

水産學碩士 學位論文

가

2002 年 2 月

釜慶大學校 大學院

水産物理學科

金 成 勳

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指導教授 李 珠 熙

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2001 年 12 月

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Abstract	5
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Mesh Selectivity in Trammel Net for Flat fish

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Abstract

The field experiments were carried out to examine for the mesh selectivity in trammel net and optimum mesh size, during Aug. 10-13, Nov. 9-13. 2000 in Jumunjin, Kangwon-Do and during Jun. 1-27. 2001 in Suyong-Bay, Busan.

The experiments in Jumunjin area were conducted by using trammel nets with seven different mesh sizes (60, 75, 90, 105, 135, 150, 180 mm) and those in Suyong-Bay were done by using trammel nets and gill nets with three different mesh sizes (60, 75, 90 mm) in order to compare two types of nets of same structure.

The mesh selectivity analysis was done mainly with flat fish(*Eopsetta grigorjewi*) that was occupied 60% out of total catches. And the mesh selectivity was written by extension of Kitahara's method included master curve with function type.

The results obtained are summarized as follows :

1. Total number of catch by, trammel net was 2,331 and that of gill net was 1,433, and flat fishes occupied 59.8 60% in total catches.
2. The value of optimum l/m by, trammel net was higher about 0.1 than that of gill net according as trammel net was 2.56, and gill net was 2.47.
3. The 50% selection range by, trammel net was wider about 1.5 time than that of gill net according as trammel net was 1.88 3.36(1.48) and gill net was 2.00 3.02(1.02).
4. The optimum mesh size(OMS) was estimated that trammel net was about 141 mm and gill net was about 132 mm on first maturity length(FML) 265 mm of flat fish.
5. On the optimum mesh size based on the first maturity length of flat fish, The 50% selection range by, trammel net was wider about 76 mm than that of gill net according as trammel net was 265 mm 474 mm and gill net was 265 mm 398 mm .

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30%

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50% ,

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 ,
 가 , (2000), Fujimori *et. al* (1996), Tatsuro(1991), 小池・竹内(1985)
 Losanes *et. al*(1990), 小池・松岡(1988)
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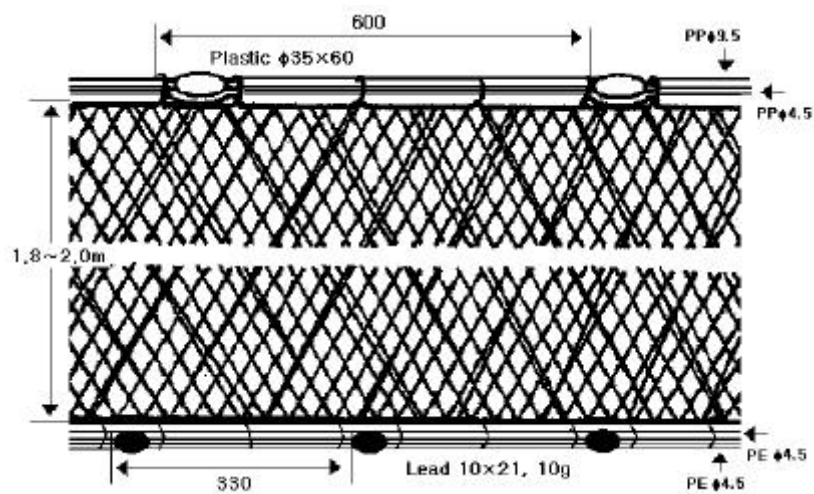
, Fig. 1 .

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, Table 1 .



PP $\phi 9.5$ 50.00

4.5 or 5.5 mesh	Knot NY210Td/15 450mm
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65 100 mesh	Knot NY mono No. 2 75mm
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4.5 or 5.5 mesh	Knot NY210Td/15 450mm
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PE $\phi 4.5$ 65.00

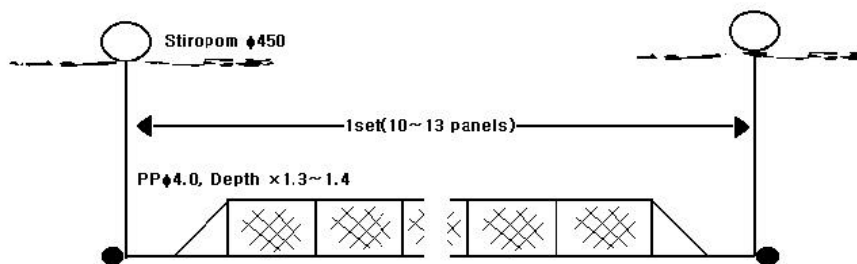


Fig. 1. Construction of the trammel net for flat fish.

Table 1. Composition and Material of experiment fishing gear

Item		Trammel net	Gill net
Out net	Mesh size(<i>mm</i>)	450	Nothing
	Materials	Knot NY210Td/ 15 Multifilament	Nothing
	Number of vertical mesh(<i>mesh</i>)	100	Nothing
Inner net	Mesh size(<i>mm</i>)	60, 75, 90, 105, 135, 150, 180	60, 75, 90
	Materials	Knot NY No. 2 Monofilament	Knot NY No. 2 Monofilament
	Number of vertical mesh(<i>mesh</i>)	100	100
Float line (<i>m</i>)		82	82
Sink line (<i>m</i>)		95	95
Used mesh	Kangwon-Do	60, 75, 90, 105, 135, 150, 180 <i>mm</i>	No used
	Busan	60, 75, 90 <i>mm</i>	60, 75, 90 <i>mm</i>

2.

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Table 2

Table 2. The methods of filed experiments in Kangwon-Do and Busan

Experiments Area	Area of Jumunjin in Kangwon-Do	Area of Suyong-Bay in Busan
Used fishing gear	Trammel net (60, 75, 90, 105, 135, 150, 180mm)	Trammel net & Gill net (60, 75, 90mm)
Depth	60 75m	27 40m
A period of experiments	Aug. 10 13 2000 Nov. 9 13 2000	Jun. 1 27 2001
Times of experiments	18	21
Hauling & Shooting time	Hauling AM 4:30 Shooting AM 6:30	Hauling AM 4:00 Shooting AM 6:30
Fishing device	GPS, Haul Wheel, Side roller	Nothing

1.8 2

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Fig. 2 (b)

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Fig. 3 .

(a)

T _A	T _B	T _C	T _D	T _E	T _F	T _G	T _A	T _B	T _C	T _D	T _E	T _F	T _G
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(b)

G _C	T _A	G _C	T _B	G _A	T _C	G _B	T _A	G _B	T _B	G _C	T _C	G _A	G _C
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Fig. 2. Arrangement of experiments fishing gear.

(a) Used in Kangwon-Do Jumunjin.

(b) Used in Busan Suyoung-Bay.

: T is the Trammel net, G is the Gill net.

Alphabets are the mesh size of inner net 60, 75, 90, 105, 135, 150 and 180 mm , respectively.

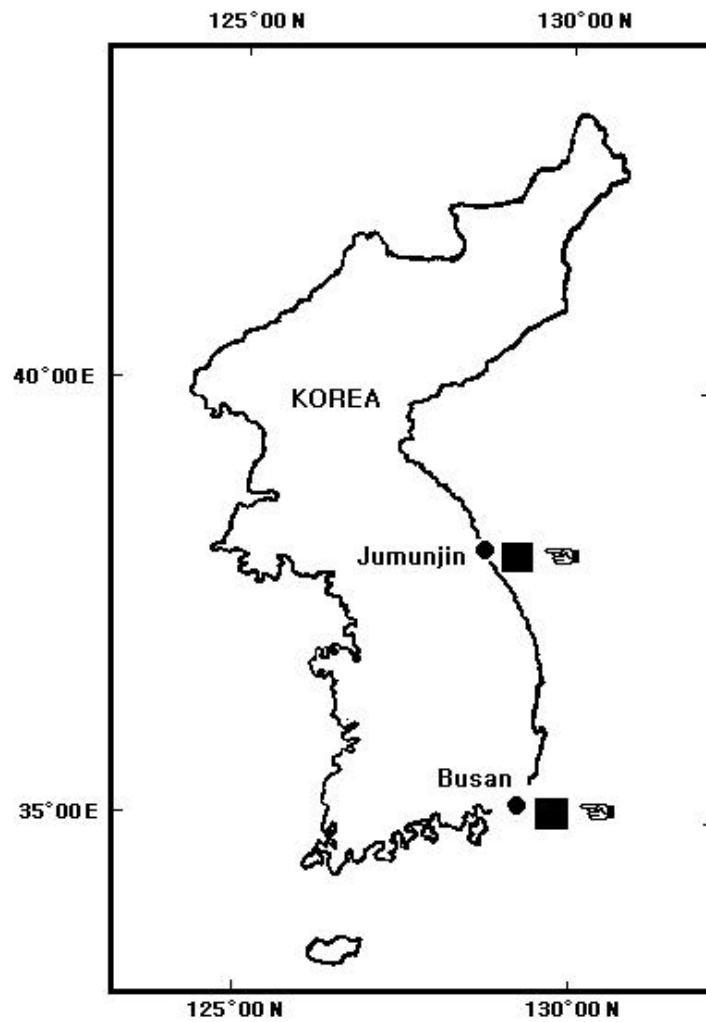


Fig. 3. Map showing the locations of fishing experiments.

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· , 가 ,
· , 가 (Total Length)
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4.

· 6 7 40mm
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(FML : First Maturity Length) 50%
가 (OMS : Optimum Mesh Size) ,
50% ·

5.

Kitahara(1968)

Ishida(1962) , (1)

l/m

Master curve (2) .

$$s(m, l) = s[k(m - m_0), k(l - l_0)] = s[(l - l_0) / (m - m_0)] \quad (1)$$

(k, m_0, l_0)

$s :$, $m :$, $l :$, $k :$,

. C_{ij}

.

$$C_{ij} = s(l_j / m_i) \cdot q \cdot d_j \dots\dots\dots (2)$$

$s(l_j / m_i) : j$ l_j i

, $q :$, $d_j :$ l_j .

q ,

,

($q=1$) 가 .

(2) (3) .

$$\ln s(l_j / m_i) = \ln C_{ij} - \ln (q \cdot d_j) \dots\dots\dots (3)$$

$$(3) \quad \ln (q \cdot d_j)$$

. Ishida(1962)

Master curve

.

Kitahara(1968)

가 .

Fujimori *et. al* (1996)

Kitahara(1968)

(Master curve)

(4)

.

$$\ln s(R) = a_n R^n + a_{n-1} R^{n-1} + a_{n-2} R^{n-2} + \dots + a_0 \dots\dots\dots (4)$$

$$(5) \quad .$$

$$s(R) = \exp (a_n R^n + a_{n-1} R^{n-1} + a_{n-2} R^{n-2} + \dots + a_0 - F_{\max}) \dots (5)$$

$$R : l/m \quad , \quad a_n , a_{n-1} , a_{n-2} , a_0 : \quad ,$$

$$F_{\max} : (4) \quad , \quad .$$

.

가 가

$$(3) \quad \ln (q \cdot d_j) \quad .$$

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1.

1)

30 , 2,331 ,
17 , 1,433 가
가 60mm 180mm
가
, 가
Table 3 .
60mm, 75mm, 90mm
가 , 가 , 60mm, 75mm, 90mm
가
가 60.1%
, 가 90% 가 (*Eopsetta*
grigorjewi) ,

Fig. 4 Table 4 .

Table. 3 Catch ratio in accordance with species of fish caught in trammel net

Fish species	Number of catch			Total number of catch	Percent(%)
	60mm	75mm	90mm		
flat fish	477	462	460	1,399	60.1
false	53	59	93	205	8.8
ocean perch	88	8	4	100	4.3
sole	43	29	26	98	4.2
indian flathead	47	23	16	86	3.7
cod	36	27	8	71	3.0
tongue fish	35	28	4	67	2.9
mackerel	23	7	18	48	2.1
horse king fish	38	0	0	38	1.6
sculpin	19	8	3	30	1.3
bastard	9	8	12	29	1.2
searobin guarnard	8	4	7	19	0.8
tiger shark	12	2	2	16	0.7
rock fish	10	4	0	14	0.6
atka-fish	10	0	0	10	0.4
rock trout	8	0	2	10	0.4
yellow drum	7	1	2	10	0.4
other	34	27	20	81	3.5
Total number of catch	957	697	677	2,331	100

60mm, 75mm, 90mm : Mesh size of inner net, respectively

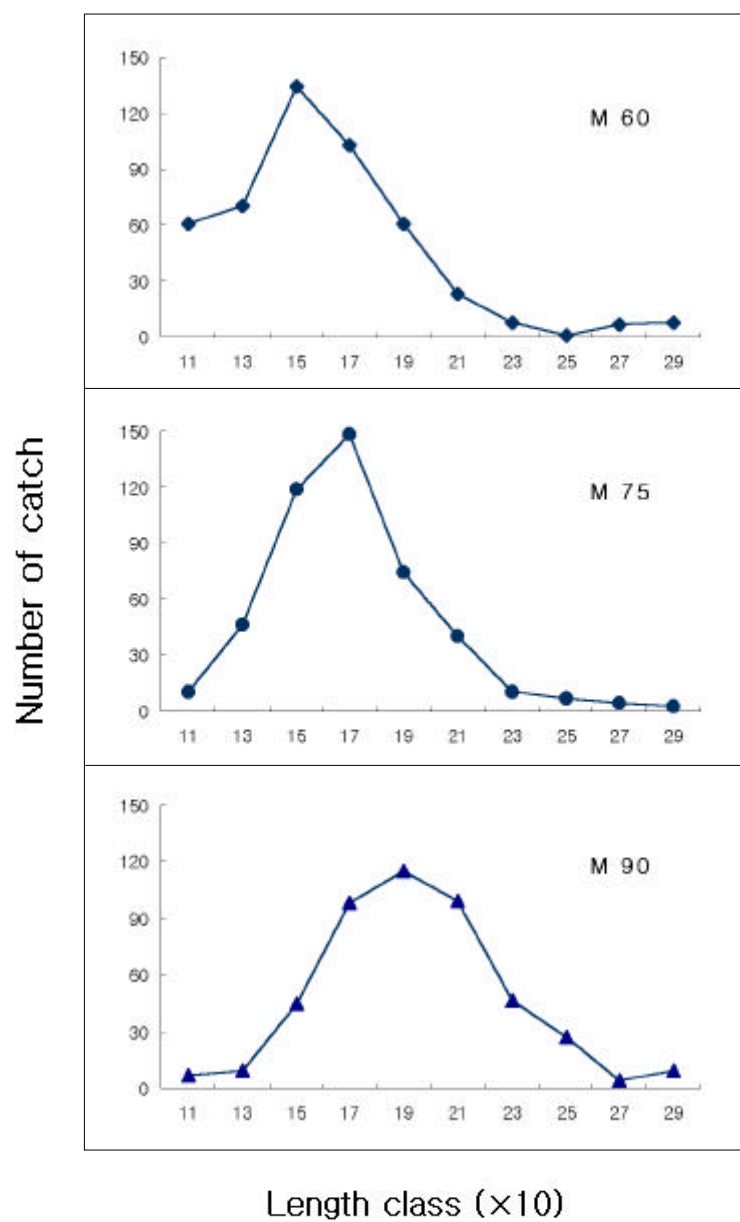


Fig. 4. Length distribution of flat fish caught by three different mesh sizes of trammel net.
 * M60, M75, M90 : Mesh size of inner net 60, 75, 90mm, respectively.

Table 4. The number of flat fish caught by three different mesh sizes of trammel net

Rank (TL, <i>mm</i>)	Mid size (TL, <i>mm</i>)	Number of catch			
		60 <i>mm</i>	75 <i>mm</i>	90 <i>mm</i>	Total
110	100	61	10	7	78
130	120	70	46	9	125
150	140	135	119	45	299
170	160	103	148	98	349
190	180	61	75	115	251
210	200	23	40	99	162
230	220	8	10	47	65
250	240	1	7	27	35
270	260	7	4	4	15
290	280	6	3	9	20
≤	Total	477	462	460	1,399

TL : Total Length

60*mm*, 75*mm*, 90*mm* : Mesh size of inner net, respectively

Table 4 가

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10mm .

가 가

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150mm 170mm . 105mm, 135mm, 150mm,

180mm Table 4 .

2)

(5) Master curve

Table 4

(6)

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$$s(R) = \exp \{ (0.316R^3 - 3.744R^2 + 12.946R - 9.522) - 4.387 \} \cdot \cdot (6)$$

Fig. 5 , (6)

Master curve Fig. 6 . 1 /

(l/ m) 2.56, 50% 1.88 3.36 1.48 .

3)

가 Fig. 5 Fig. 6 50%

1.88 , 265mm(, 2000)

141mm .

75mm 90mm .

141mm 50% 265

mm 474mm .

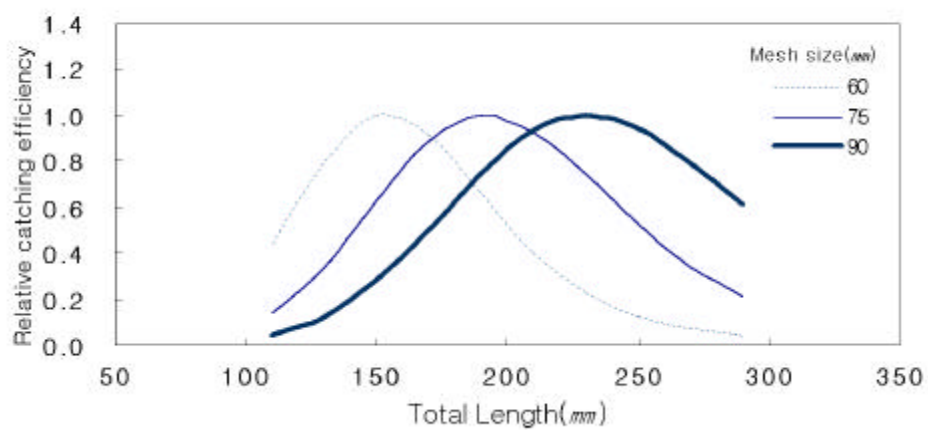


Fig. 5. Mesh selectivity of three different mesh sizes of trammel net.

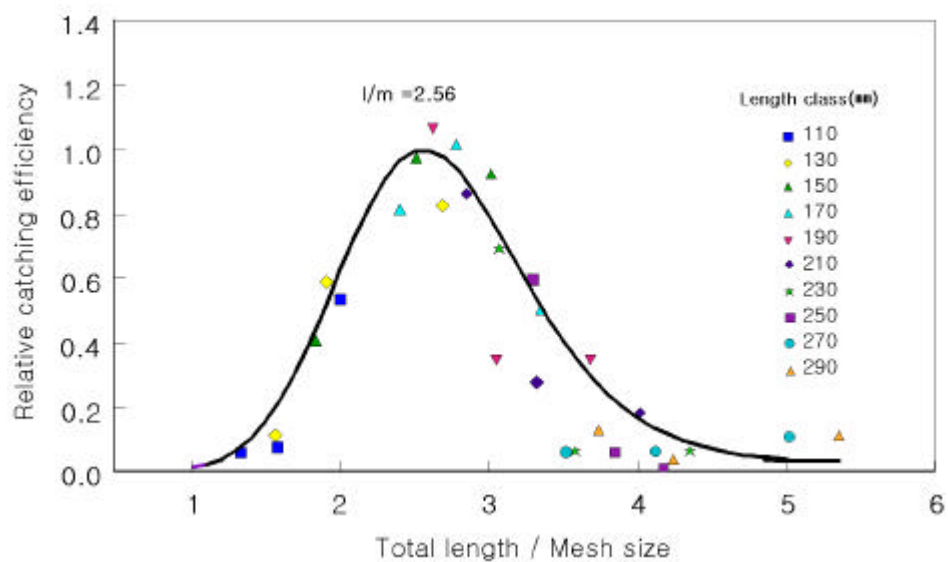


Fig. 6. Master curve of mesh selectivity of the trammel net for flat fish, by Kitahara's method.

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1)

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1,433

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Table 5

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59.8%

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90%

가

. 가

Fig. 7

Table 6

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Table 5. The number of flat fish caught by three different mesh sizes of gill net

Fish species	Number of catch			Total number of catch	Percent(%)
	60mm	75mm	90mm		
flat fish	256	333	268	857	59.8
yellow drum	57	9	36	102	7.1
tongue fish	38	33	29	100	7.0
mackerel	24	20	37	81	5.7
false	19	36	24	79	5.5
ocean perch	30	9	12	51	3.6
indian flathead	26	7	9	42	2.9
sole	4	13	19	36	2.5
searobin gurnard	4	3	5	12	0.8
rock troud	4	3	2	9	0.6
japanese anchovy	3	1	5	9	0.6
sea raven	5	2	2	9	0.6
horse king fish	8	0	0	8	0.6
crocker	4	0	0	4	0.3
other	16	12	6	34	2.4
Total	498	481	454	1,433	100

60mm, 75mm, 90mm : Mesh size of inner net, respectively

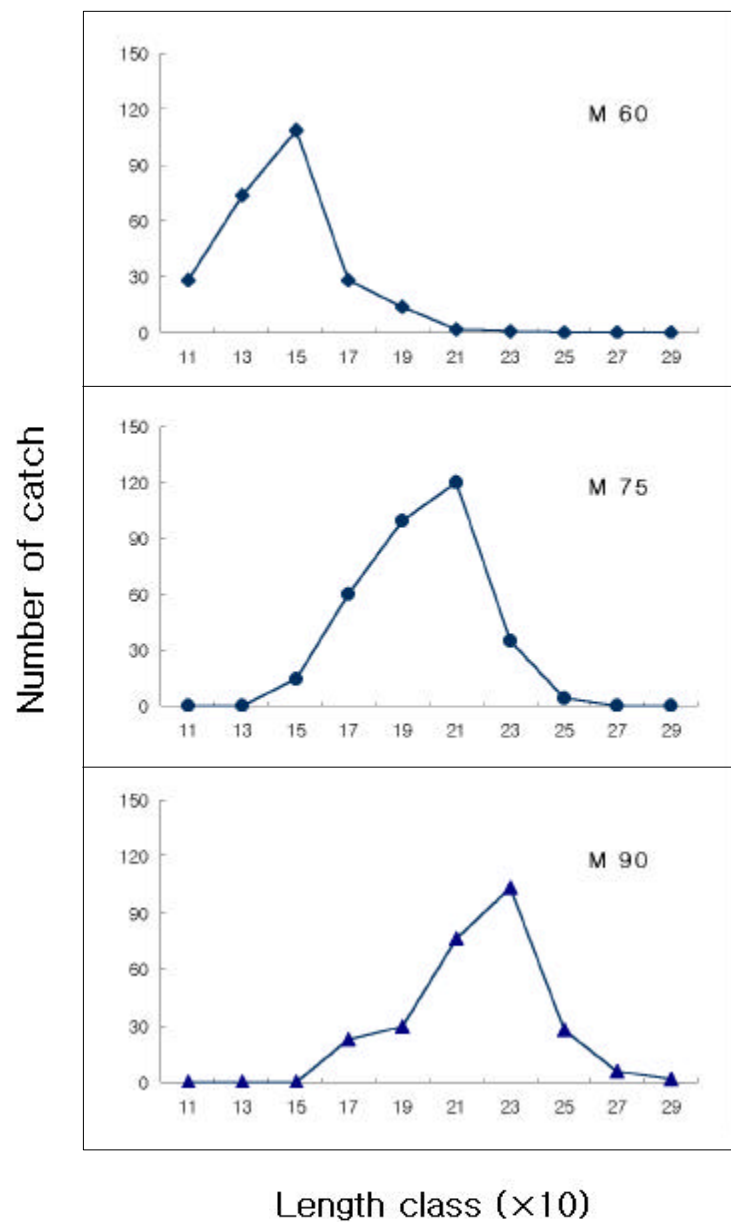


Fig. 7. Length distribution of flat fish caught by three different mesh sizes of trammel net.

* M60, M75, M90 : Mesh size of inner net

Table 6. The number of flat fish caught by three different mesh sizes of gill net

Rank (TL, <i>mm</i>)	Mid size (TL, <i>mm</i>)	Number of catch			
		<i>60mm</i>	<i>75mm</i>	<i>90mm</i>	Total
110	100	28	0	0	28
130	120	74	0	0	74
150	140	109	15	0	124
170	160	28	60	23	111
190	180	14	99	30	143
210	200	2	120	76	198
230	220	1	35	103	139
250	240	0	4	28	32
270	260	0	0	6	6
290	280	0	0	2	2
≤	Total	256	333	268	857

TL : Total Length

60mm, *75mm*, *90mm* : Mesh size of inner net, respectively

2)

(5) Master curve

Table 6

(7)

.

$$s(R) = \exp \{ (0.897R^3 - 9.356R^2 + 29.798R - 27.013) + 3.022 \} \cdot \cdot (7)$$

Fig. 8 , (7)

Master curve Fig. 9 . 1 /

(l/ m) 2.47, 50% 2.00 3.02 1.02 .

3)

가 Fig. 8 Fig. 9 50%

2.00 , 265mm(, 2000)

132mm . 가

75mm 90mm

.

132mm

50%

265

mm 398mm .

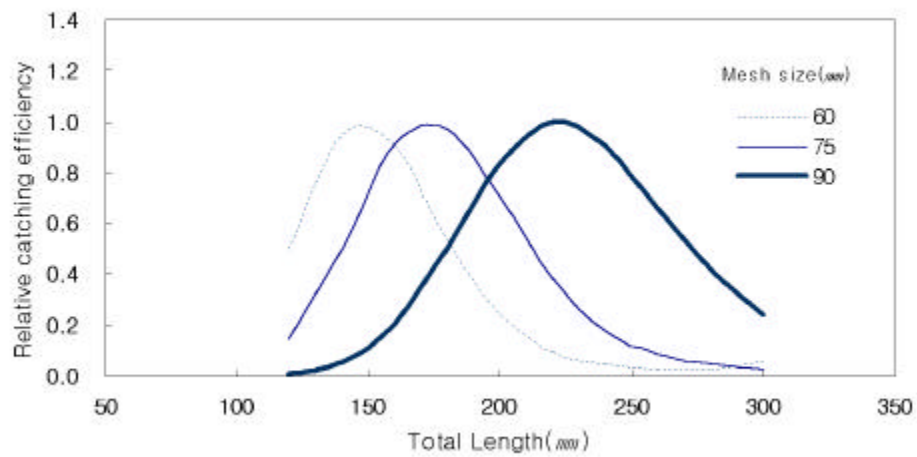


Fig. 8. Mesh selectivity for three different mesh sizes of trammel net.

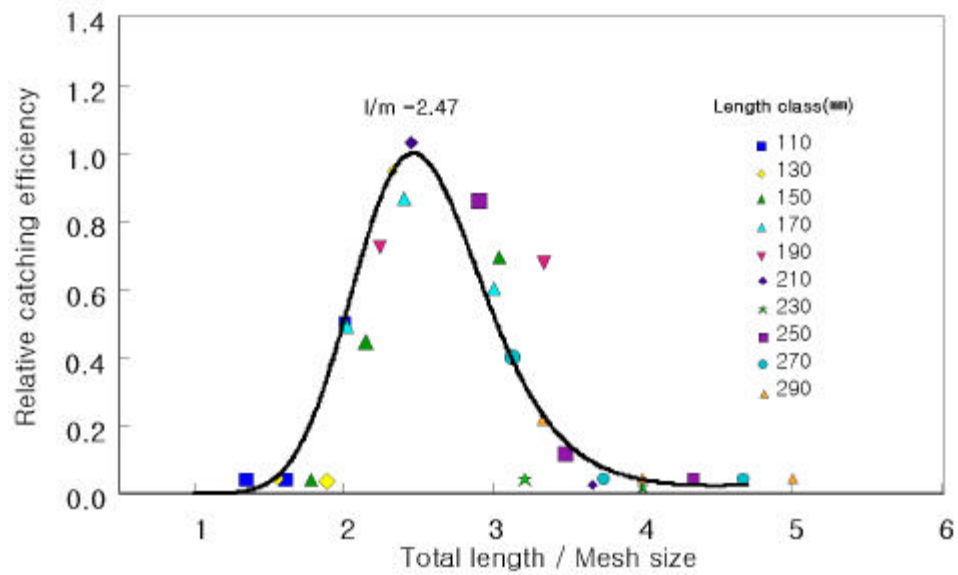


Fig. 9. Master curve of mesh selectivity of the gill net for flat fish, by Kitahara's method.

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Fig. 10

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/ (l/m)

0.1

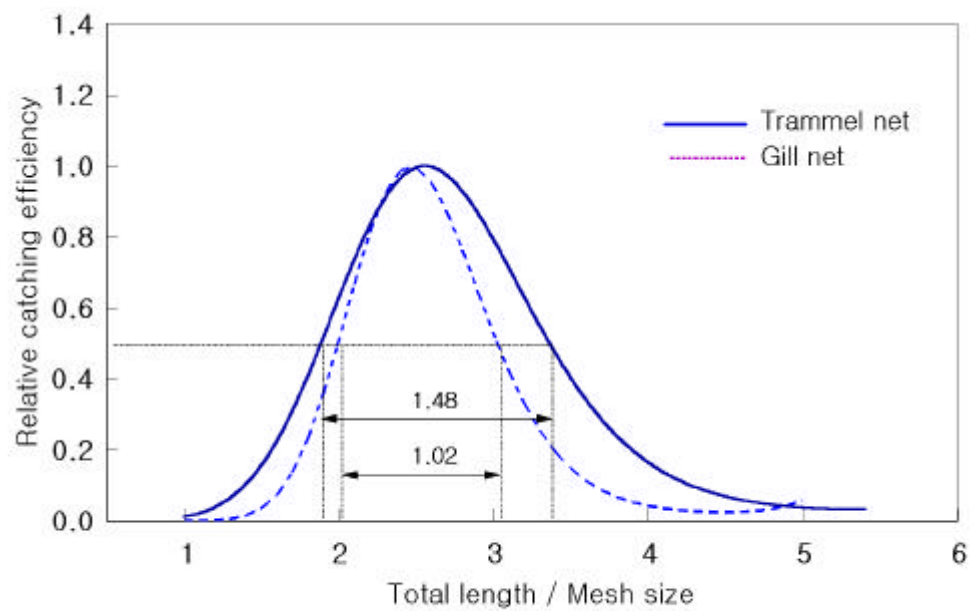


Fig. 10. Comparison Master curve of mesh selectivity of the trammel net and the gill net for flat fish, by Kitahara's method.

, 50% 1.48, 1.02
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 50% 가
 141mm , 132mm ,
 50% 가 265mm 474
 mm , 265mm 398mm .
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- 2000 8 10 13 , 11 9 13 (18),
2001 6 1 27 (21),
 , 60, 75, 90 105, 135, 150, 180mm 7가
 , 60, 75, 90mm
 .
 60% 가
(*Eopsetta grigorjewi*) , Master curve
 Kitahara(1968) .
 .
1. 2,331 , 1,433 , 가
 가 59.8% 60% .
2. l/m 2.56 , 2.47
 0.1 .
3. 50% 1.88 3.36 (1.48) ,
 2.00 3.02 (1.02) 1.5 .
4. 가 265mm
 141mm, 132mm 10mm .
5. 50% 265mm
 474mm, 265mm 398mm 가 76mm
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