

H - 3 C - 14

2002 8

H - 3 C - 14

2002 6 11

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.	.	1
.	^3H ^{14}C	3
1.	^3H	3
1.1.	^3H	3
1.2.		5
2.	(^{14}C)	6
2.1.	^{14}C	7
2.2.	^{14}C	8
3.	^{14}C	10
.	.	12
1.	.	12
2.	α -cellulose	14
3.	^3H ^{14}C	16
3.1.	^3H	16
3.2.	^{14}C	17
4.	^3H ^{14}C	20
4.1.	.	20
4.2.	^3H	23
4.3.	^{14}C	23
5.	.	23
5.1.	$k\sigma$	23
5.2.	.	25
.	.	28
1.	^3H	28
2.	^3H ^3H	29
3.	^{14}C	33
4.	^3H ^{14}C	34
.	.	36
.	.	38
.	.	39

•

(^3H) - ^{14}C)

가 . 1960

^3H ^{14}C

•

가 ^3H

가 , 1999

^{14}C 가

1998 ^{14}C

가 가 ^3H ^{14}C

가 .

, 가

가 ¹⁾.

(earlywood)

(latewood)

가 5 가 (tracheid)

(vessel)

가

2 3 ²⁾.

(metabolism)

가

•

^3H ^{14}C

(monitoring)

CANDU (Canadian Deuterium-Uranium
Pressurized Heavy Water Reactor)

(Organically Bound Tritium, OBT) ^{14}C

가 가



1. ^3H

1.1. ^3H

(tritium, ^3H , T) (H)

β . β β

(excited energy level)

.

(ground energy level) β

β . β

β 1

. β 5.7 keV β

18.6 keV 12.35 . β

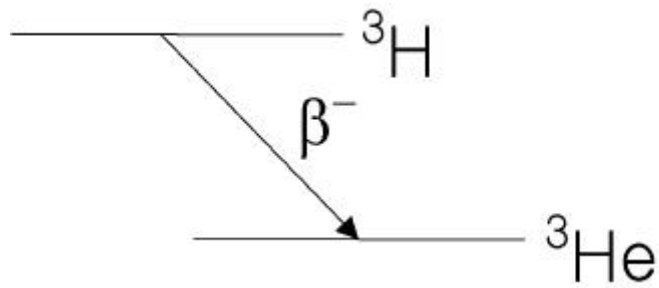
가 (maximum track

length) 5 mm 6.0 μm .

Ci, dpm, TU(Tritium Unit), Bq

, 1 TU 10^{10} H 1 ^3H 가

³⁾.



1.

HT ($^1\text{H}^3\text{H}$), T_2 ($^3\text{H}^3\text{H}$) HTO, T_2O ,
 (methane) CH_3T , $\text{C}_2\text{H}_2\text{T}_2$, CHT_3 , CT_4 .
 HTO

(Tissue Free Water Tritium, TFWT)

(Organically Bound Tritium, OBT) . TFWT HTO
 (H_2O)

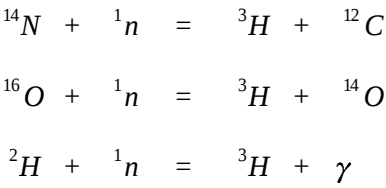
OBT .

(HTO) 가

1.2.

, ,
.

.



.

, .

가

1952

가 .

ternary fission

MW 1

(HWR)

(²H₂O) 1

5

.

1 .

	³ H- (Ci/MW/y)
BWR (Boiling-Water Reactor)	20
PWR (Pressurized-Water Reactor)	19
HWR (Heavy-Water Reactor)	172
MAGNOX (MAGNOX Reactor)	26
AGR (Advanced Gas-cooled Reactor)	18
HTR (High-Temperature Reactor)	15
FBR (sodium-cooled Fast Breeder Reactor)	32

2. (¹⁴C)

가 6 C 가 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15 6
가 . ¹²C ¹³C
98.892 %, 1.108 % . ¹⁰C, ¹¹C, ¹⁵C 가
19.1 s, 20.42 m, 2.4 s ⁴).

¹⁴C 1930 가
, 1936 1938 M. D. Kamen ¹⁴N(n,p)¹⁴C
¹⁴C ⁵⁾⁻⁸⁾. ¹⁴C ¹⁴N
가 0.156 MeV (0.045 MeV) β ,
5730 ⁹).

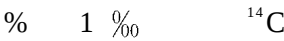
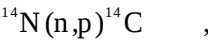
2.1. ^{14}C



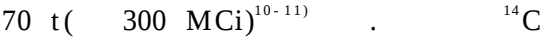
.



. ^{14}C 가 120 - 75 mbar 가 .



. 2.2 neutrons/cm



.

2.2.

^{14}C 가 . 1950 - 1960

^{14}C .

^{14}C 가 가

(Atom Bomb Effect)¹²⁾ .

가 ^{14}C . ^{14}C

가 가 30 가

.

가 가 50

%

. CANDU (Canadian Deuterium-Uranium Pressurized Heavy Water Reactor)

1970 . 1

,

^{17}O ^{14}C

.

2 CANDU-600 ^{14}C ,

.

2. ^{14}C

reactor	^{14}C production rates (Ci/GW · yr)			
	coolant	other systems		fuel
CANDU6 (600 MWe)	10	moderator D ₂ O CO ₂ annulus system	730 -	26
CANDU (750 MWe)	13	moderator D ₂ O - with CO ₂ annulus system - with N ₂ annulus system	547 0.7 650	17
BWR	4.7	cladding & structural materials	43.3-60.4	17.6
LWR	5.0	cladding & structural materials	30.5-41.6	18.8
LMFBR	0	cladding & structural materials	12.8	6.3
HTGR	0	cladding & structural materials	< 190	12

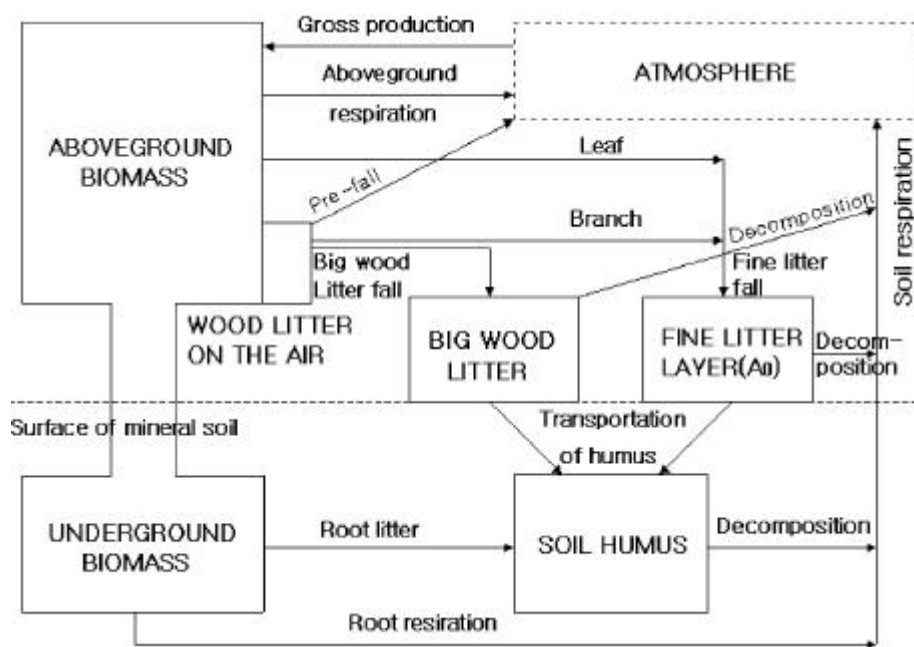
3. CANDU-600 (600 MW)

^{14}C ,

	(%)	(%)	(%)
1	0.13	0.13	0.00
	95.20	3.77	91.43
	1.30	0.00	1.30
	3.37	0.00	0.00

3. ^{14}C

^{14}C ^{14}C
 . ^{14}C
 $^{12}\text{CO}_2$ $^{14}\text{CO}_2$. $^{14}\text{CO}_2$
 $^{14}\text{CO}_2$
 CO_2
 .
 CO_2
 .
 ^{14}C
 1 - 2
 CO_2
 $^{13})$.
 10 - 20 $^{14})$. 2 ^{14}C
 $^{15})$.
 CO_2
 CO_2 ^{14}C . ,
 ^{14}C
 , $^{14}\text{CO}_2$
 .
 CO_3^- , HCO_3^- .
 CO_2 가
 ^{14}C 가 . ,



2.

1.

1 (SW) 850 m (129° 28 ' 10 '' , 35° 42 ' 20 '') 1 m 3

1 cm

1



1.



2.



3.



4.

2. α -cellulose

(sodium chlorite,

NaClO_2) 60 $^{\circ}\text{C}$ 가

21

300 g . 0.5 mm

2 L

2 L

120

g (acetic acid) 5 ml 가

6

4

(lignin)

. 17.5 %

(NaOH)

1

cellulose

pH가

cellulose

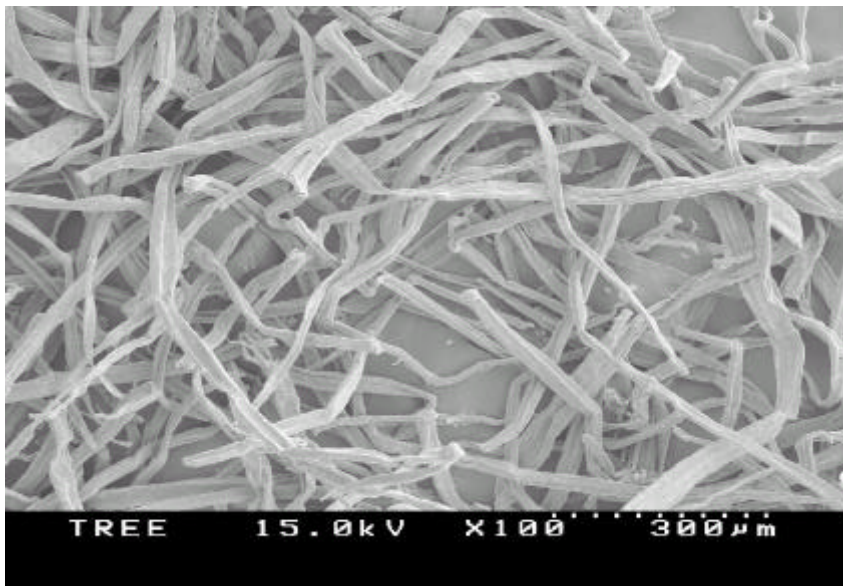
¹⁶⁾.

cellulose

19

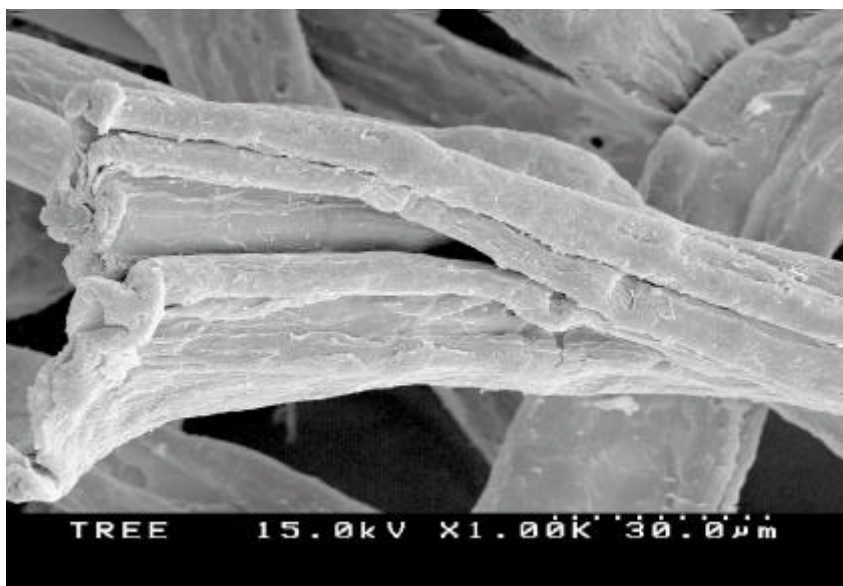
26 %

.



5. α-cellulose

(100)



6. α -cellulose (1000 $\times$)

3. ^3H ^{14}C

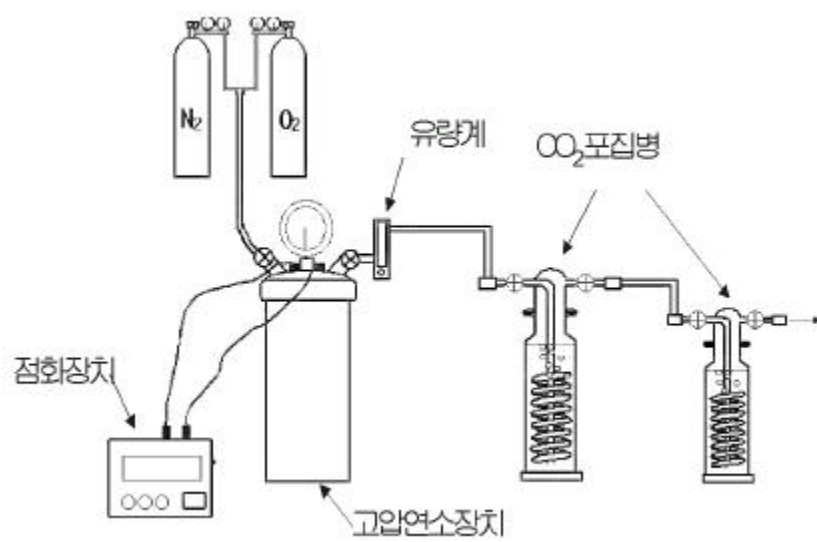
3.1. ^3H

OBT
 α -cellulose (FD5508,)
 7 (Parr 1121, Parr
 Instrument Co.) 300 psi OBT
 α -cellulose
 0.36 0.44 L/kg-dry .

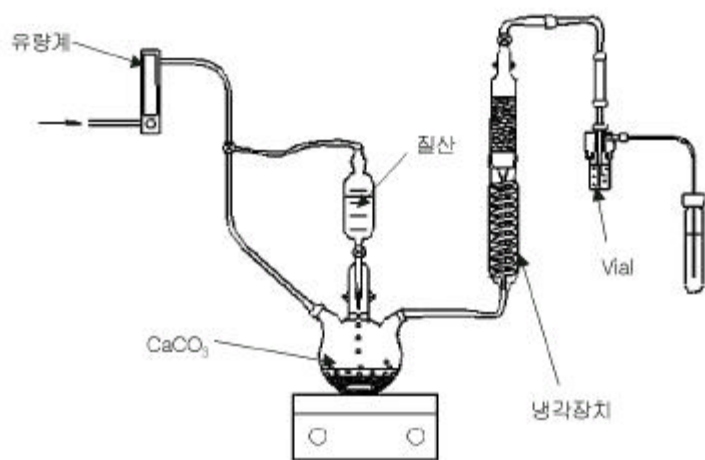
KMnO_4 Na_2O_2 가
 3 cc 20 cc
 (teflon-coated plastic vial) 17 cc (HiSafe 3,
 PerkinElmer, Inc.) .

3.2. ^{14}C

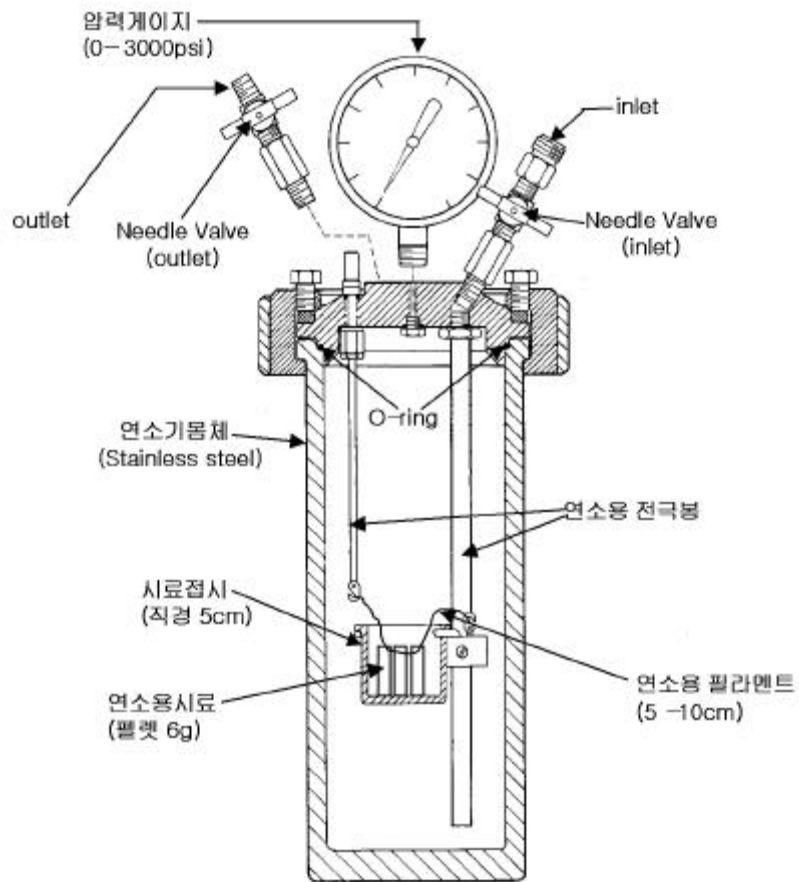
^{14}C CO_2 1 , CO_2 2
 . CO_2 1 (Parr, Model 1121),
 , CO_2 1 2 3
 . 가 5.5 L 3000 psi
 . 가 99.9 %
 CO_2 가 1 : 1
 NH_4OH .
 10 % ,
 10 mm (pellet)
 . 5 . CO_2 2
 4 , ,
 , hot plate CO_2
 CO_2 (+) .



7. CO₂ 1



8. CO₂ 2



9.

4. ^3H ^{14}C

4.1.

(organic scintillator) (scintillation
mechanism) (transition)

. (molecular species)

,

10 .

가 (ground electronic state)

(excited electronic state) (excited)

10 (internal conversion),

(fluorescence), (intersystem crossing),

(phosphorescence) .

가

가 . T_1

가 T_1 (Triplet State)가 S_1

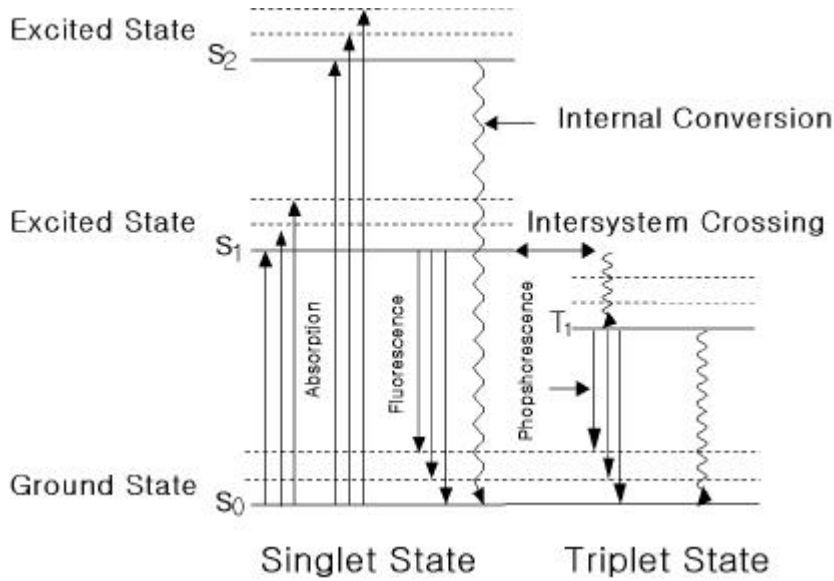
(Singlet State) 가

.

(prompt fluorescence) ¹⁷⁾ .

PerkinElmer

HiSafe 3 .

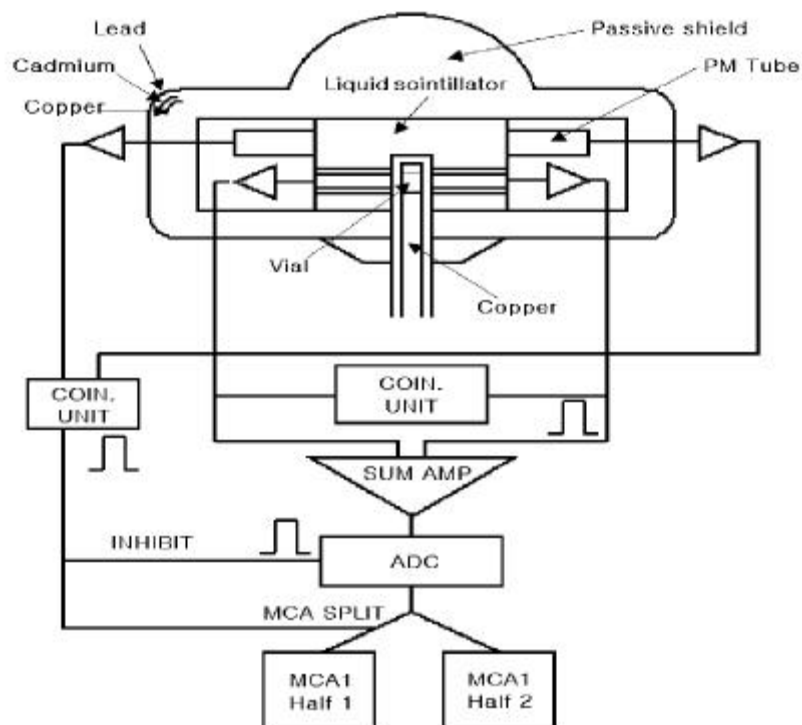


10.

^3H ^{14}C 0.5 cpm
 가 (ultra low level liquid
 scintillation counter) Quantulus 1220 (PerkinElmer, Inc.)
 , 11 .

(passive shield) (mineral
 oil)
 (active shield)
 가
 가 20 cm 가 630 kg
 , (beta detector)

가 (guard detector)
가
ADC(Analogue to Digital Converter) inhibit
(background)



11.

4.2. ^3H

(chemiluminescence)

(similar counting)

(Quantulus 1220, PerkinElmer, Inc.) 24

(background) (standard) 30 ,

60 , 10 10 300 , 600 , 100 .

1

,

4.3. ^{14}C

30 , 60 20

2.25σ .

5.

5.1. $k\sigma$

$N_1, N_2, N_3, \dots, N_i$ 가 $k\sigma$ 가
 k .

$$k = \frac{x - \mu}{\sigma} \quad (1)$$

x , μ , σ
 i $\bar{n}$ σ

$$\sigma = \sqrt{\frac{(\bar{n} - N_1)^2 + (\bar{n} - N_2)^2 + \dots + (\bar{n} - N_i)^2}{i}} \quad (2)$$

$$\bar{n} - k\sigma < N_i < \bar{n} + k\sigma$$

. k 4

k 1.64 가

1.64 σ , 90 % ¹⁸⁾.

5. $k\sigma$ k

k	1.00	1.64	1.96	2.00	3.00
	68.30 %	90.00 %	95.00 %	95.40 %	99.74 %

5.2.

(unknown)

t m ,
가 k , 가 j

$$: n_{s1}, n_{s2}, n_{s3} \dots \dots n_{s(m-k)} \quad (3)$$

$$: n_{b1}, n_{b2}, n_{b3} \dots \dots n_{b(m-j)} \quad (4)$$

a [cpm]
 b [cpm]

$$a = \frac{n_{s1} + n_{s2} + n_{s3} + n_{s4} + \dots \dots + n_{s(m-k)}}{t(m-k)} \quad (5)$$

$$b = \frac{n_{b1} + n_{b2} + n_{b3} + n_{b4} + \dots \dots + n_{b(m-j)}}{t(m-j)} \quad (6)$$

c [cpm]

$$c = (a - b) \pm \sigma_c \quad (7)$$

σ_c

$$\sigma_c = \sqrt{\frac{a}{t(m-k)} + \frac{b}{t(m-j)}} \quad (8)$$

^{14}C , TFWT
 OBT ^3H A [Bq/gC] A [Bq/L],
 A [Bq/kg - fresh]

$$A = \frac{c}{\eta \times V \times 60} \quad [\text{Bq/gC}] \quad (9)$$

$$A = \frac{c}{\eta \times V \times 60} \quad [\text{Bq/L}]$$

$$A = \frac{c \times \rho \times \delta}{\eta \times V \times 60} \quad [\text{Bq/kg - fresh}]$$

$$A = \frac{c \times \rho \times \chi \times \mu}{\eta \times V \times 60} \quad [\text{Bq/kg - fresh}]$$

η , V [g] [L], ρ
 δ [L/ kg-fresh], χ
 [kg-dry/ kg-fresh], μ [L/ kg-dry] .

(Minimum Detectable Activity) MDA [Bq/L]
 MDA [Bq/gC]

$$MDA = \frac{k}{\eta \cdot V} \sqrt{(R_0 / t_s)(1 + t_s / t_0)} e^{\lambda \cdot \Delta t} \quad (10)$$

R_0 [cps], t_0
 t_s [s], Δt [s]
 t_s [s] .

1. ^3H

^3H α

- cellulose $((\text{C}_6\text{H}_{10}\text{O}_5)_n)$

OBT , 6 .

12 OBT

가 1983 42.1 Bq/L

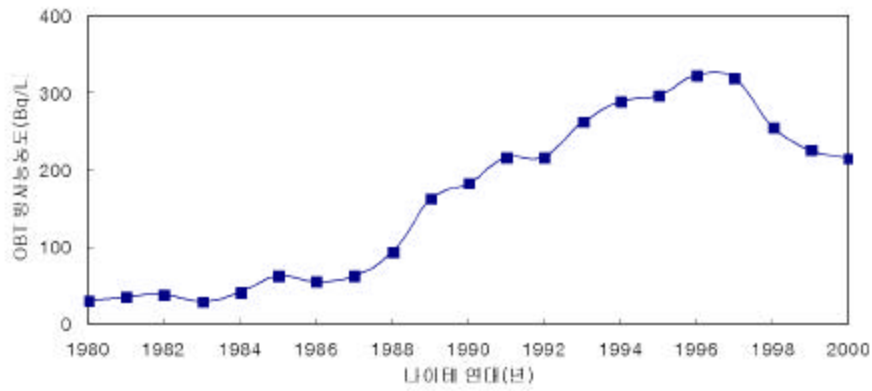
가 가 1989

가 1997 393.4 Bq/L 가 가 261.2

Bq/L .

6. OBT C- 14

	OBT (Bq/L)	C- 14 (Bq/ gC)		OBT (Bq/L)	C- 14 (Bq/ gC)
2000	261.2±5.6	0.576±0.008	1989	198.4±6.1	0.441±0.007
1999	274.8±5.9	0.650±0.008	1988	114.6±5.0	0.353±0.006
1998	310.7±6.4	0.596±0.008	1987	76.7±4.8	0.334±0.006
1997	388.4±6.9	0.641±0.008	1986	66.8±4.6	0.320±0.006
1996	393.4±7.6	0.673±0.009	1985	76.5±4.9	0.331±0.006
1995	361.1±7.5	0.633±0.008	1984	51.1±4.7	0.314±0.006
1994	349.8±7.6	0.628±0.008	1983	34.9±4.6	0.295±0.008
1993	320.0±7.6	0.604±0.008	1982	45.8±5.0	0.297±0.006
1992	264.1±7.2	0.552±0.008	1981	43.5±5.2	0.297±0.006
1991	264.0±7.1	0.519±0.007	1980	37.1±5.4	0.297±0.006
1990	222.4±5.6	0.468±0.007			



12. OBT

2.

^3H

^3H

^3H

^3H

13

R 0.77

^3H

^3H

^3H stack

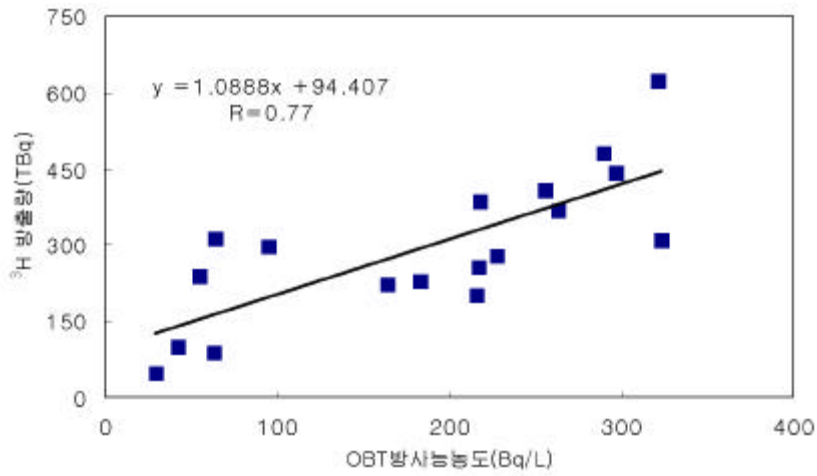
HTO

washing-out

^3H

^3H

^3H
 ^3H
 (,)



13. ^3H OBT

14 ^3H ^3H
 ()

^3H ^3H

14

1995, 1996 ^3H ^3H

가

15

1995, 1996 1995, 1996

2 NE 6.35 % 1% (1995

) (16).

^3H

가 가 . 1986- 1988 3 ^3H

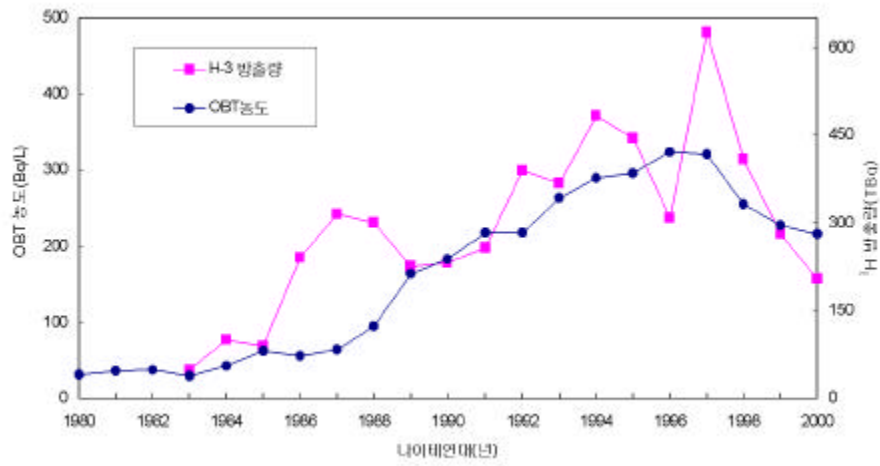
^3H

. 1986 1988 3 1072 mm

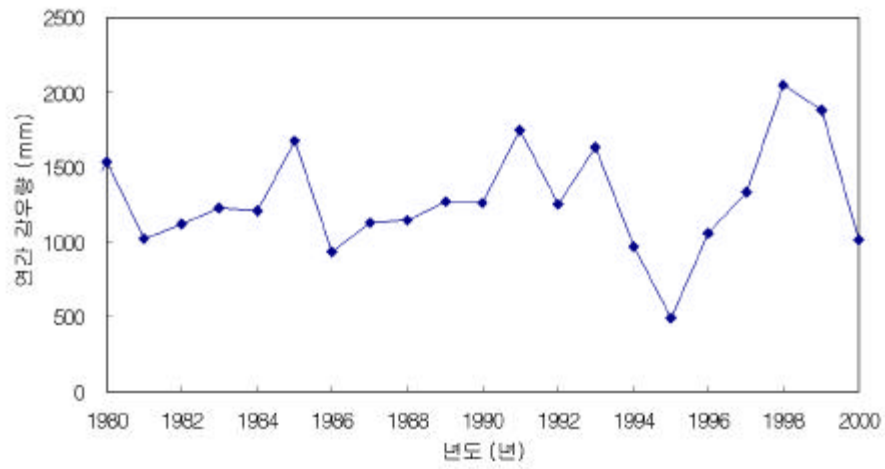
21 1271 mm . ,

^3H 3

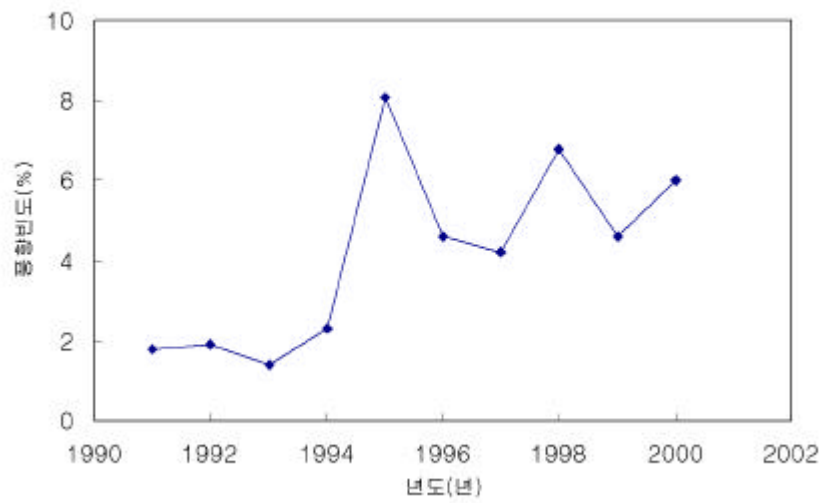
NE 가 .



14. ^3H OBT



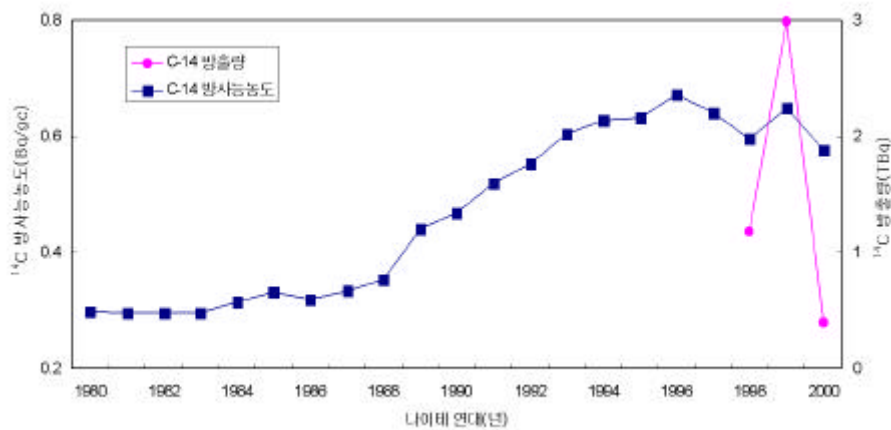
15.



16.

3. ^{14}C

^{14}C 6 OBT
 , 17 1981 0.297
 Bq/gC 가 가
 가 1989 가 1997 0.678 Bq/gC
 가 가 0.576 Bq/gC .
 ^{14}C stack $^{14}\text{CO}_2$ 가
 ^{14}C . 1998 ^{14}C
 , 17
 1998 2000 ^{14}C



17. ^{14}C

4. ^3H ^{14}C

^3H ^{14}C

18, 19

18

^3H ^{14}C

^3H ^{14}C

19

$R = 0.98$

^3H (OBT)

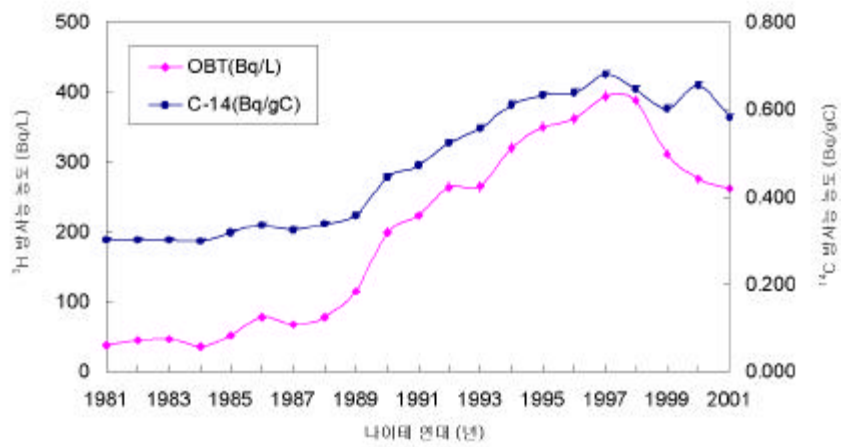
^{14}C

가

^3H

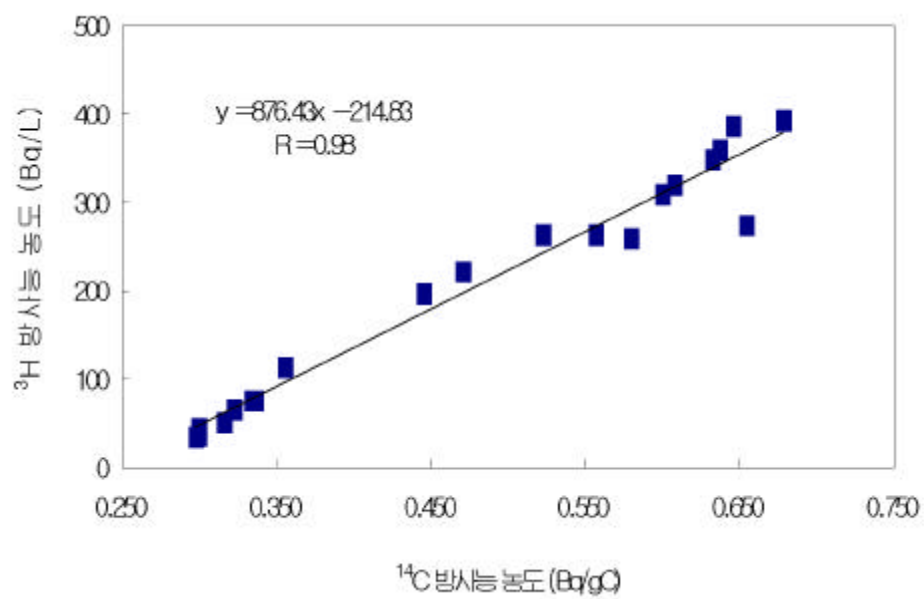
^{14}C

가



18.

^3H ^{14}C



19. ^3H ^{14}C

•
 ^3H ^{14}C
 1 850
 m 1980 2000
 21 ^3H ^{14}C
 • α -cellulose
 , α -cellulose
 OBT ^{14}C . OBT ^{14}C β
 (Liquid Scintillation Counter, Quantulus 1220)
 •
 α -cellulose OBT
 34.9- 393.4 Bq/L , 가 1980 1982
 42.1 Bq/L . OBT
 가 가 가 1989 가 1997
 •
 ^3H
 , R 0.77
 • ^3H , , ,
 ^3H
 •
 α -cellulose ^{14}C
 0.297- 0.678Bq/ gC , 가 0.297

Bq/gC , ^{14}C 가 가

가 1989 가 1996

. 가 가

가 가 ^3H ^{14}C

가 '97 '96

^3H ^{14}C

가

^{14}C

.

α -cellulose ^3H ^{14}C

^3H ^{14}C

,

(R=0.98) .

α -cellulose ^3H ^{14}C

^3H ^{14}C

가

가

.

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The distribution of concentration of ^3H and ^{14}C in pine tree ring

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Abstract

In this study, the concentrations of ^3H and ^{14}C were analyzed in a pine tree ring(at least 23years old) near a nuclear facility(Wolsung nuclear power plant), and which were ranged from 34.9-393.4Bq/L and 0.297-0.678Bq/gC, respectively. The isolation of α -cellulose was carried out using common chlorite method with a subsequent treatment. The concentrations of ^3H and ^{14}C were measured by a liquid scintillation counter.

Both concentrations of ^3H and ^{14}C were gradually increases from 1980 to 1997, reaches a maximum, and then decreased. The ^3H concentrations and amount of release were not highly correlated while ^3H concentrations and ^{14}C concentrations were highly correlated. The result indicates that the another factor such as frequency of wind and rainfall influences on concentration of ^3H in tree ring, not only amount of release of ^3H .