

Vibrio furnissii LPS
phosphomannomutase

Suicide vector

2002 2

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Abstract

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**Cloning of phosphomannomutase gene from *Vibrio furnissii*
involved in biosynthesis of LPS
and
Production of knock out mutant using suicide vector**

Nam hyun Kim

Department of Biotechnology and Bioengineering, Pukyong National
University

Abstract

We cloned a part of phosphomannomutase(PMM) gene from *Vibrio furnissii* which one of the cause of disease gram negative bacteria *Vibrio* sp. and found out the entire open reading frame(ORF) as to carry out inverse PCR.

0.5kb fragment of the *pmm* was cloned in suicide vector and transformed into the *V. furnissii*, that could make knock out mutant to homologous recombination.

To make sure that the mutant make change to gene and biosynthesis of Lipopolysaccharide(LPS), we served southern blot hybridization and SDS-PAGE /Silver staining.

This study was explained to be clear that relationship of *pmm* and LPS biosynthesis. For the more, considered that many function of LPS which has known as antigene and protection to several bacteria from comparing wild-type with mutant

Vibrio furnissii *Vibrio fluvialis*

<i>Vibrio</i> sp.	seafood	raw shellfish
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V.furnissii *V. fluvialis* 가

[1,7]

Vibrio furnissii estuarine environment ()

가

pat hogene . [2]

PMM(phosphomannomut ase) PGM(phophoglucomut ase)

Mannose-6-phosphate

Mannose- 1-phosphat e

alginate LPS(Lipopolysaccharide)

(Fig.1) [3,6,8,10].

LPS 가

[11]. *V.furnissii* Gene library PMM

Southern hybridization Inverse

PCR

ORF Suicide vector

knock out LPS

wild-type LPS SDS-PAGE silver

staining

V. furnissii PMM

LPS

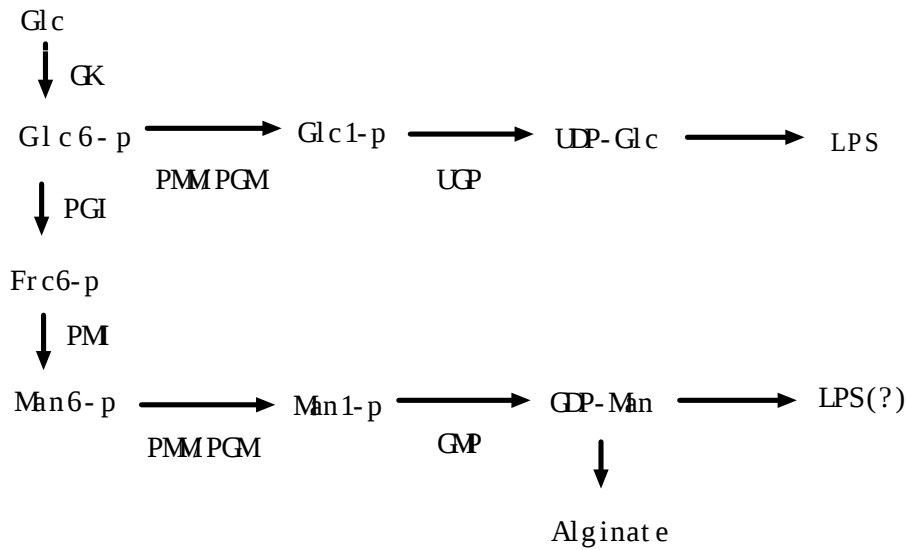


figure 1. Proposed roles of PMMPGM in the biosynthesis of alginate and LPS.

Abbreviations: Glc, glucose; GK, glucose kinase; Glc 6-p, G6P; Glc 1-P, G1P; UDP-Glc, UDP-glucose; UDP, UDP-glucose pyrophosphorylase; PG, phosphoglucose isomerase; Frc 6-P, fructose 6-phosphate; Man 6-P, M6P; Man 1-P, M1P; GDP-man, GDP-mannose; GDP, GDP-mannose pyrophosphorylase. [3]

II.

1. strains , plasmids , culture condition

	<i>Vibrio furnissii</i>	KCTC 2731	
cloning host	knock out mutation		host cell
<i>DEB</i> α , <i>JMB3</i> , <i>SM10</i> λ <i>pir</i> [9]			wild-type
<i>Vibrio furnissii</i>	<i>Vibrio furnissii</i> PMM Mit		
	cloning vector	pGEM4Z, pGEM5Z	
knock out mutant	suicide vector	pNQ705	
.(Table 1)			
<i>V.furnissii</i>	BHI	150-200 rpm	25
°C-37°C	overnight		
<i>E.coli</i>	LB(Luria-Bertani)	150-200rpm	37°C
<i>SM10</i> λ - <i>pir</i>	LB	Kanamycin	100 μ g/ml 가
<i>E.coli</i>			
	Difco(USA), Sigma(USA)	Junsei(Japan)	
	, restriction enzyme	Promega(USA)	

Table 1. Bacterial strains and Plasmids used in this study

Abbreviations for antibiotics: Am, ampicillin; Cm, chloramphenicol; Km, kanamycin;

Strains/ Plasmids	Relevant properties	Source or Ref.
<i>V.fumissii</i>	wild-type hemolysin, Phospholipase, gelatin activity	KCTC 2731
<i>V.furnissii</i> <i>pmm</i> mut	Knock out mutant of <i>V.fumissii</i> <i>pmm</i>	This study
DH5 α	Cloning host strain	Life Technologies, Inc.
JM83	Cloning host strain	
<i>SM10 λ pir</i>	Donor strain for conjugation Km ^r	Chen- Nam Univ.
pGEM4Z	Cloning vector Am ^r	Promega Biotech
pBluescript	Cloning vector Am ^r	Strata gene
Topo TA cloning vector	Cloning vector for Tag pol PCR	Strata gene
pNQ705	Suicide vector Cm ^r Mob. Ori R	Chen- Nam Univ.
pVFNM72	7.2kb partial <i>pmm</i> fragment from <i>V.fumissii</i> cloned in pGEM4Z using HindIII	This study
pVFRMBI	1.5kb inverse PCR fragment in Topo TA cloning vector	This study
pNQ705pmm	0.5kb knock out fragment from <i>v.fumissii pmm</i> cloned in pNQ705	This study

2 . *V.furnissii* test

Wild-type *V.furnissii* Blood, Egg yolk, gelatin plate
38 1
halo . Blood plate BBL Stacker plate(Becton
Dickinson USA) Egg yolk plate egg-yolk
phosphate buffer saline 1:1
1.2% agar 가 BHI
. Gelatin plate 1% Gelatin powder BHI agar
.

3 . DNA manipulation, Transformation

DNA *E. coli* alkaline lysis [4]
QIAprep spin plasmid kit(Qiagen, Santa Clarita, Calif.)
. DNA *E.coli*
standard transformation electroporation[5]
.

4 . Agarose gel electrophoresis, DNA gel isolation

protocol [5].
TAE (40 mM Tris-acetate, pH 8.0, 1
mM EDTA) 0.8 - 2.0% agarose gel
1/4 4 ×gel loading buffer 가 DNA 100 V
. Agarose gel DNA Gel
extraction kit(Qiagen, Germany) .

5. Southern blot hybridization

Chromosomal DNA 0.8% agarose gel
 southern DNA blotting .
 Agarose gel (0.5 M NaOH, 1.5 M NaCl) 30 가
 DNA 2 , (0.5 M
 Tris-HCl, pH 7.0, 3 M NaCl) 30 . Blotting
 Whatman 3M filter paper 20 × SSC (0.3 M
 sodium citrate pH 7.0, 3 M NaCl) Whatman 3M paper
 가 gel gel nylon membrane .
 2 whatman paper paper towel
 500 - 800 g 가 20 DNA
 membrane blotting capillary transfer .
 Transfer gel ethidium bromide DNA가
 DNA가 transfer nylon membrane D.W 가 UV
 illuminator 3 DNA .
 probe DNA labeling, hybridization, Detection DIG DNA Labeling
 and Detection Kit (BOEHRINGE MANNHEIM Germany) protocol .

6. Polymerase chain reaction (PCR)

DNA Tag polymerase primer automated
 thermal cycler (DNA thermal cycler 9700, Perkin Elmer cetus, USA)
 PCR amplification . PCR 50 μ l
 dNTP (dATP, dCTP, dGTP, dTTP, 100 μ M) Tag polymerase 250
 μ l tube template DNA primer 가
 50 μ l , 98 7 가 , thermal cycle
 DNA amplification . cycle 25
 cycle cycle 94 30 , 55 30 , 72 1 30
 . extension 72 10
 . DNA , Gel
 extraction kit (Qiagen, Germany) agarose gel

7 . Crude LPS

LPS 'Methods in Enzymology' Vol.235 Modified
Phenol- Water Technique . BHI 100ml *V.furnissii*
wild- type Mutant overnight culture
cell 50mM Sodium Phosphate, pH7.0, containing
5mM EDTA suspension . 3-5min vortex Hen
egg lysozyme(100mg) 가 vortex 4℃ overnight
incubation(2-3 vortex)
37℃ 20 incubation, vortex for 3min, 20mM MgCl₂
가 . RNase, DNase final concentration 1μg/ml
가 . Suspension 37℃ 2 incubation 60℃
60min incubation(1-2 vortex) 70℃ water bath
volume 90% phenol(70℃ incubation
) 가 ice-water bath
(15min)
sample 4℃ 12000rpm aqueous layer
phenol 가 D.W. crude
LPS .

8 . Silver staining

crude LPS SDS-PAGE 'Protein
methods'(Daniel M Bollag, Stuart J. Edelstein, 1991) protocol
silver staining .

III.

1. *V.furnissii* hemolytic, phospholipase, gelatin activity

*V.furnissii*가 test plate
halo가 Enzyme 가 .
V.furnissii conjugation
screening signal 가 .

(Fig.2)

2. *V.furnissii* pmc cloning sequence analysis

V.furnissii BHI overnight culture
chromosomal DNA Hind partial digestion .
pGEM4Z ligation DH5α transformation .
Transformant LA X-gal, IPTG
blue white colony white colony .

7kb 가 cloning universal
primer (UP) reverse primer (RP) DNA sequencing
.
insert 7.2kb NCBI (National
Center for Biotechnology Information) BLAST network service
Gene Bank 가
Phosphomannomutase sequence
.(Fig. 3) pVNM2 .



Hemolysin activity



Phospholipase activity



Gelatinase activity

Figure 2. Pathogenic factors of *Vibrio furnissii*

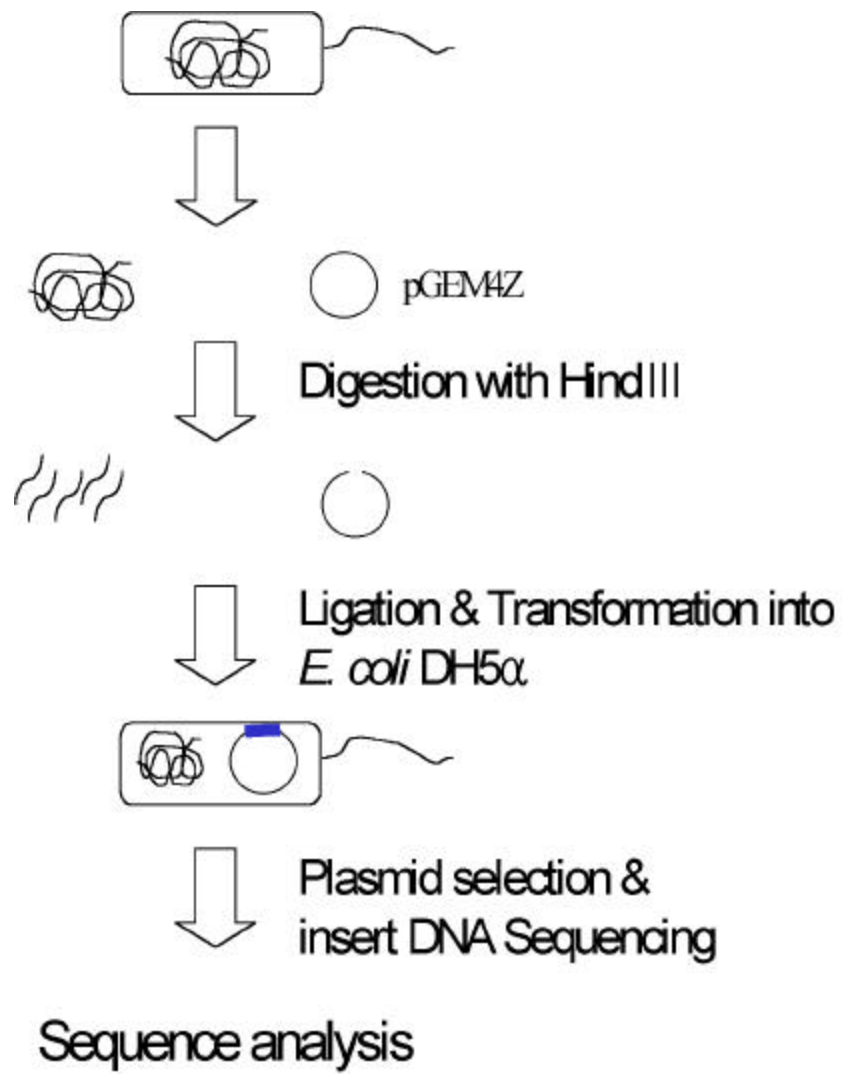


Figure 3. Procedure of *pmm* gene cloning from *Vibrio furnissii*

3 . Southern blot hybridization inverse PCR *pmm*

ORF

pmm 5' Southern blot
hybridization Inverse PCR . *V.furnissii*
chromosome BamHI, SacI, Sall, HindIII agarose
gel pVFNM72 0.5kb PMM gene
probe southern blotting .(Fig.4)
V.furnissii chromosome enzyme digestion
self-ligation template Inverse
PCR . primer pVFNM72 *pmm*
5' 3' 20 mer InbioNet

.(Fig. 5).

BamHI digestion self- ligation template
1.5kb PCR product sequencing
pmm 5' .
pVFNH72 insert *pmm*
ORF . 1434bp 477

.(Data not shown)

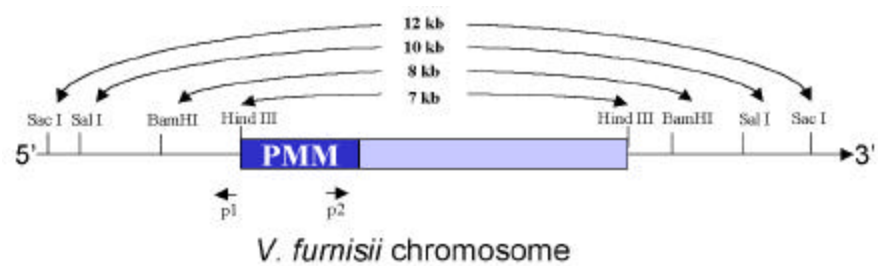
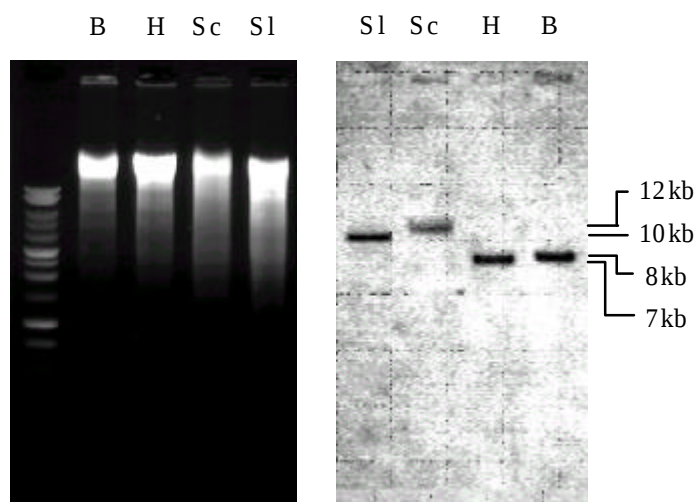


Figure 4. Southern hybridization and Mapping of *Vibrio furnissii* *pmm*

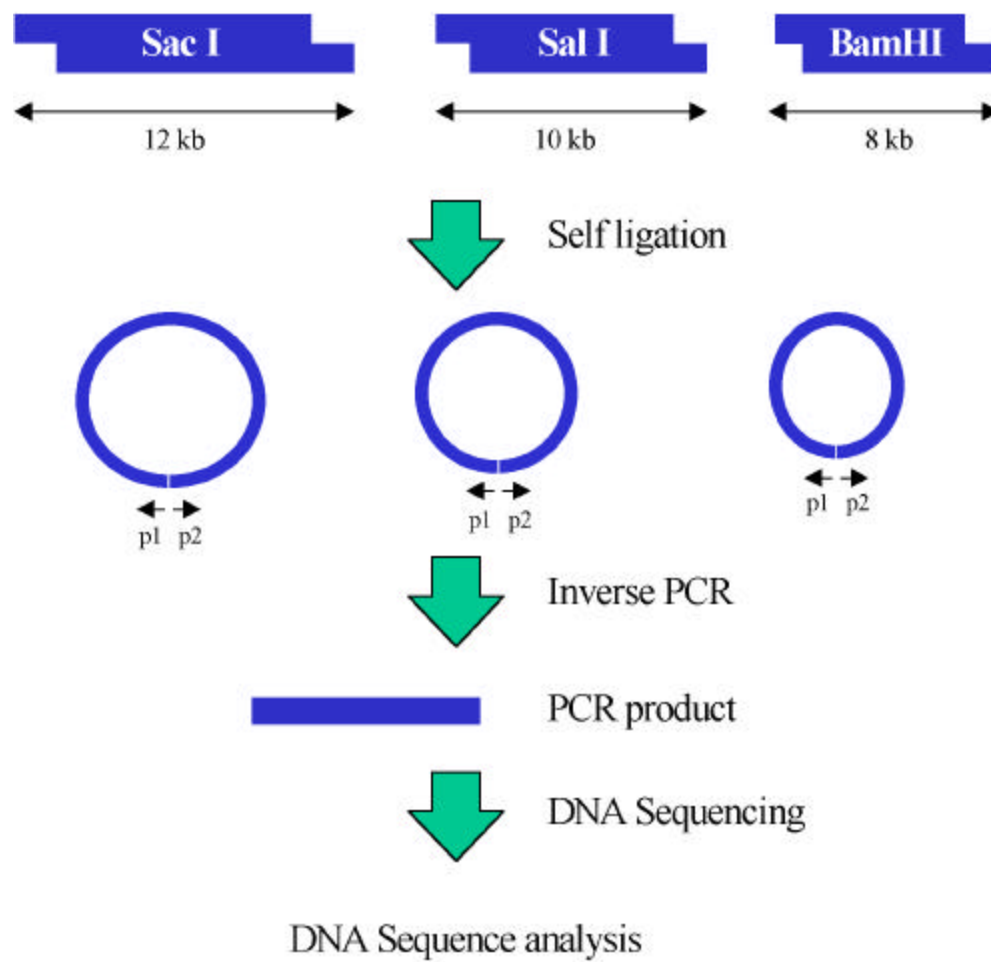


Figure 5. Procedure of Inverse PCR

38°C 8- 10 incubation .

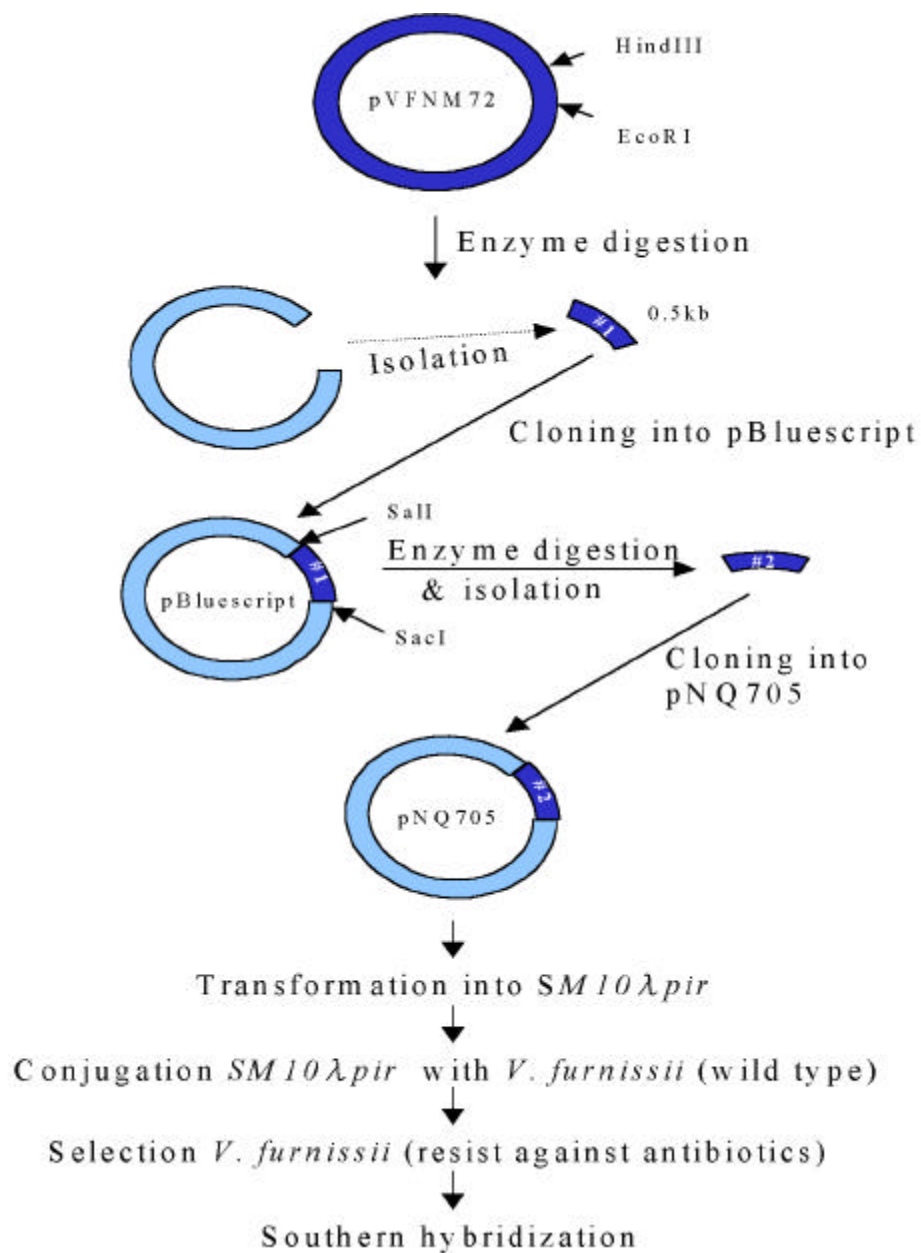


Figure 6. Preparation of recombinant suicide vector for knock out mutation

(4) *V.furnissii* mutant selection

Chloramphenicol(Cm)

Blood agar plate(60 μ gCm/plate) striking .

plate 38 $^{\circ}$ C incubator overnight culture hemolytic

activity(Halo) colony .

phospholipase, gelatin activity

wild- type *V.furnissii* Cm 가

.

(5) Southern hybridization mutation

colony가 *pmm* mutant

southern blot hybridization .

① Southern blot hybridization I

V.furnissii wild- type Mutant chromosome HindIII

digestion southern blotting .

probe *pmm* knock out 0.5kb pVFNM72 digestion

Gel isolation .(Fig.7)

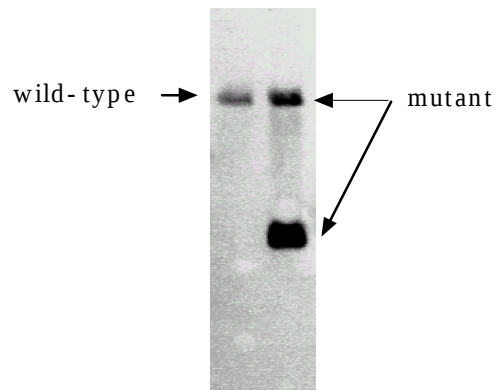


Figure 7. Southern hybridization of wild-type and mutant to be used *pmm* knock out gene as probe

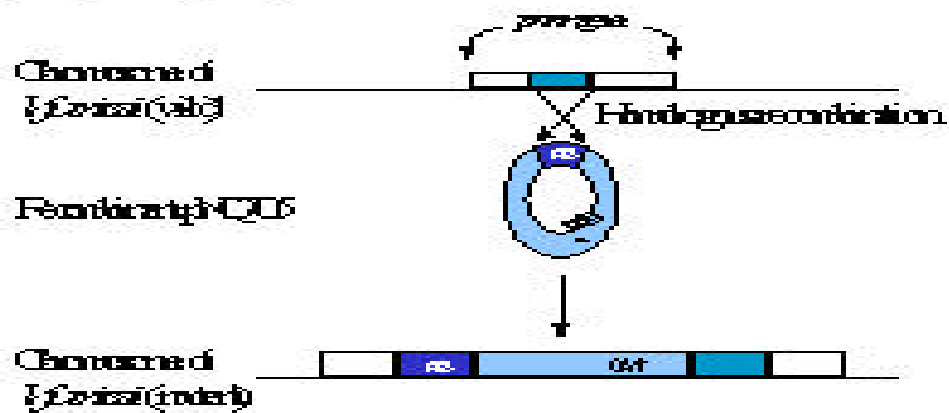
② Southern blot hybridization II

Knock out *pmm* pVFNM72 Gel isolation
 probe southern blotting .
 pVFNM72 HpaI digestion 2.5kb fragment Gel isolation
 . probe *V.furnissii* wild-type Mutant
 HindIII digestion southern
 blotting . 가 signal
 (data not shown). Fig. 8 .

5. *V.furnissii* wild-type mutant LPS
 silver staining

V.furnissii wild-type mutant LPS
 SDS-PAGE silver staining (Fig. 9).
 wild-type LPS mutant
 . *pmm* knock out
 PMM mutant LPS가

Knockout mutant



Southern Hybridization

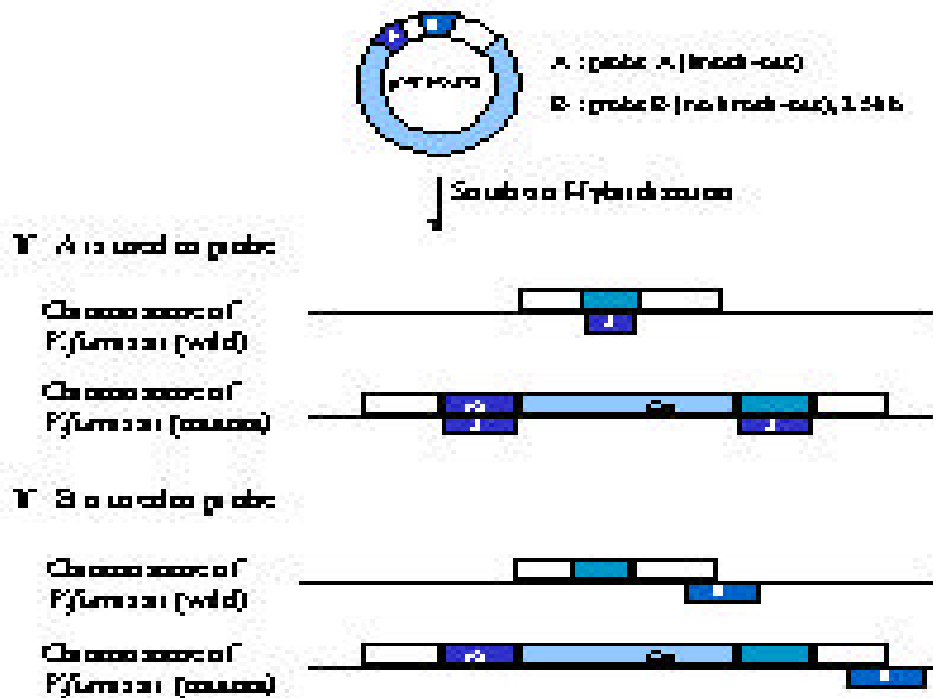


Figure 8. Certification of knock out mutant by southern hybridization

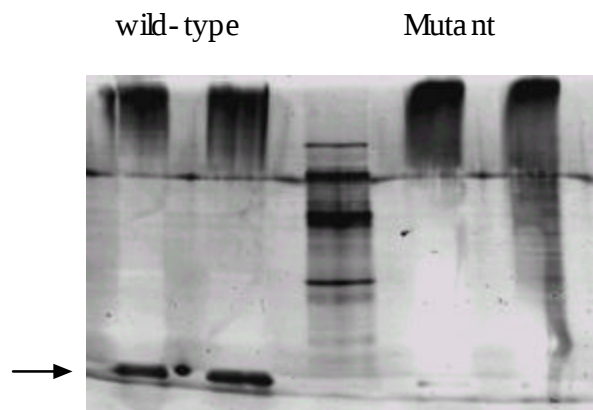


Figure 9. SDS-PAGE and Silver staining of LPS to be isolated from wild-type and mutant

IV.

V.furnissii *V.fluvialis*

Vibrio sp.

가 가 pathogene

. PMM gene 가 가

Vibrio sp. 가 .

V.furnissii PMM gene cloning pmm

knock out mutation LPS

PMM . *V.furnissii* PMM

Gene LPS

LPS Mutant

가 . PMM LPS

가 .

V.

Vibrio furnissii

phosphomannomutase (PMM) gene

Inverse PCR

CRF

.

Suicide vector PMM

Cloning

V.furnissii

(homologous recombina-

tion)

Knock out mutant

.

가 Lipopolysaccharide (LPS)

SDS-PAGE

Silver staining

.

PMM LPS

knock out mutation

,

LPS

wild-type

.

VI.

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VII.

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