced by reconstituted skim milk to increase the yield, protein contents and improvement of texture property

were studied.

1. The deprotein optimum condition of chitin was studied at 1N NaOH, room temperature for 3 hours and then the yield and protein contents were $33.4 \pm 2\%$ and 33.19% respectively.

2. The most suitable deacetylation time of chitosan was 90mins and degree of deacetylation and molecular weight were 90% and 180,000dalton with condition, 40% NaOH at temperature range from 110 to 115

3. The critical concentration of CM-chitosan solution was 0.8% and in the analysis of I. R spectra, unlike CM-chitin, it showed high peak at 1440cm^{-1} with using the $\text{CH}_2\text{-C=O}$ of the hydroxyl of No 6 carbon.

4. The setting time of cottage cheese and the manufacture period by added CM-chitosan was unchanged.

5. The rate of increase on cheese yield was 21 28% in added 0.5 3% CM-chitosan solution(1% w/v). But the yield just increased 5% with 0.8% CM-chitosan solution.

6. The moisture and protein played an important role to improve the cheese yield and solid. The correlation coefficient of the moisture and protein were 0.7427 and 0.6876.

For increasing of the moisture content, the most efficient amount of CM-chitosan solution was added to 1.54% in the cheese making process. In the case of protein, CM-chitosan solution was added to 1.57% in the

cheese construction process. They were calculated with the statistic formula.

Moisture :

$$F = 73.011394 - 1.050804x_1 + 80461877x_2 + 0.204086x_1^2 - 0.228813x_1x_2 - 2.444310x_2^2$$

Protein :

$$F = 13.78445 + 1.16606x_1 + 1.426884x_2 - 0.291071x_1^2 + 0.605325x_1x_2 - 1.171795x_2^2$$

7. CM-chitosan solution reduced the amount of protein in whey. Especially, the whey protein content was decreased 50% when the amount of CM-chitosan solution was 2% and 3%.

8. CM-chitosan solution protected the change of cheese color for 4weeks storage.

9. The cheese rheology was preserved or improved. The most efficient amount of CM-chitosan solution for cohesiveness and elasticity were respectively 1.24% and 1.54% calculated with the statistic formula.

Cohesiveness :

$$F = 1.024295 + 0.412312x_1 - 2.162170x_2 + 0.293830x_1^2 - 1.759089x_1x_2 + 2.259426x_2^2$$

Elasticity :

$$F = 4.185774 - 0.8162170x_1 + 0.603382x_2 - 0.588419x_1^2 - 0.1759089x_1x_2 + 2.259426x_2^2$$

, , ,
 rennet 가 casein
 . 500
 .
 , , , ,
 , , , , ,
 . , ,
 , , , ,
 가 (Table 1).
 2 80 55%
 . 55 45% bacteria
 ,
 . 45 34%
 bacteria bacteria
 . 34 13% 가
 (.1981).

가가 가

Table. 1 Classification of cheese

Soft cheese	[	Unripened	: Cottage, Baker, etc
		Ripened	: Romadur, Bel Paese, Camembert, etc
Semi-soft cheese	[	Ripened principally by bacteria	: Brick, Tilsiter, etc
		Ripened by bacteria and surface micororganisms	: Limburger, Port du Salut etc
		Ripened principally by blue mold in the interior	: Blue, Roquefort etc
Hard cheese	[	Ripened by bacteria, without eyes	: Cheddar, Cheshire etc
		Ripened by bateria, with eyes	: Swiss, Emmental etc
Very hard cheese	—	Ripened by bacteria	: Provolone, Mozzarella etc

가 가 (.1992).

. (1992, 1993)

,
Gouda, Cream, Edam, Emmental,
Cottage, String . (Natural cheese)
rennet 가
(whey) . 가
가 , 가
가 . 가 ,

가가 .
cottage cheese 가 1915

가 . Cottage cheese

가 .
가 .
90%
6.0 6.5% (BOD)

32,000

· ,
 , , , , , , 가
 , ,
 44%가 (Kwak, 1993),
·
가
가
·
 , ,
 , , starter , , , pH, Ca+ ,
 10% ,
 (casein) whey 25 27%, 10
 20% ,
 6.5%, casein 4 5%가
(Timothy etc, 2000).

2

(Kwon, 1989; Lee, 1973).

(Park, 1992).

가 가

가 .

(BOD)

.

.

가 가

.

.

(Elasticity) 가 가 .

, 가

,

가 chitosan

, cottage cheese .

chitin, chitosan ,

, 가가

. chitin, chitosan 가

cellulose microcrystalline chitin
가 (Knorr, 1982 ; 1984), chitosan
가 가
(Kendra , 1984), chitin, chitosan
dietary fiber 가 (井爪正人, 1987),
가 . Ikeda (1993) chitosan 가
cholesterol 가 , Seon
(1992) chitosan ,
Brode (1990) chitosan 가 가
, Moon (2000) chitosan
Jeon (1997) chitosan Ca^{2+}
.
chitin, chitosan 가 가
가 가 carboxymethyl chitin,
carboxymethyl chitosan(CM-chitosan) (Fig.1). CM-chitosan
. Byun (1992) CM-chitin ,
, Park (1995) CM-chitin
.

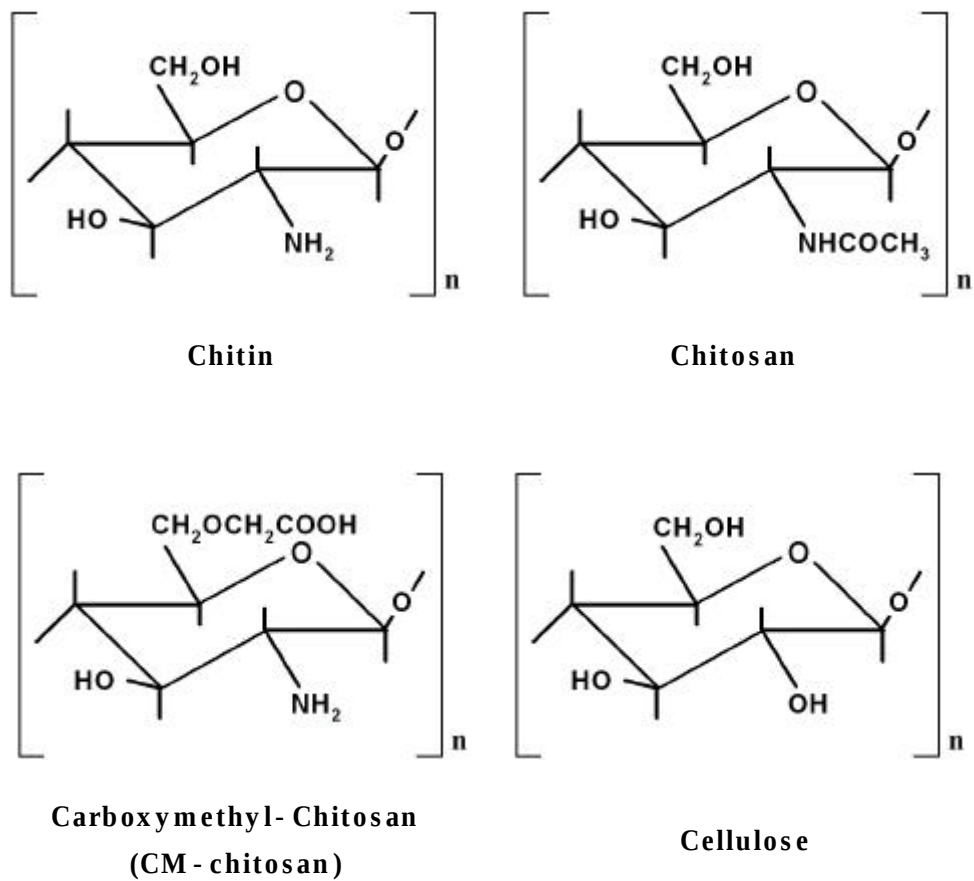


Fig. 1. Structure of chitin, chitosan, carboxymethyl chitosan and cellulose.

系井(1987) chitin, chitosan

가 , chitosan

1983 가 . Arai

(1968) 19 18g/kg

() . chitin, chitosan

CM - chitin, CM - chitosan

가 .

CM - chitosan

가 , 가

가 .

1.

가

(*Todarodes pacificus*)

50 14

50mesh

chitin

.

2. Chitin

Choi(2000)

NaOH

chitin

chitin

.

3. Chitosan

chitin

Kurita (2000)

Choi(2000)

40% NaOH

110 115

chitosan

,

chitosan

(Fig. 2).

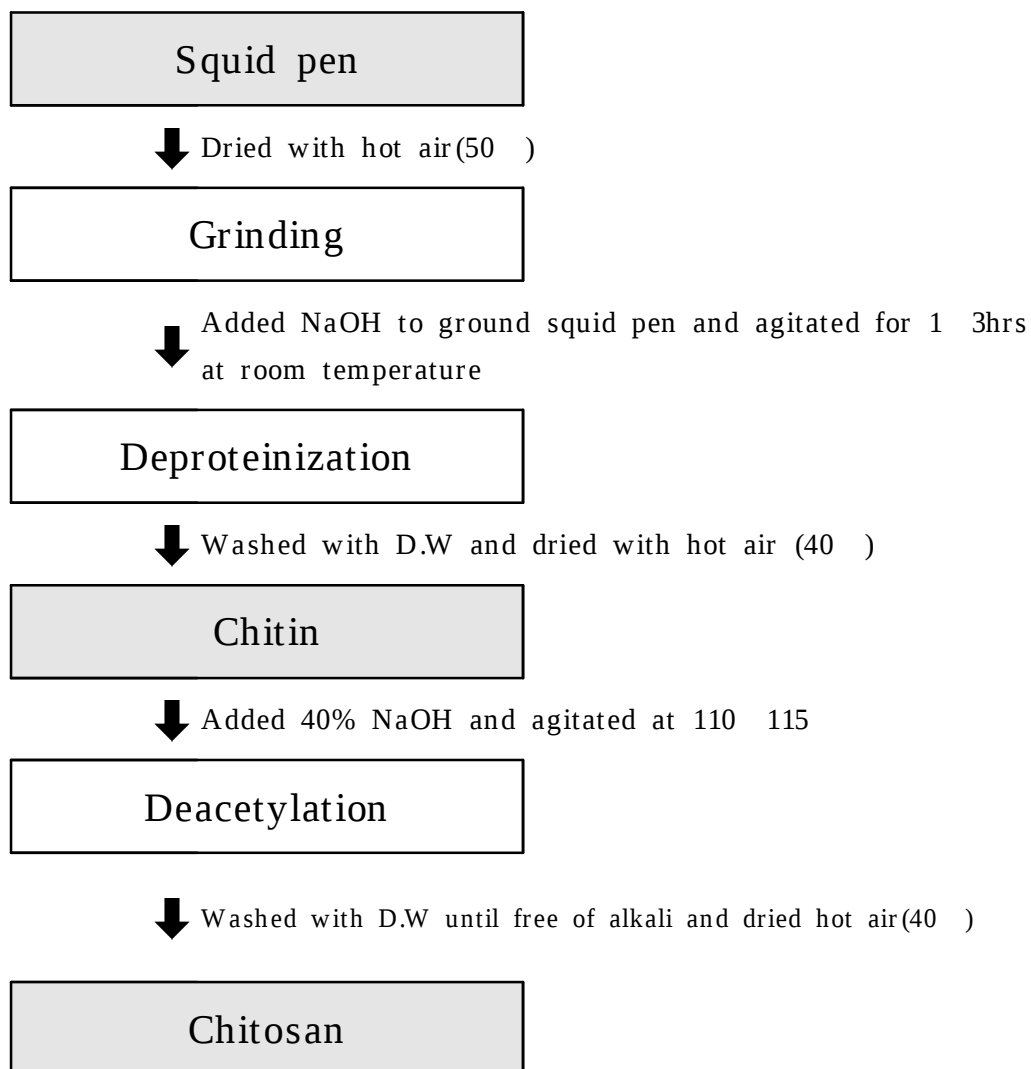


Fig. 2. Preparation procedure of chitin and chitosan.

4. CM- chitosan

chitosan Park (1995) CM- chitin
CM- chitosan (Fig. 3).

5. Chitin · Chitosan CM- chitosan

5- 1. .

AOAC (1988) Micro- kjeldahl ,
.

5- 2.

chitosan CM- chitosan ,
I. R. spectrum .

1) I. R. spectrum

chitosan 200mesh KBr (200mesh) 100mg
standard pellet KBr 100mg
2mg vibration mill 10 pellet
FT -IR(PerkinElmer, USA, Spectrum GX) $4,000\text{cm}^{-1}$ 370cm^{-1}
.

Chitosan Sannan(1978) I.R. spectrum
(A 1550/ A2878) (Fig. 4)

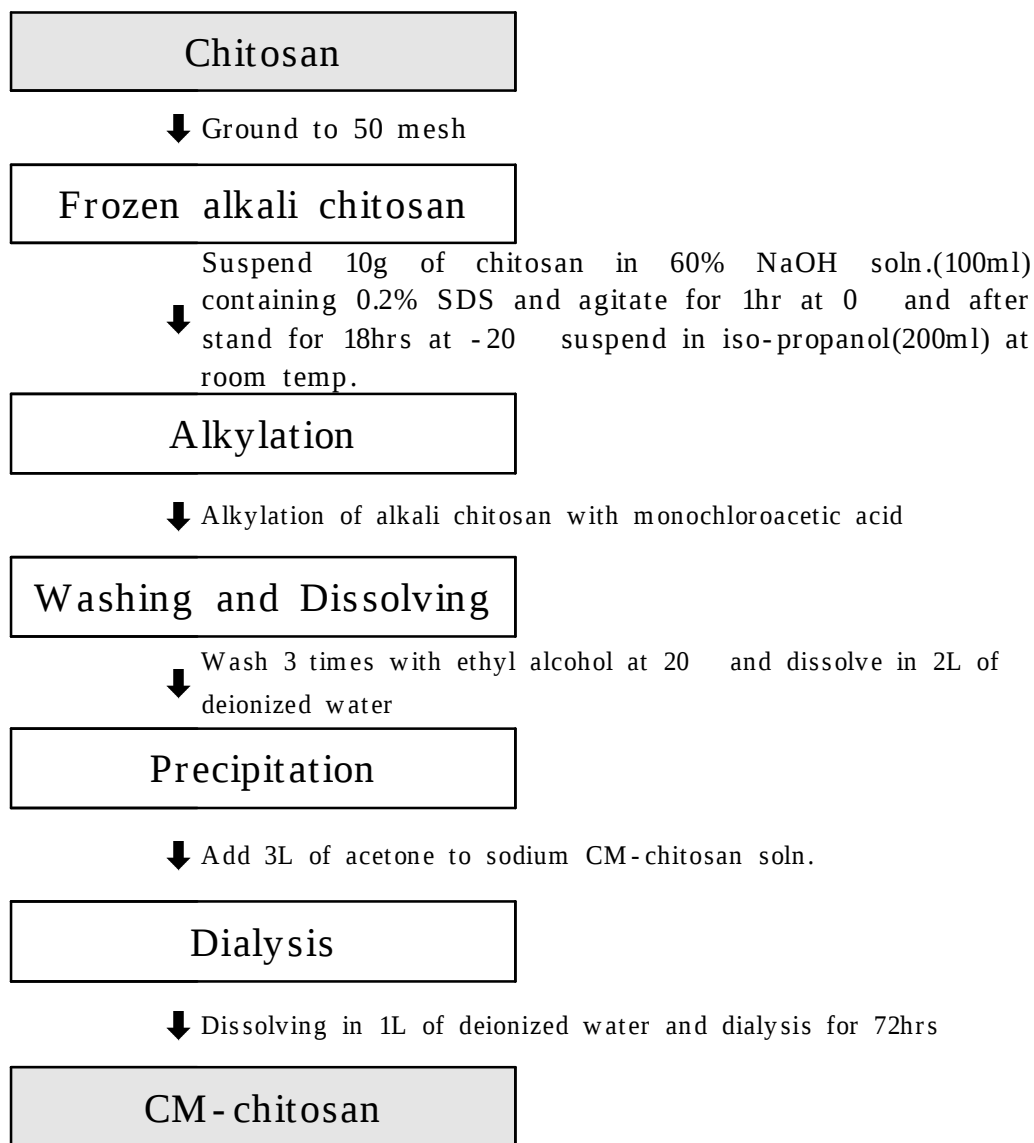


Fig. 3. Preparation procedure of CM-chitosan from chitosan.

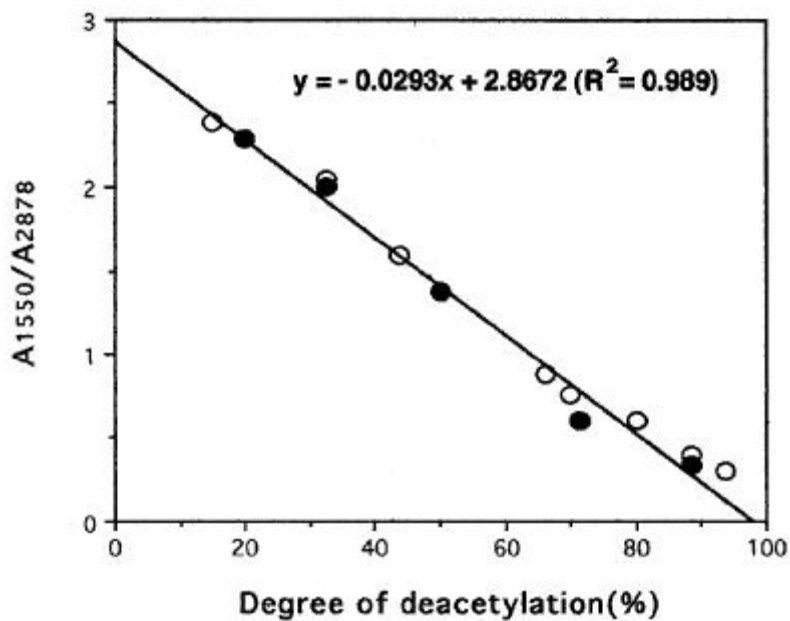


Fig. 4. Calibration line obtained by plotting the ratio of the absorbance of the bend at 1550cm^{-1} to that of the bend at 2878nm^{-1} against the degree of deacetylation (from Sannan et al., 1978).

- : IR data of the samples made by the homogenous hydrolysis
- : IR data of the samples obtained by the heterogenous hydrolysis

. Choi (2000)
 (90%) amide II bend 713 cm⁻¹ Miya
 (1980) I.R. spectrum (A 1655/ A 2867)
 (Fig. 5) , I.R. NIR
 - spectrum .

2)

Ubbelohde (Fig. 6) 25

Relative viscosity ; $\eta_{rel} = \frac{\eta}{\eta_s}$

Specific viscosity ; $\eta_{sp} = \frac{(\eta - \eta_s)}{\eta_s} = \eta_{rel} - 1$

Reduced viscosity ; $\eta_{red} = \frac{\eta - \eta_s}{C \cdot \eta_s} = \frac{\eta_{sp}}{C}$

Intrinsic viscosity ; $[\eta] = \lim_{c \rightarrow 0} \left(\frac{\eta_{sp}}{C} \right) = (\eta_{red})_{c \rightarrow 0}$

η_s : , η : , C :

Mark-Houwink

. K a Wei Wang (1991) 0.33M Acetic
 acid-0.3M NaCl chitosan .

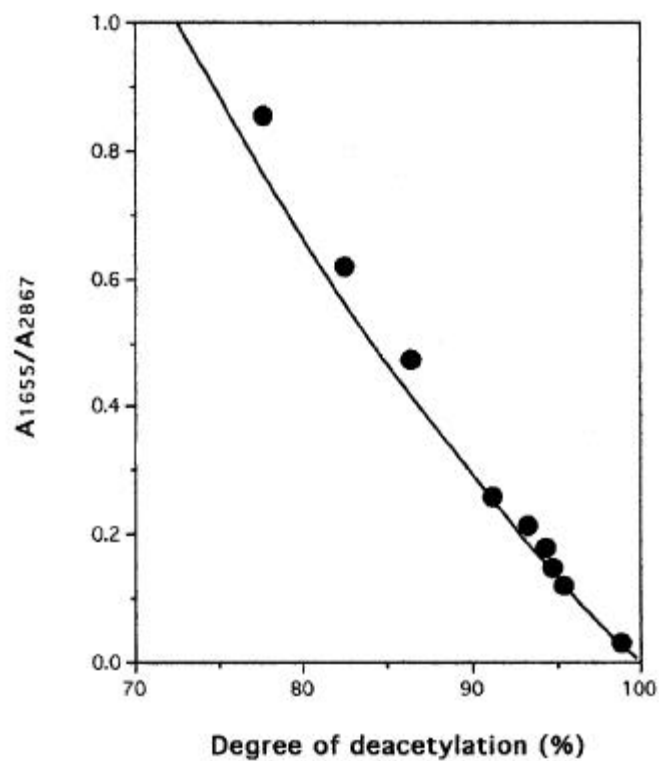


Fig. 5. The relation of the ratio of the absorbance of the bend at 1655cm^{-1} to that of the bend at 2867cm^{-1} (A_{1655}/A_{2867}) against the degree of deacetylation (from Miya et al., 1980).

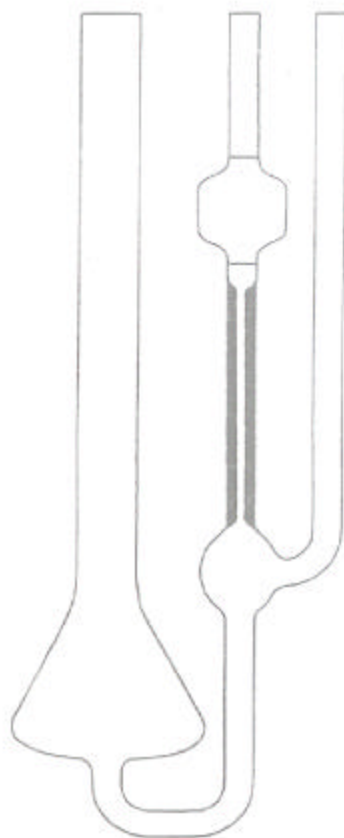


Fig. 6. The Ubbelohde type viscometer used for measuring intrinsic viscosity.

$$[\eta] = K \times Mw^a$$

$[\eta]$, $K = 3.41 \times 10^{-5}$, Mw , $a = 1.02$.

5-3. CM-chitosan

albumin
 . 1mg/ml albumin 100ml 1% CM-chitosan
 0% 1% 0.1% 가 가 1
 . Lowry 500nm
 (Fig. 7)
 .
 가 CM-chitosan
 가 .

6. Cheese

6-1.

Cottage cheese 1% ([]) 240g/L .
 12 14% cheese-vat
 가 12% 2

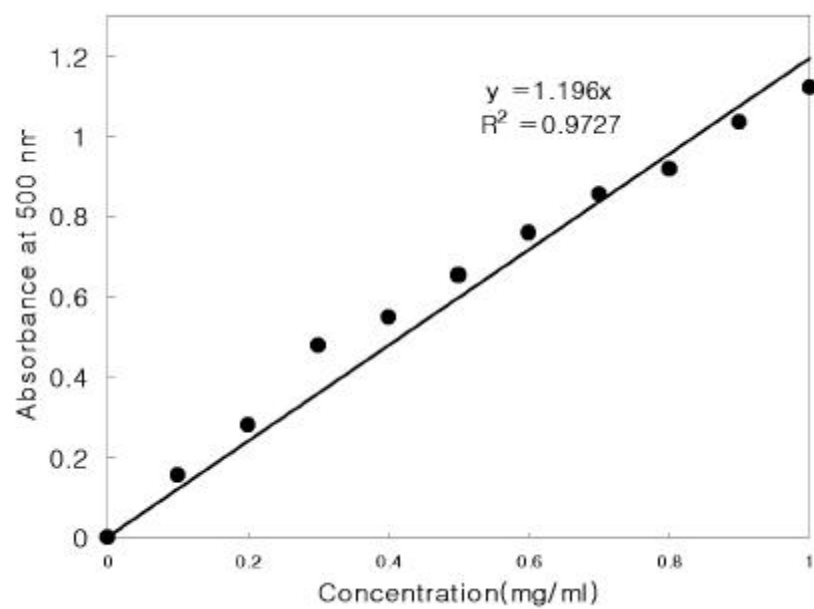


Fig. 7. Standard curve for the determination of protein concentration by Lowry's method.

24% .

6-2.

starter ()Hansen R-703 (*Lactococcus lactis* subsp. *cremoris* and *Lactococcus lactis* subsp. *lactis*) , rennet
(CaCl₂) starter
rennet (CaCl₂) .

6-3. Cottage cheese

Cottage cheese Yoon (1993) Chun (1998)
short-set cottage cheese . 5%, CaCl₂ 0.02%
가 , rennet 1L rennet 1ml 20 1ml 가
.

CM-chitosan 가 가 (Control) .
CM-chitosan 가 starter 가 15 0.5%, 0.8%, 1%, 2%,
3%, 4% 1% CM-chitosan 가 15
rennet 가 (Fig. 8). cheese 4
.

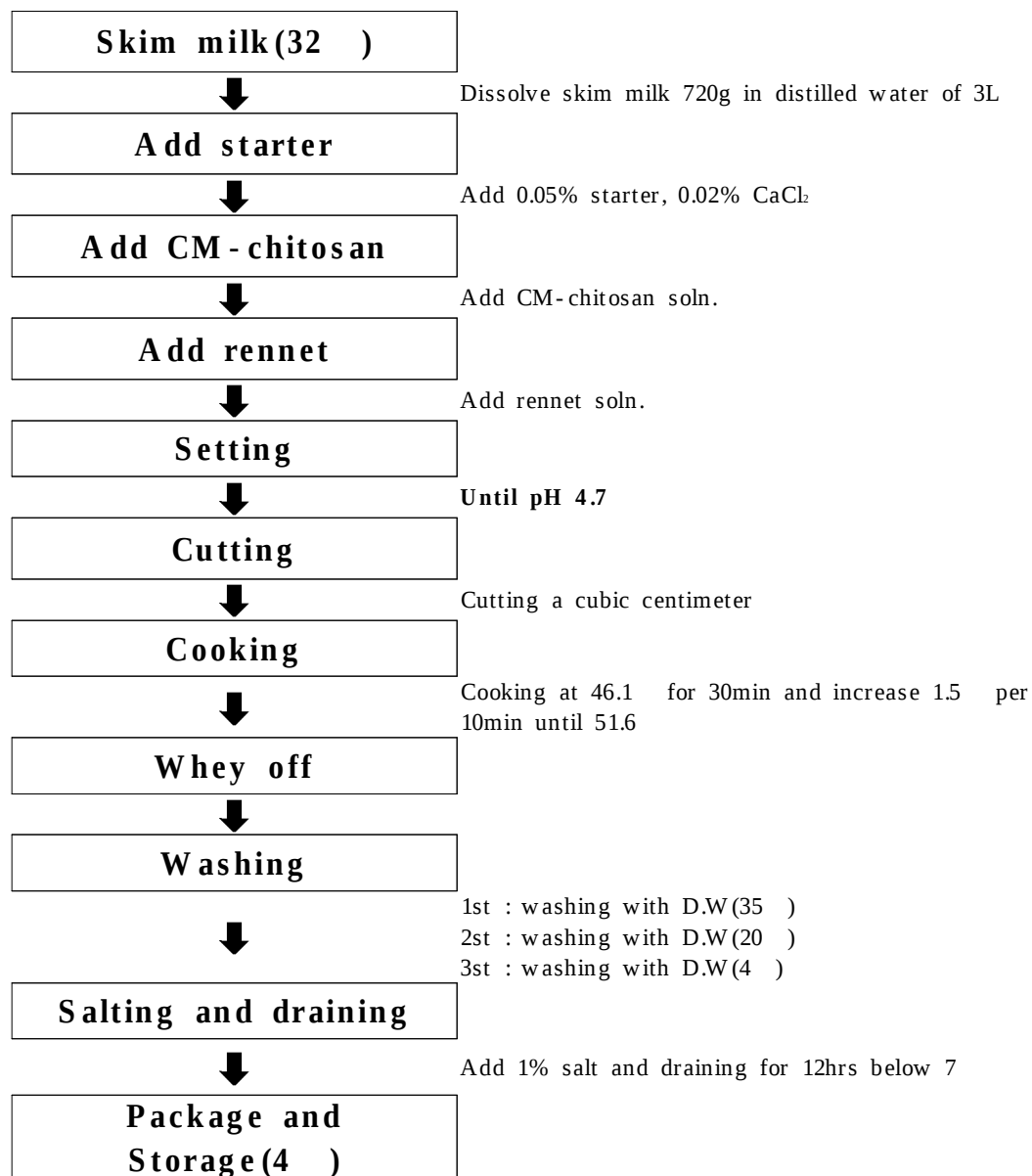


Fig. 8. Procedure of short-set cottage cheese.

7. Cheese

7- 1. Cottage cheese

48

0 4 7 , ,

, .

1)

(FIF 4A:1982) 가

.

2)

AOAC (1988) Micro-kjeldahl .

7-2.

CM - chitosan 가 가

, CM - chitosan 가 가

.

7-3.

CM - chitosan 가

Table 2. Condition for determination of rheology of cheese using the Universal Testing Instrument

Head	Condition
Testing instrument machine	Instron model 1011
Weight of load cell	5kg
Load range	1kg
Cross head speed	10mm/min
Chart speed	mm/min
Cross Head diameter	13mm
Rate of breaking test	20% of height
Sample height	13mm
Sample cross section diameter	Ø 13mm

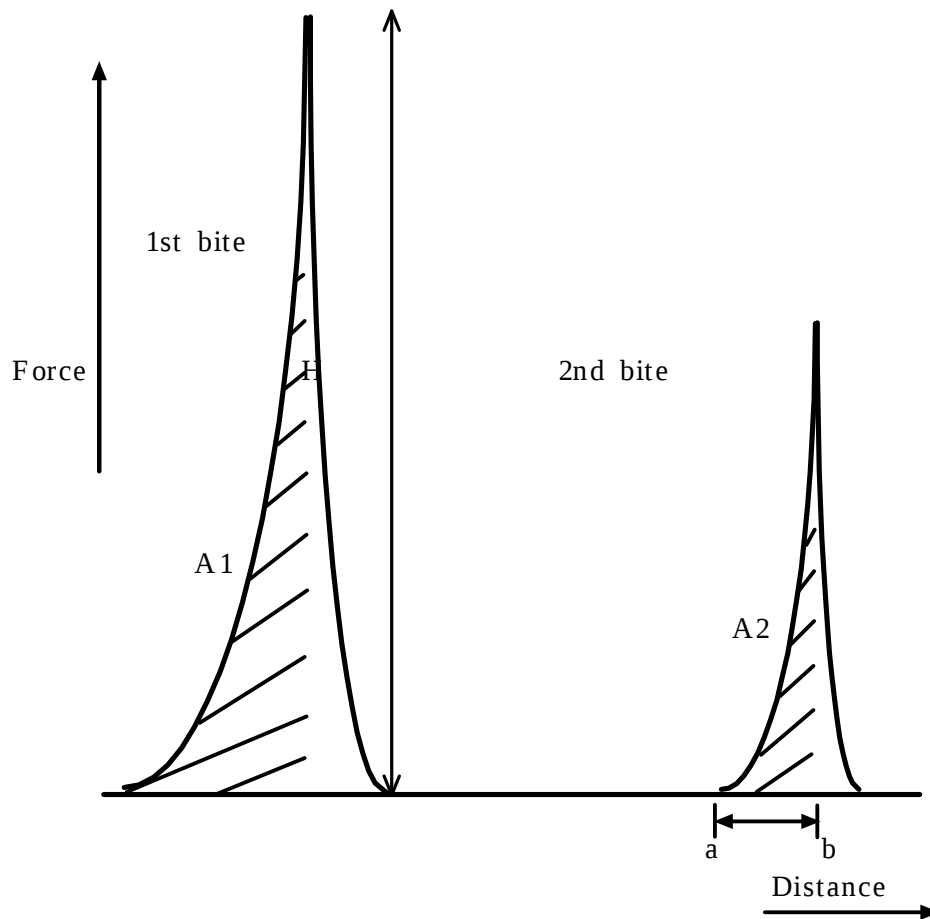


Fig. 9. Instron texturometer texture profile of cube of cheese.

- Cohesiveness : $A2 / A1$
- Elasticity : $a-b$

. Chitin, Chitosan, CM-chitosan

1. Chitin

Chitin chitin
(Muzzarelli, 1977). chitin
76.8%, 0.5%,
chitin
(12.
3 45.5%)
Choi (2000) 1N NaOH 4 chitin
3 가
3 1N, 2N, 2.5N
chitin 33.19%, 37%, 39%
1N
(Fig.10).

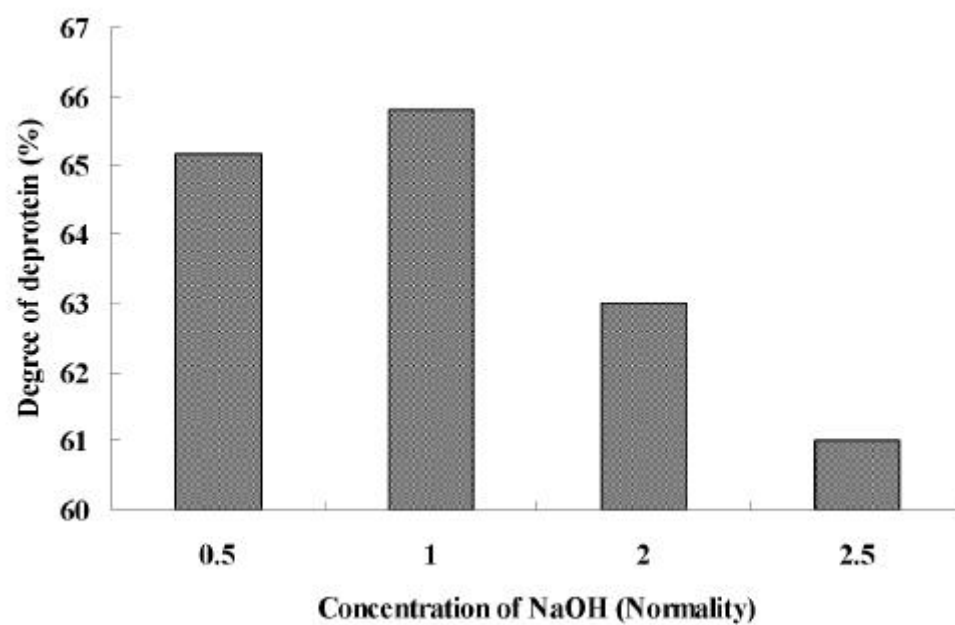


Fig. 10. Changes of removed protein contents from squid pen according to the concent of NaOH (25 °C, 3hrs).

가

. 3가 1N

NaOH가 . NaOH 가 1N

Table 3 .

1N 0.5N . 100

, 0.5N 1N

. 3 .

Kurita (2000) 1N

NaOH 3

, chitin 33.4% .

2. Chitosan

CM - chitosan chitosan

. Chitosan

. amine group

C₆ hydroxyl group(-OH) , amide

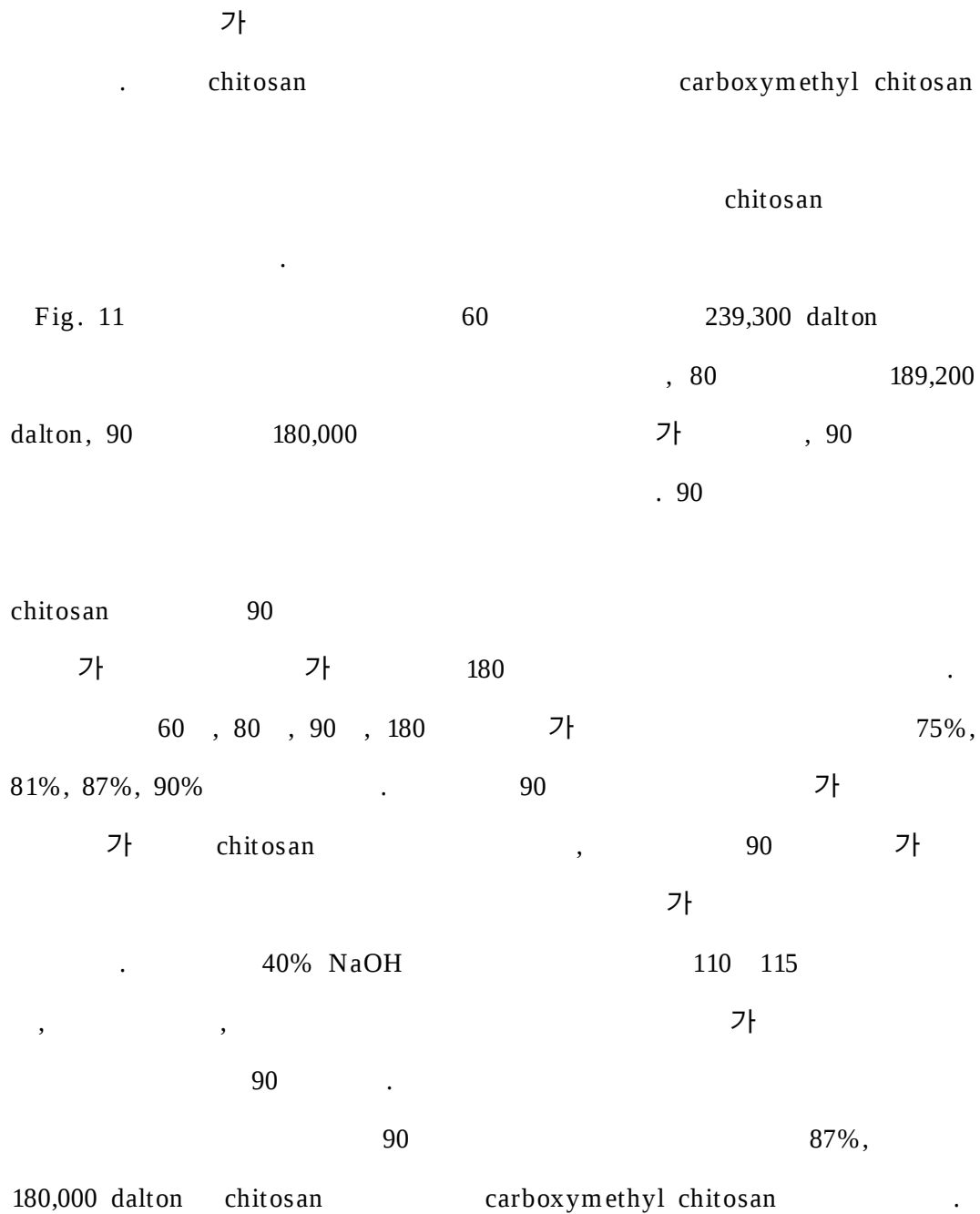
group (protonation) 가 (Bae,

1996). chitosan 가

가 , chitosan

Table 3. Changes of crude protein contents in chitin according to the deprotein conditions

Temperature	Concentrate of NaOH	Time	Protein(%)
25	0.5N	1hr	36.99
		3hrs	34.82
	1N	1hr	34.33
		3hrs	33.19
100	0.5N	1hr	35.59
		3hrs	34.66
	1N	1hr	34.77
		3hrs	34.39



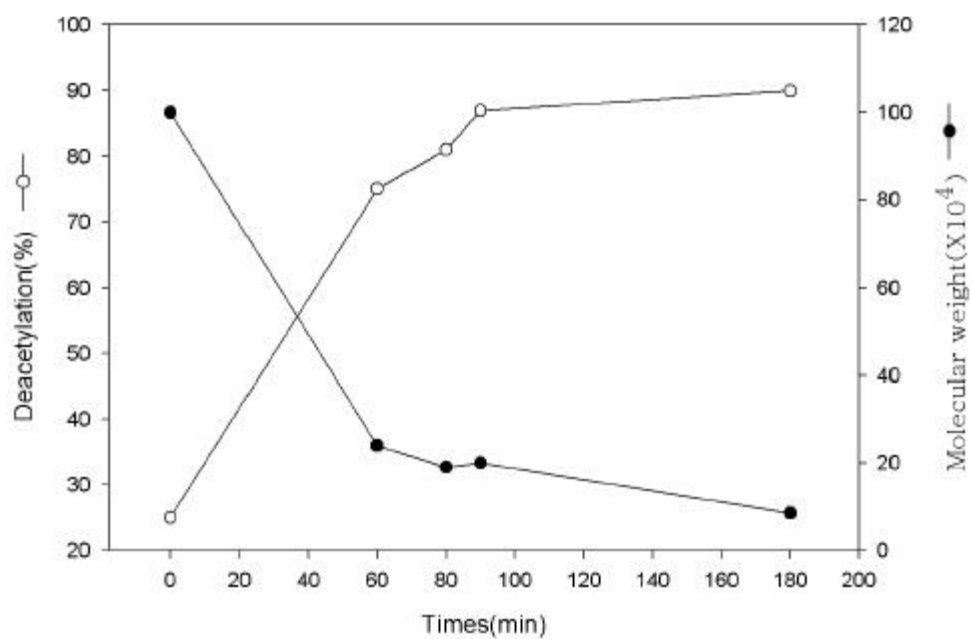


Fig. 11. Changes in molecular weight and deacetylation degree during the deacetylation of chitin for different times (40% NaOH, 110 115).

3. CM-chitosan

chitosan 가
87%, 180,000dalton chitosan
가 suspension 가 chitosan
가 . chitosan
CM-chitosan
.

3-1. ,

CM-chitosan 0.01g, 0.05g, 0.1g, 0.5g, 1g 100ml
25 3.6719ml/g, 46,300dalton
(Table 4).

CM-chitosan 가 1g/ 100ml gel jelly
. CM-Chitosan 가
gel 가 CM-chitosan
1g CM-chitosan/ 100ml 가
CM-chitosan .

3-2.

CM-chitosan
CM-chitosan 가 , 가

Table 4. The physicochemical properties of carboxymethyl chitosan

Molecular weight	46,362 dalton
Yield	73%(from chitosan)
Intrinsic viscosity	3.67
degree of deacetylation	92%

. CM-chitosan 가 BSA
 25% , 0.5% 1% 가
 (Fig. 12).
 CM-chitosan 0.8% 가
 CM-chitosan 0.8%
 가 , CM-chitosan
 가 0.8% (Fig. 13).

3-3. CM-chitosan
 CM-chitosan
 setting, cooking 1 , cooking 2
 , 32 , 46 , 51.6 , 4 4가
 , 1% CM-chitosan 가
 0.5%, 0.8%, 1%, 2%, 3% .
 0.5%, 1%, 2%, 3% 가
 , 0.8% 가
 (Fig. 14).

가
 CM-chitosan 가 0.8%
 가 가 . 0.8%
 가 ,

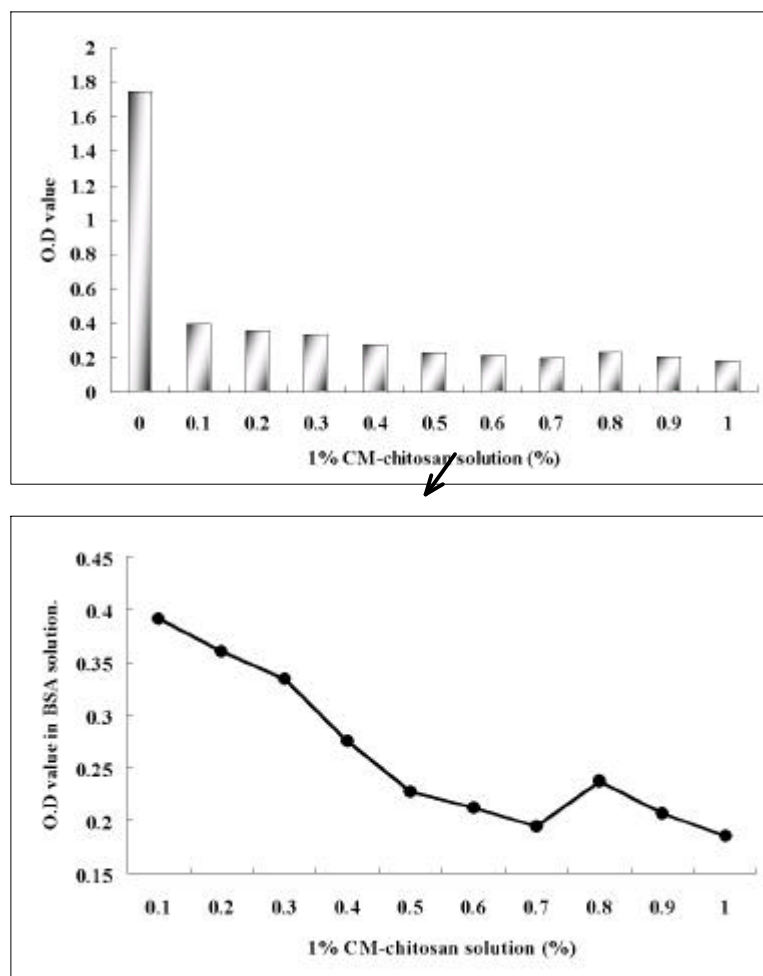


Fig. 12. The binding ability of BSA according to the additive percentage 1% CM-chitosan solution.

- BSA content : 1%
- Reaction time : 60min

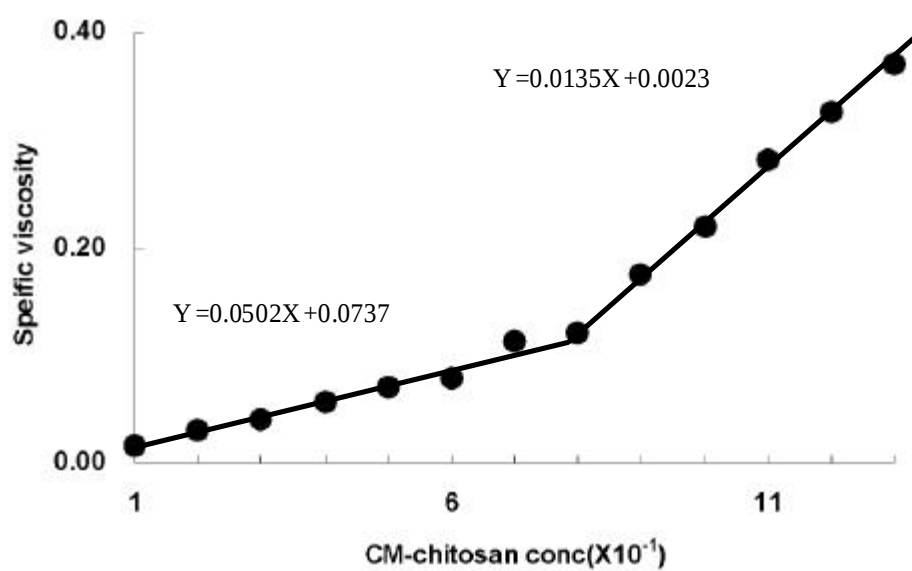


Fig. 13. Changes of specific viscosity according to the additive percentage 1% CM- chitosan solution.

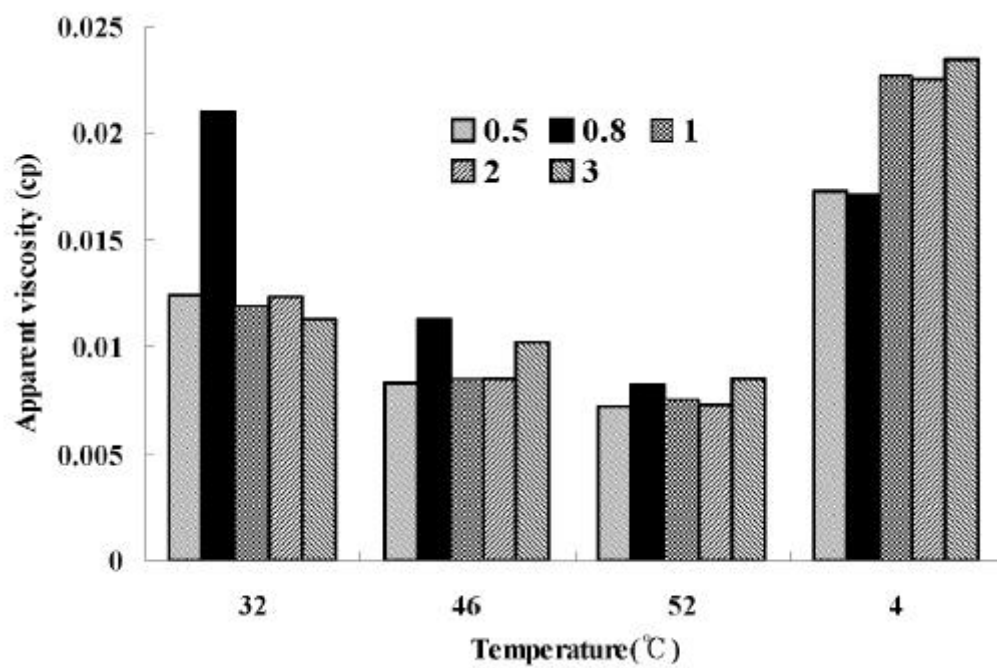


Fig. 14. Changes of apparent viscosity at different temperature conditions of cheese making.

3-4.

chitin, chitosan CM-chitosan

chitin IR spectrum chitosan CM-chitosan IR spectrum Fig. 15

. Chitin 3447cm⁻¹(OH stretching), 2878 2890cm⁻¹(CH stretching), 1652cm⁻¹(amide I), 1550cm⁻¹(amide II), 1310cm⁻¹(amide III) 1020 1070cm⁻¹(CO stretching) 가 , chitosan chitin 1652cm⁻¹(amide I), 1550cm⁻¹(amide II) 1020 1070cm⁻¹(CO stretching) peak 가 . CM-chitosan 6 1 hydroxyl CH₂-C=O 1440cm⁻¹ , 1020 1070cm⁻¹(CO stretching) peak CM-chitin

. CM-chitosan 가 Cottage cheese

1. 가 cheese

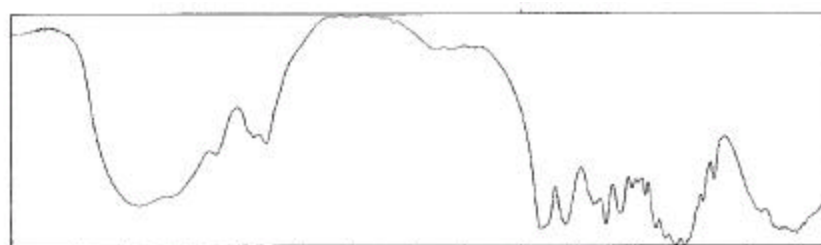
가

. Lee

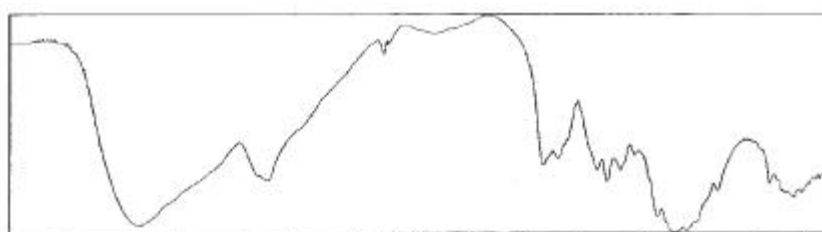
(1988) 2 가 pH 가

,

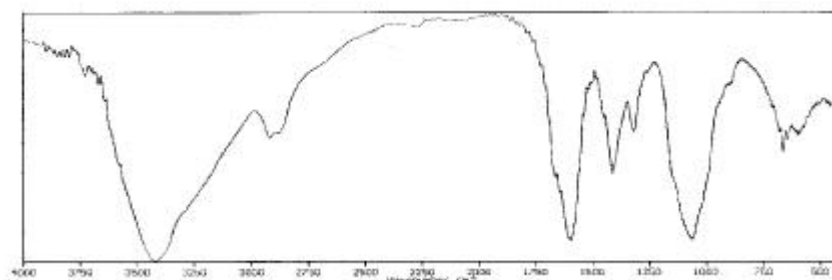
.



(A)



(B)



(C)

Fig. 15. Infra-red absorption spectra of β - chitin(A), chitosan(B) and CM- chitosan(C).

CM-chitosan 가 CM-chitosan 가
(Lee, 1997),
. CM-chitosan
(Park, 1995), starter
,
가 , 가
.
Cottage cheese starter(*Lactococcus lactis* subsp.
cremoris and *Lactococcus lactis* subsp. *lactis*, Hansen社 R-703)
starter pH가 pH cutting
. cutting pH , Yoon (1993)
cottage cheese cutting pH 4.6
, (2000) cottage cheese 9.7%
, cutting pH 4.7 가 ,
Frank (1977) cutting pH 4.7 . Cutting pH
가 , CM-chitosan
cutting . pH starter 가
가 (Control) CM-chitosan (1g/ 100ml) 가
가 cutting pH
.
CM-chitosan 0.5%, 0.8% 1%, 2%, 3%, 4%

가 4% 가 curd가 가 3%
(Table 5).

setting pH 4.7 1%
CM-chitosan 0.5% 가 가 , 가 2%,
3% 0.8%, 1% 가 (Fig. 16)

. CM-chitosan
(Fig. 14) 32 0.8% 1%가 .
가 starter pH
가 가 가 . pH 4.7
가 10 CM-chitosan
가 1 가 CM-chitosan 가
.

2.

가 가 . CM-chitosan
BSA(Bovin serum albumin)

,
. BSA CM-chitosan

CM-chitosan
가 .

Table 5. Cheese curd formation according to the additive percentages of 1% CM-chitosan solution

CM-chitosan concentration	Curd formation
0%	+
0.5%	+
0.8%	+
1%	+
2%	+
3%	+
>3%	-

+ : form into curd, - : unform into curd

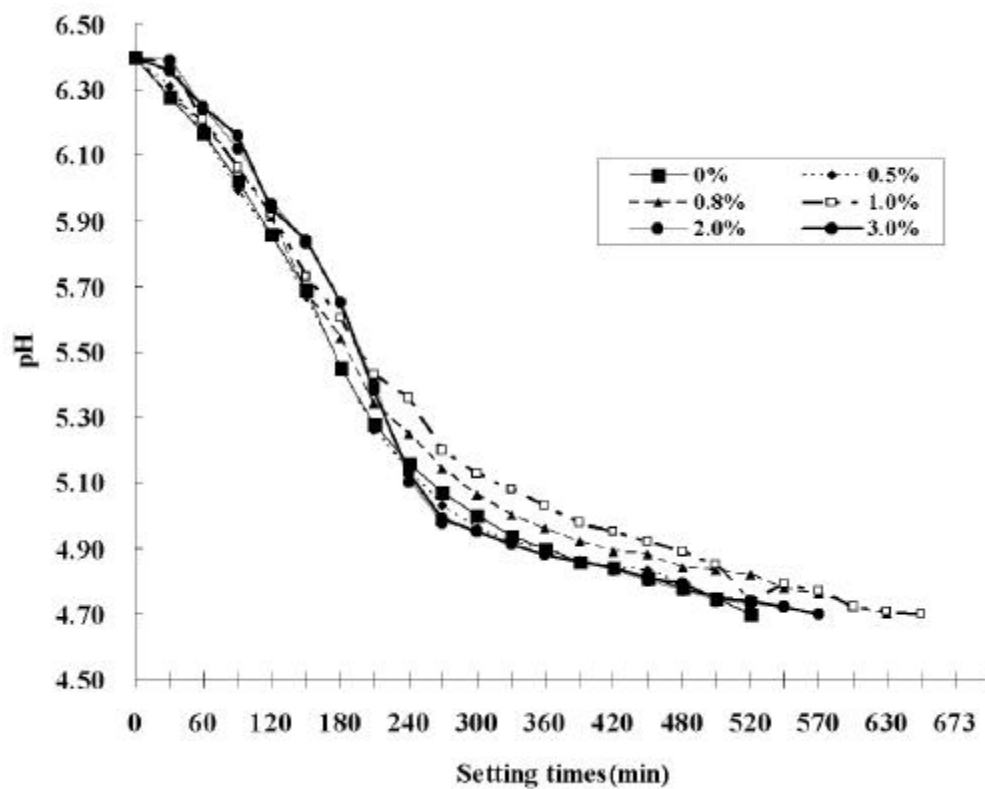


Fig. 16. Influence of setting times according to the additive percentages 1% CM-chitosan solution.

CM-chitosan 가 21 28% 가 ,
 0.8% 가 8% 가 .
 CM-chitosan BSA 가 0.8%
 (Fig.13) . 4
 21% 41% 가가 (Fig.17). CM-chitosan 가
 , CM-chitosan
 .

3. uncreamed cottage cheese
 . Cottage cheese
 (shelf-life) 14 . CM-chitosan 가
 4
 .

3-1.

13% ([2000-18 , 가])
 . CM-chitosan 가 18%

가 2 , CM-chitosan

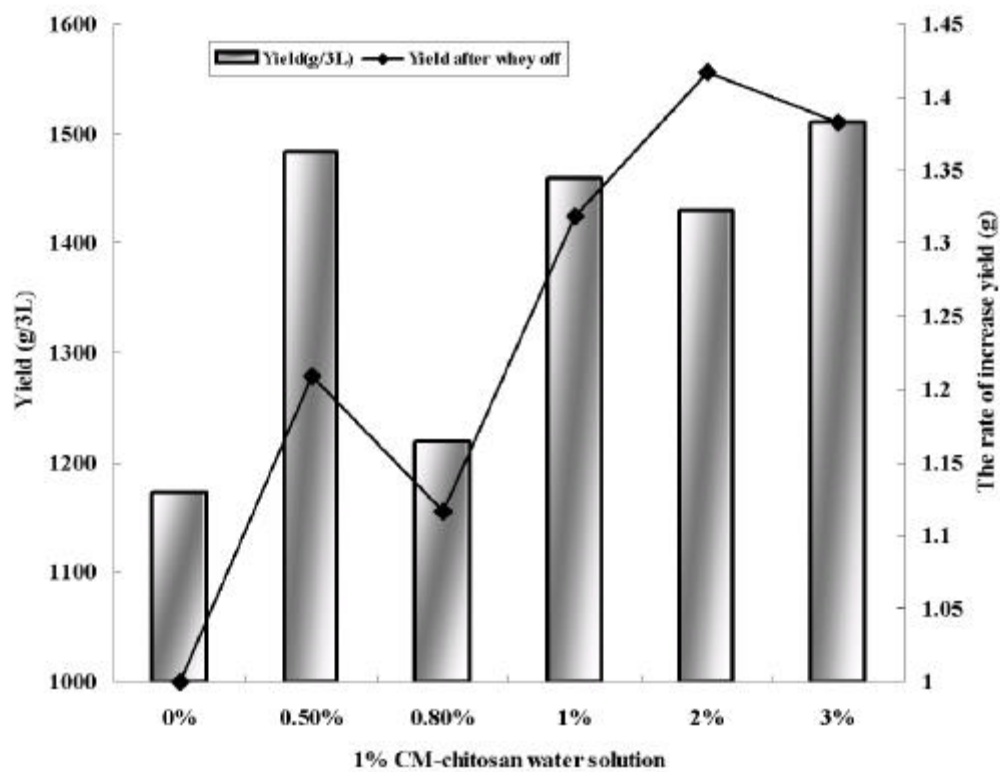


Fig. 17. Changes in yield according to addition of CM- chitosan (1% CM- chitosan water solution).



: cheese yield of 0weeks(g)

— : ratio of increase CM- chitosan cheese / control cheese

가

가

(Table 6).

CM - chitosan

가

CM - chitosan

가

(Fig. 18).

CM - chitosan

,

(R^2) 0.7427

,

($p > 0.18$)

CM - chitosan

($p > 0.00$) 가

.

CM - chitosan

1.57%

.

$$F = 73.011394 - 1.050804x_1 + 8.461877x_2 + 0.204086x_1^2 - 0.228813x_1x_2 - 2.444310x_2^2$$

3-2.

Cottage cheese

,

CM - chitosan

가

.

CM - chitosan

가

.

CM - chitosan

가

가

CM - chitosan

가

가

.

0.8%

가

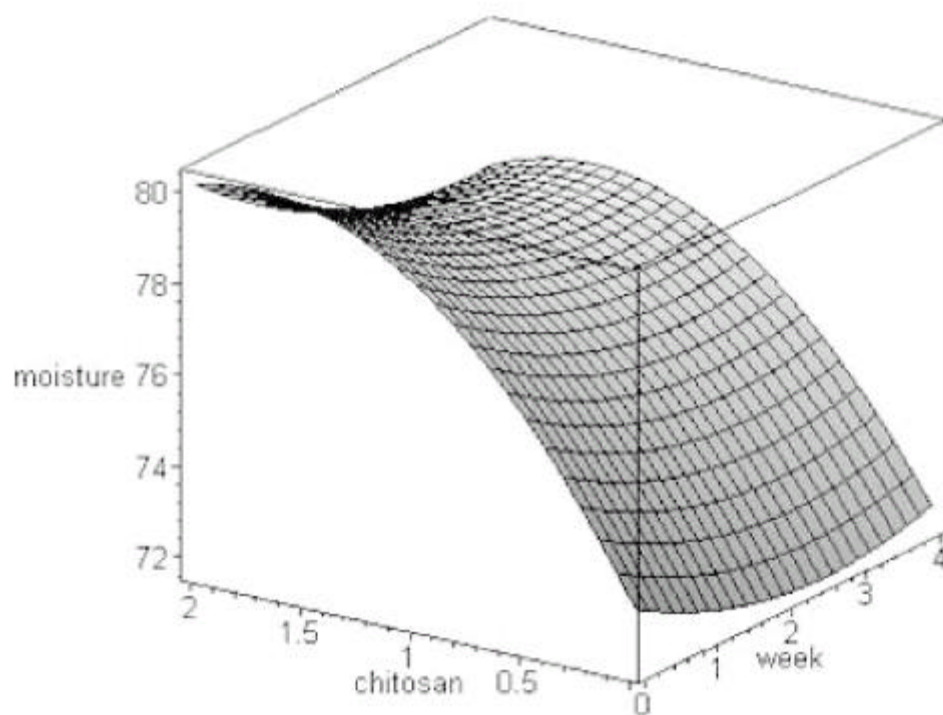
3%

가

(Fig. 19).

Table 6. Change of moisture contents in cottage cheese with amount of 1% CM- chitosan solution for 4 weeks storage at 4

	CM- chitosan(1% solution)					
	0%	0.5%	0.8%	1%	2%	3%
0 week	73.0	78.1	79.3	76.8	80.7	78.9
1 week	71.1	77.4	78.3	75.5	79.1	78.1
2 week	70.0	76.9	78.2	75.7	78.2	77.1
3 week	71.7	76.6	78.0	75.3	77.3	77.8
4 week	71.5	75.9	77.8	74.7	77.9	76.7



$$F = 73.011394 - 1.050804x_1 + 8.461877x_2 + 0.204086x_1^2 - 0.228813x_2x_1 - 2.444310x_2^2$$

Fig. 18. Change of moisture contents in cottage cheese with amount of 1% CM-chitosan solution for 4 weeks storage at 4 .

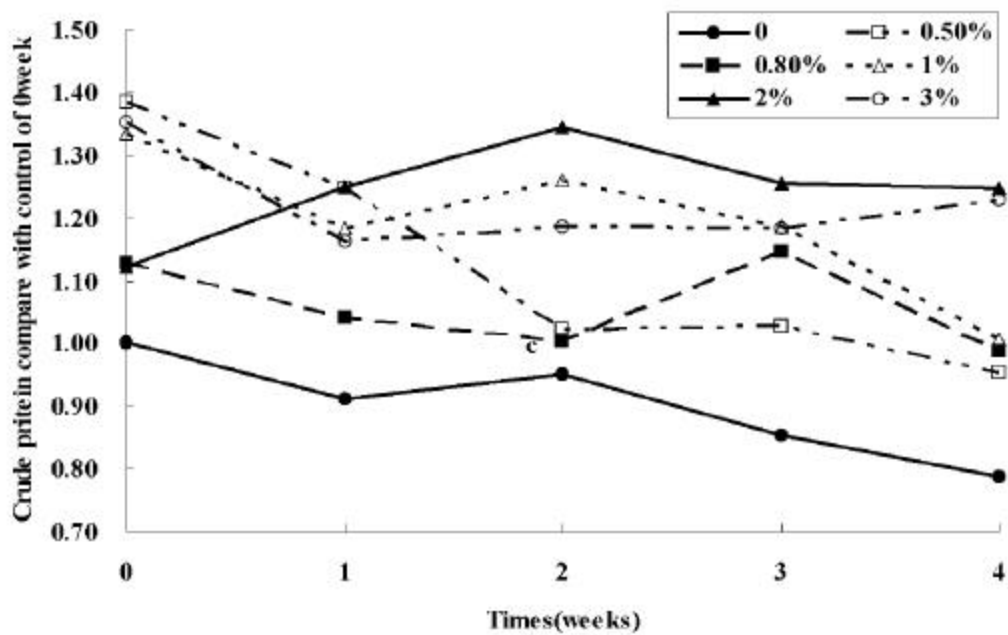


Fig. 19. Change of crude protein contents in cottage cheese with amount of 1% CM- chitosan solution for 4 weeks storage at 4 °C.

CM-chitosan 가 3%
CM-chitosan .
CM-chitosan 2% 가 .
CM-chitosan
. 4
CM-chitosan 2% 가
11%, 50% (Table 7, Fig. 20).
CM-chitosan 가 가
, 가 ,
가
CM-chitosan 2% .
4.
Cottage cheese ,
. 가
가 . (colorimeter
JC801) Table 8 . CM-chitosan
가 가 2 , CM-chitosan 가
.

Table 7. The rate of whey off of cheese after 4 weeks storage at 4 according to amount of 1% CM- chitosan solution

CM- chitosan concentration	Whey off(w/ w)
0%	32%
0.5%	35%
0.8%	27%
1%	28%
2%	21%
3%	27%

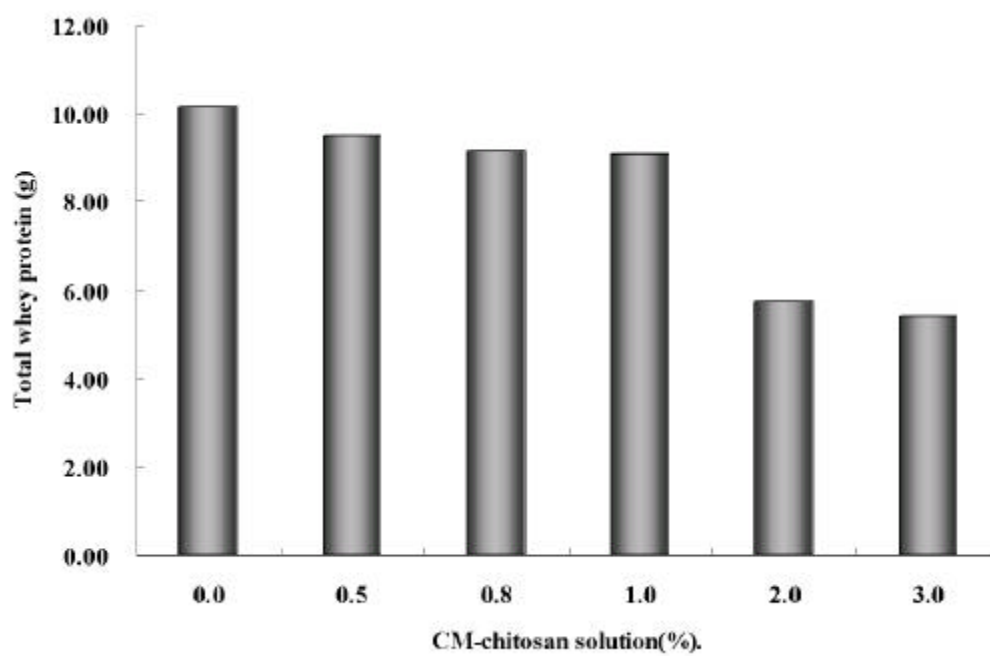


Fig. 20. The amount of total whey protein loss in 0-3% CM-chitosan cheese for 4 weeks storage at 4 °C.

Table 8. Changes of cottage cheese color with amount of 1% CM-chitosan solution for 4 weeks storage at 4

	Color	CM- chitosan solution					
		0%	0.5%	0.8%	1%	2%	3%
0 week	L *	94.72	94.02	94.56	94.79	93.89	93.87
	a **	- 2.58	- 1.98	- 1.88	- 1.56	- 1.02	- 1.76
	b ***	8.56	8.45	8.36	8.25	8.55	8.62
1 week	L	93.42	94.02	93.86	94.32	93.54	94.01
	a	- 2.42	- 1.50	- 1.84	- 1.04	- 0.80	- 1.46
	b	9.85	9.23	8.91	9.01	8.99	8.83
2 weeks	L	92.91	92.44	94.47	94.24	93.19	93.77
	a	- 2.20	- 1.37	- 1.51	- 0.91	- 0.72	- 1.34
	b	11.09	9.70	9.45	9.51	9.62	9.16
3 weeks	L	94.27	93.23	93.84	90.02	91.28	90.31
	a	- 1.20	- 0.95	- 1.01	- 0.89	- 0.78	- 0.89
	b	11.57	9.49	9.22	8.84	9.14	9.22
4 weeks	L	95.05	93.89	92.75	92.96	93.19	83.20
	a	- 2.02	- 1.76	- 0.31	- 1.32	- 0.75	- 1.02
	b	11.86	9.59	8.84	9.49	9.26	9.44

* L ; lightness,

** a ; redness(+) or greenness(-)

*** b ; yellowness(+) or greyness(-)

5.

CM-chitosan 가 가
 .
 , Path (1989) 가가
 . CM-chitosan 가 가
 (cohesiveness) (elasticity) .

5- 1. Cohesiveness

Cohesiveness

spread property, 가
 . Cohesiveness가 .

CM-chitosan 가 가 cohesiveness

CM-chitosan 0.8% 1% 가

(Table 9).

(R²) 0.7576

CM-chitosan ,

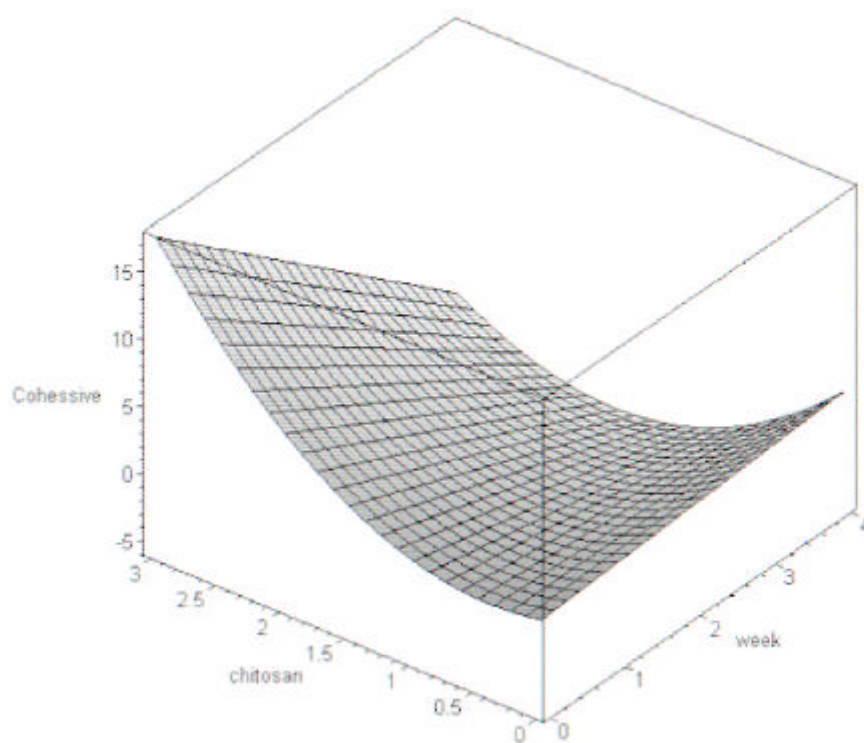
$$F=1.024295+0.412312x_1-2.162170x_2+0.293830x_1^2-1.759089x_1x_2+2.259426x_2^2$$

CM-chitosan 가 1.24%

(Fig. 21).

Table 9. Changes of cohesiveness of cottage cheese with amount of 1% CM-chitosan solution for 4 weeks storage at 4

	CM-chitosan solution					
	0%	0.5%	0.8%	1%	2%	3%
0 week	0.9	0.51	0.63	0.7	0.92	18.86
1 week	0.81	1.48	0.78	0.7	0.94	13.33
2 weeks	0.79	1.04	0.94	0.7	0.96	1.14
3 weeks	0.72	0.94	0.50	0.56	0.67	0.99
4 weeks	0.69	0.86	0.46	0.79	0.97	0.81



$$F = 1.024295 + 0.412312x_1 - 2.162170x_2 + 0.293830x_1^2 - 1.759089x_1x_2 + 2.259426x_2^2$$

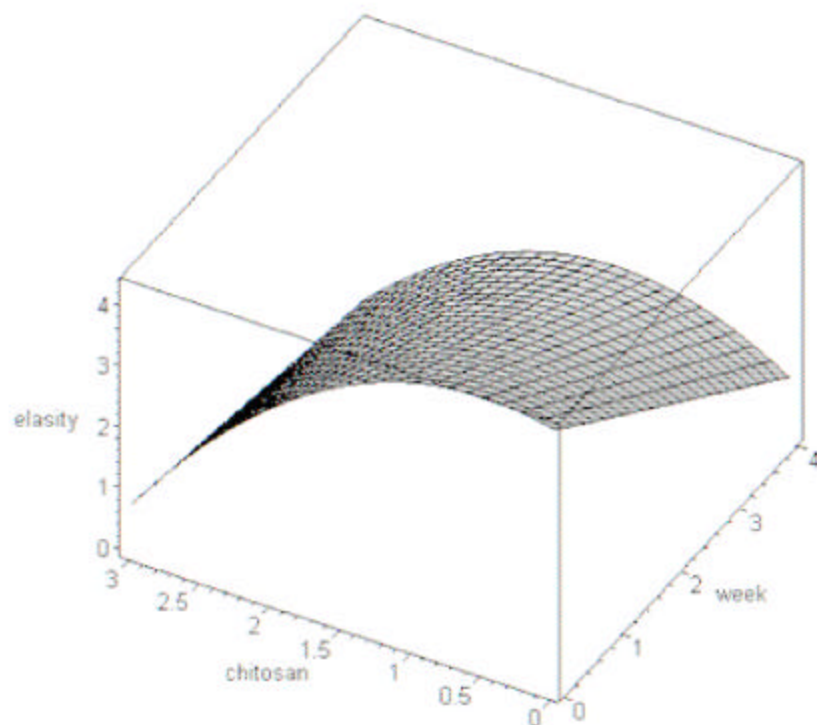
Fig. 21. Changes of cohesiveness of cottage cheese with amount of 1% CM- chitosan solution for 4 weeks storage at 4 °C.

5-2. Elasticity

texture 가 . CM-chitosan 가 가 CM-chitosan 가 . CM-chitosan 2% 가 (T able 10). $F = 4.185774 - 0.816753x_1 + 0.603382x_2 - 0.588419x_1^2 + 0.207703x_1x_2 - 1.535877x_2^2$ CM-chitosan 가 (Fig. 22).

Table 10. Changes of elasticity of cottage cheese with amount of 1% CM-chitosan solution for 4 weeks storage at 4

	CM - chitosan solution					
	0.0%	0.5%	0.8%	1.0%	2.0%	3.0%
0 week	3.0	3.0	4.0	4.0	5.0	3.0
1 week	4.0	8.0	6.5	4.0	5.0	2.0
2 weeks	5.0	5.0	6.0	4.0	6.0	5.0
3 weeks	5.7	5.5	4.0	7.0	5.0	5.5
4 weeks	4.5	5.5	3.0	5.0	5.8	5.0



$$F = 4.185774 - 0.816753x_1 + 0.603382x_2 - 0.588419x_1^2 + 0.207703x_1x_2$$

Fig. 22. Changes of elasticity of cottage cheese with amount of 1% CM-chitosan solution for 4 weeks storage at 4 °C.

Chitosan CM - chitosan

chitin,

chitosan CM - chitosan

cottage cheese

가 가 CM - chitosan

.

1. chitin 1N NaOH, 25 , 3 , 33.4 ± 2%

33.19% .

2. chitosan 40% NaOH 11

0 115 90 90%, 18

chitosan .

3. CM - chitosan 0.8% , I.R spectra 6

hydroxyl CH₂ - C=O CM - chitin 1440cm - 1

peak .

4. CM - chitosan 가 setting CM - chitosan 가 .

5. CM - chitosan 가 가 0.5% 3% 가
21 28% 가 , 0.8% 5%

6. 가 가
(R²) 0.7427, 0.6876 $F = 73.011394 - 1.050804x_1 + 8.461877x_2 + 0.204086x_1^2 - 0.228813x_1x_2 - 2.444310x_2^2$,
 $F = 13.784425 + 1.166061x_1 + 1.426884x_2 - 0.291071x_1^2 + 0.605325x_1x_2 - 1.171795x_2^2$
, 1.57%, 1.54% , CM - chitosan 가 .

7. CM - chitosan 가 , 2%,
3% 가 50% .

8. CM - chitosan 가 b .

9. CM - chitosan 가 가 ,

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \text{. cohesiveness} \quad F=1.024295+0.412312x_1-2.162170x_2 \\
 & +0.293830x_1^2-1.759089x_1x_2+2.259426x_2^2, \quad \text{elasticity} \quad F=4.185774-0.816753x_1+ \\
 & 0.603382x_2-0.588419x_1^2+0.207703x_1x_2 \quad 1.24\%, \quad 1.54\%
 \end{aligned}$$

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