

工學碩士 學位論文

ETD - Turbo
Codes **MC - CDMA**

2002年 2月

釜慶大學校 大學院

情報通信工學科

朴 朱 蓮

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指導教授 河 德 鎬

論文 工學碩士 學位論文 提出

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.....

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The Performance Analysis of ETD-Turbo Coded MC-CDMA System in Mobile Radio Communication Environments

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Abstract

In this thesis, we analyzed the performance of ETD-turbo coded MC-CDMA system over both additive white Gaussian noise (AWGN) and Rayleigh fading channels.

Multi-Carrier Code Division Multiple Access (MC-CDMA) that is a form of combining DS-CDMA and orthogonal frequency division multiplexing (OFDM) is digital modulation technique which known to robust against frequency-selective fading channels and have good spectral efficiency. Therefore, the MC-CDMA technique is appropriate for high data rate wireless communications. As a MC-CDMA signal is composed of N narrowband subcarrier signals each of which has symbol duration much larger than the delay spread, it is not experience the effect of inter-symbol interference (ISI) and inter-chip interference (ICI) as does DS-CDMA and can obtain the frequency diversity effect.

Meanwhile, turbo code is an error correcting code that can achieve near Shannon's capacity limit at a low E_b/N_0 using an iterative decoding algorithm. The turbo encoder is consists of two recursive systematic convolutional (RSC) encoders linked by an interleaver. It is known that a RSC encoder produces increased weight in codewords comparing to a non-recursive systematic convolutional (NSC) encoder and so have better performance. The interleaver has the roles as follows: One avoids the pair of low weight parity bits from two RSC encoders and the other provides the time diversity effect on the output sequences. To increase the time diversity effect of turbo code, we propose a novel turbo coded configuration that add another interleaver to input stage of the first RSC encoder and this is called Enhanced Time Diversity-Turbo Codes (ETD-Turbo Codes).

In this thesis, we show that the performance for ETD-turbo coded MC-CDMA system over both AWGN and Rayleigh fading channels is superior to that for convolutional coded and conventional turbo coded MC-CDMA system. As the result of computer simulations, the performance of ETD-turbo coded MC-CDMA system over a Rayleigh fading channel has remarkable improvement of about 5dB compared to the convolutional coded system. For an AWGN channel, it have improvement of about 3dB compared to the convolutional coded system. And the ETD-turbo coded MC-CDMA system have the lower bit-error-rate (BER) than the conventional turbo coded system, but it requires less signal-to-noise ratios (SNR) compare with the conventional turbo code.

Consequently, the MC-CDMA system using ETD-turbo codes over both AWGN and Rayleigh fading channels can improve bit error rate and transmit high data rate at a low SNR.

Multiple Access: CDMA) (Code Division
FDMA
TDMA
가 가

ISI(Inter-Symbol Interference) DS-CDMA
ISI

DS-CDMA ISI
ICI(Inter-Chip Interference)

가 . DS-CDMA

, , , RAKE 가 가

. DS-CDMA
(subcarrier) MC-CDMA

ICI

[1].

, , 가 .

. 가
(error correcting code)

1955 (convolutional code)

(block code)

(Galois field)

, (soft decision)

(viterbi algorithm) ,

. 1993 C. Berrou, A. Glavieux,

P. Thitimajshima

1974 Bahl, Cocke Jelinek Raviv 'BCJR

[2]' (interleaver)

(concatenated code)

Shannon (channel capacity)

[3]. RSC (Recursive Systematic

Convolutional) 가 RSC

RSC

SNR(Signal-to-Noise Ratio) RSC BER(Bit Error Rate)

NSC(Non-Systematic Convolutional) BER

SNR NSC RSC

RSC 가

가 RSC 가

MC-CDMA

가

(Enhanced Time Diversity - Turbo Codes: ETD -

Turbo Codes) [16]. 2

DS-CDMA, MC/DS-CDMA MC-CDMA

, 3

, ETD-Turbo Codes 4

. 5

6

. CDMA

CDMA(Code Division Multiple Access)

(Direct Sequence Spread Spectrum)

, (Frequency Hopping) , (Time Hopping) ,
(Hybrid) . CDMA

2.1 DS - CDMA

DS - CDMA

가 가

. DS - CDMA

Hadamard Walsh code ,

PN code .

2-1 (processing gain) 4 ,

m

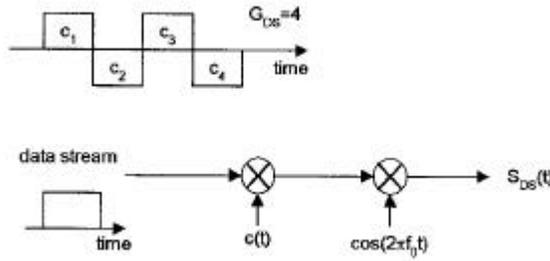
$$s_{DS}(t) = \sum_{i=-\infty}^{+\infty} \sum_{k=1}^{G_{DS}} a_m(i) c_m^{(k)} p_c(t - (k-1)T_c - iT_b) \cos(2\pi f_c t) \quad (2.1)$$

, $a_m(i) \in \{+1, -1\}$ i $c_m^{(k)}$ m
 k (chip) T_b , T_c
 f_c $p_c(t)$ $[0, T_c]$

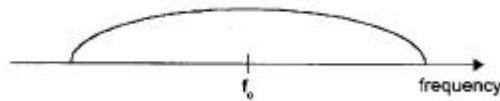
1 . 2-2

f_c $2/T_c$

$G_{DS} = T_b/T_c$, DS-SS-SSM



2.1 DS-SS-SSM



2.2

RAKE

가

. RAKE

1 4

. RAKE

DS-CDMA

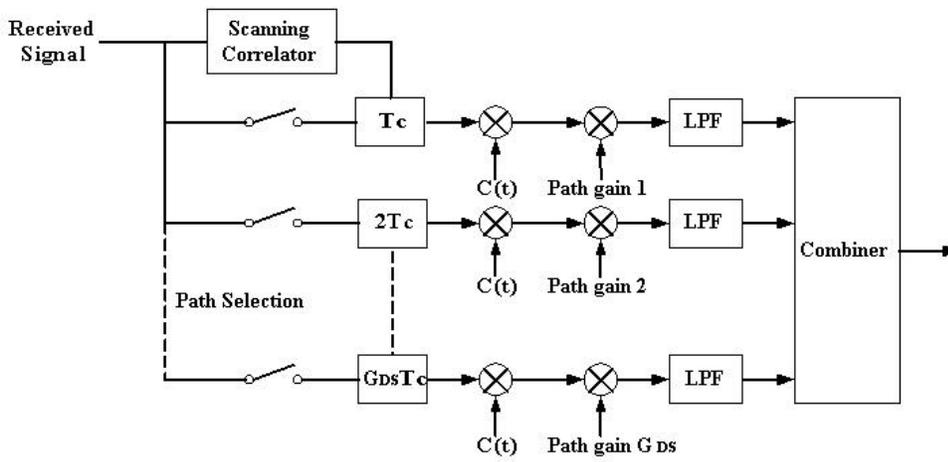
MAI(Multiple Access Interference)

(Self Interference)

DS-CDMA

가

[4].



2.3 DS-CDMA RAKE

2.2 MC-DS/CDMA

E.A Sourour M.Nakagawa

MC-DS/CDMA

가

가 [5].

2-4 2-5 MC-DS/CDMA

$N_c = 4$, $G_{MD} = 4$ T_b

M

$T = M T_b$, S

(Direct Sequence)

i

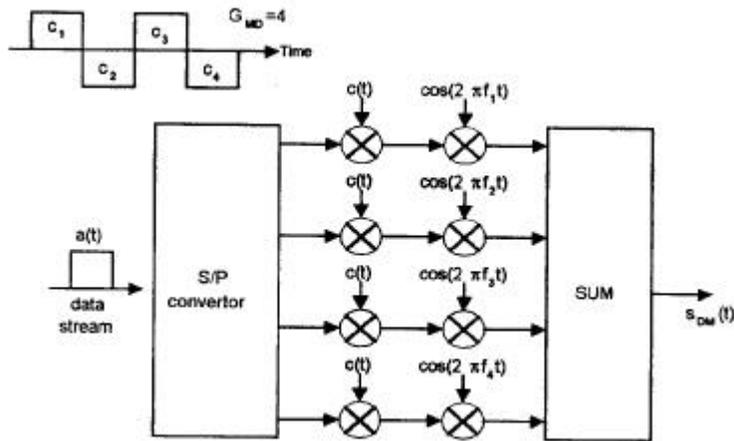
$$s_{MD}(t) = \sum_{i=-\infty}^{+\infty} \sum_{j=1}^{N_c} \sum_{m=1}^{G_{MD}} b_j(t) c_m^{(k)} p_c(t - (k-1)T_c - iT_b) \cos \{2\pi(f_c + \Delta f)t\} \quad (2.2)$$

, $b_j(t)$ i $j T_c$ $c_m^{(k)}$

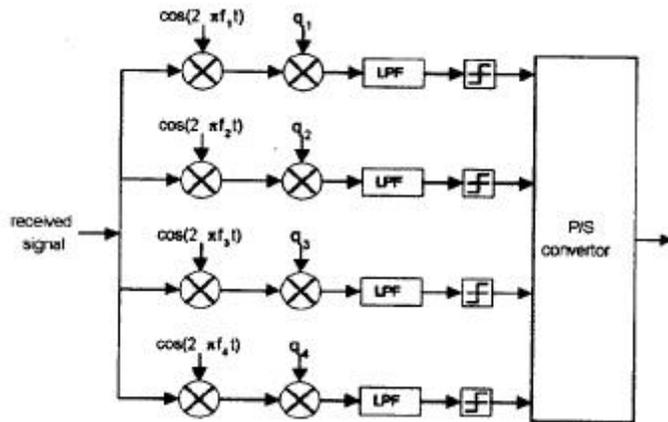
m k T_b

, $\Delta f (= 1/T_b)$ $p_c(t)$

$$p_c(t) = \begin{cases} 1, & 0 \leq t \leq T_c \\ 0, & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \quad (2.3)$$



±x 2.4 MC-DS/CDMA



2.5 MC-DS/CDMA

2.3 MC-CDMA

1993 N.Yee J.P.Linnartz

MC-CDMA

[1],[6],[7].

DS-SS-CDMA

ISI(Inter-Symbol Interference)가 , ISI

ICI(Inter-Chip Interference)가

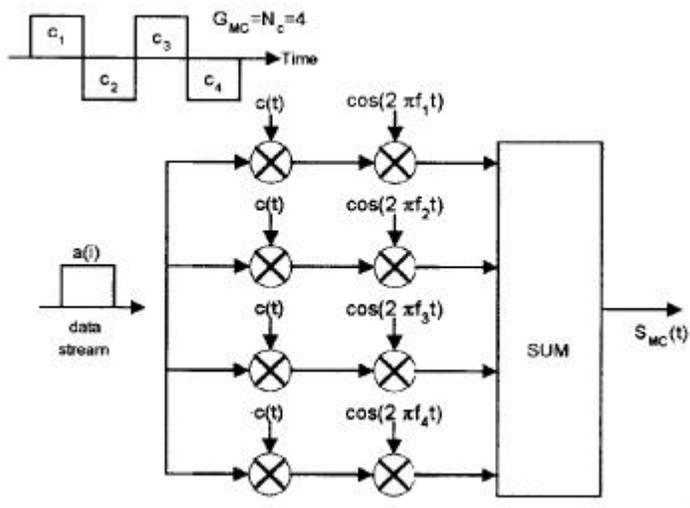
RAKE 가

MC-CDMA

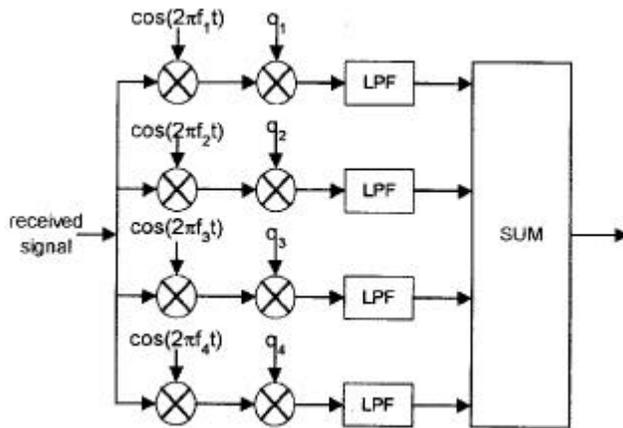
ICI

2-6 2-7 MC-CDMA

가



2.6 MC-CDMA



±x 2.7 MC-CDMA

m

k

$$S_{MC}(t) = \sum_{i=1}^{N-1} c_m[i] a_m[k] \cos(2\pi f_c t + 2\pi i \frac{F}{T_b} t) p_{T_b}(t - kT_b) \quad (2.4)$$

$$, \quad c_m[i] \in \{-1, 1\} \quad i = 0, 1, \dots, N-1 \quad m$$

$$p_{T_b}(t) \quad [0, T_b]$$

$$a_m[k] \quad \{-1, 1\}$$

(Turbo Codes)

3.1 (Turbo Encoder)

1993 C. Berrou, A. Glavieux, P. Thitimajshima

1974 Bahl, Cocke Jelinek Raviv 'BCJR

, Shannon

RSC 가

RSC

SNR RSC

BER

NSC

BER

, SNR

NSC

RSC

[8].

3-1

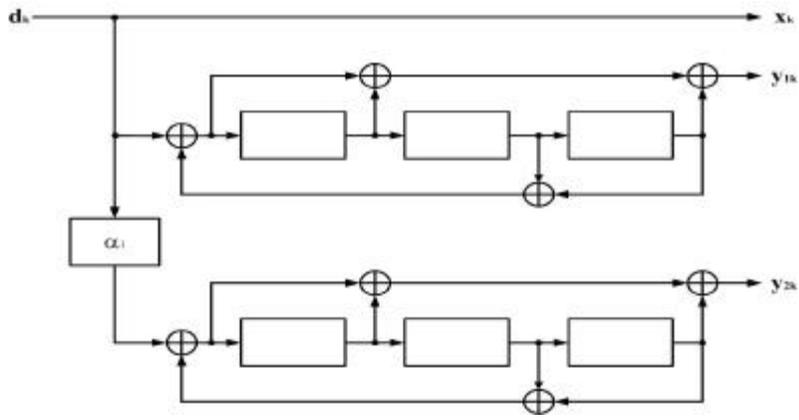
RSC

, RSC

RSC

, RSC

[9].



3.1

3.2 (Turbo Decoder)

3.2.1

3-2

[10].

AWGN

가

x_k

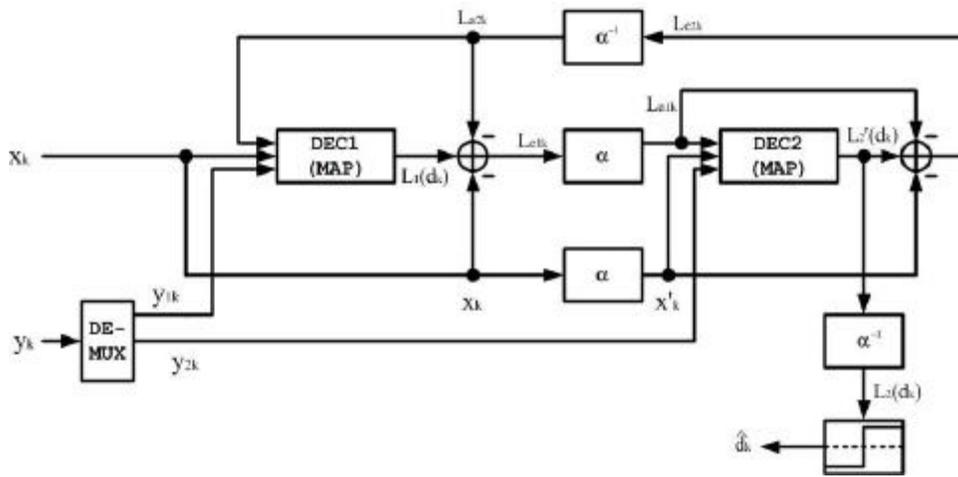
y_k

y_k

$y_{1k} \quad y_{2k} \quad , \text{DEC1}$

$x_k \quad y_{1k}$ 가 , DEC2 $x_k \quad x_k'$

y_{2k} 가 .



3.2

DEC1 $x_k \quad y_{1k}$ 가 (Log

Likelihood Ratio: LLR) $L_1(d_k) \quad L_1(d_k)$

$x_k \quad L_{a2k} \quad \text{DEC1} \quad L_{e1k}$

가 , y_{2k} DEC2

L_{a1k} 가 . DEC2 $x_k' \quad y_{2k} \quad L_{a1k}$ 가

$L_2'(d_k) \quad L_2'(d_k) \quad x_k' \quad L_{a1k}$ 가 L_{e2k} 가

(Deinterleaving) DEC1 L_{a2k} 가 .
 가 ,
 $L_2'(d_k)$ $L_2(d_k)$ \hat{d}_k .

3.2.2 MAP

BCJR
 . Bahl BCJR [2]
 (memoryless) Markov source
 (A Posteriori Probability: APP)
 ,
 (recursive) BCJR RSC
 [3]. Berrou RSC ,
 BCJR BCJR
 MAP (Maximum A Posteriori Probability) [11].
 가 ν , N ($2N, N$)
 1/2 systematic
 가 '0'
 , S_k , d_k k

y_k

가 BPSK

AWGN

가 $R_1^N = (R_1, R_2, \dots, R_k, R_N)$ 가 ,

k

$$R_k = (x_k, y_k)$$

x_k

y_k

$$x_k = (2d_k - 1) + p_k \tag{3.1}$$

$$y_k = (2Y_k - 1) + q_k \tag{3.2}$$

, p_k q_k 0 σ^2 가 (Gaussian

random variable)

BCJR

Trellis

가 가

d_k

가 2

LLR

k

LLR $L(d_k)$

$$L(d_k) = \log \frac{P(d_k = 1 | R_1^N)}{P(d_k = 0 | R_1^N)} \tag{3.3}$$

$P(d_k = i | R_1^N)$

R_1^N

$d_k = i$ APP

$L(d_k)$

\hat{d}_k

$$\hat{d}_k = \begin{cases} 1 & : L(d_k) \geq 0 \\ 0 & : L(d_k) < 0 \end{cases} \quad (3.4)$$

가 ν 가 , $q = 2^\nu$
가 k 가 0 $q-1$
. $1/2$ systematic

가 d_k y_k S_{k-1} S_k
. BCJR LLR

$$L(d_k) = \left\{ \frac{\sum_{m=0}^{q-1} \sum_{m'=0}^{q-1} \gamma_k^1(R_k, m', m) \cdot \alpha_{k-1}(m') \cdot \beta_k(m)}{\sum_{m=0}^{q-1} \sum_{m'=0}^{q-1} \gamma_k^0(R_k, m', m) \cdot \alpha_{k-1}(m') \cdot \beta_k(m)} \right\} \quad (3.5)$$

$$\alpha_k(m) = \frac{\sum_{m'=0}^{q-1} \sum_{i=0}^1 \gamma_k^i(R_k, m', m) \cdot \alpha_{k-1}(m')}{\sum_{m'=0}^{q-1} \sum_{m''=0}^{q-1} \sum_{i=0}^1 \gamma_k^i(R_k, m', m'') \cdot \alpha_{k-1}(m'')} \quad (3.6)$$

$$\beta_k(m) = \frac{\sum_{m'=0}^{q-1} \sum_{i=0}^1 \gamma_k^i(R_k, m, m') \cdot \beta_{k+1}(m')}{\sum_{m'=0}^{q-1} \sum_{m''=0}^{q-1} \sum_{i=0}^1 \gamma_k^i(R_k, m, m'') \cdot \alpha_k(m'')} \quad (3.7)$$

$$\gamma_k^i(R_k, m', m) = p(x_k | d_k = i, S_k = m, S_{k-1} = m') \cdot p(y_k | d_k = i, S_k = m, S_{k-1} = m') \cdot P(d_k = i | S_k = m, S_{k-1} = m') \cdot P(S_k = m | S_{k-1} = m') \quad (3.8)$$

$$\alpha_k(m) \quad \beta_k(m) \quad k$$

가 , γ_k 가 .

k k

, m' $k-1$

m k . x_k y_k m'

m . $\gamma_k^i(R_k, m', m)$

(3.9) .

$$\begin{aligned} \gamma_k^i(R_k, m', m) &= \gamma_k^i(x_k, y_k, m', m) \\ &= P(x_k | d_k = i) \cdot P(y_k = i) \cdot \gamma_k^{i'}(y_k, m', m) \end{aligned} \quad (3.9)$$

, $\gamma_k^{i'}(y_k, m', m)$ k systematic

d_k . $L(d_k)$

$$\begin{aligned} L(d_k) &= \log \left\{ \frac{P(x_k | d_k = 1)}{P(y_k | d_k = 0)} \right\} + \log \left\{ \frac{P(d_k = 1)}{P(d_k = 0)} \right\} \\ &+ \log \left\{ \frac{\sum_{n=0}^{q-1} \sum_{m'=0}^{q-1} \gamma_k^{1'}(R_k, m', m) \cdot \alpha_{k-1}(m') \cdot \beta_k(m)}{\sum_{n=0}^{q-1} \sum_{m'=0}^{q-1} \gamma_k^{0'}(R_k, m', m) \cdot \alpha_{k-1}(m') \cdot \beta_k(m)} \right\} \end{aligned} \quad (3.10)$$

$$, L(d_k) \quad (3.11)$$

$$D_i(R_k, m) = \frac{2}{\sigma^2} (x_{kj} + y_k Y^j(m)) \quad (3.17)$$

(3.15) $S_b^j(m)$ j 가 m ,

(3.16) $S_f^i(m)$ i 가 m

. (3.17) σ^2 AWGN $Y^j(m)$
 j 가 m .

3.3 (Interleaver)

3.3.1 (Block Interleaver)

$m \times n$.
 , 가
 가
 (burst error) 가 m (random error)

1	2	3	4
5	6	7	8
9	10	11	12
13	14	15	16

(a)

1	5	9	13
2	6	10	14
3	7	11	15
4	8	12	16

(b)

3.3

3.3.2 (Helical Interleaver)

$m \times (m + 1)$, 가
 $(m, 1)$.

1	2	3	4	5
6	7	8	9	10
11	12	13	14	15
16	17	18	19	20

(a)

16	12	8	4	20
11	7	3	19	15
6	2	18	1	10
1	17	13	9	5

(b)

3.4

3.3.3

(Random Interleaver)

가

가

가 ,

[15].

1) 가 2^M A 0 $m = 0$.

2) $m \leq 2^{M-1}$, 0 2^{M-1} p .

3) $A[p] = 0$, $A[p] = 1$ m $B[p]$.
 , $B[m] = p$, $m = m + 1$, 2 .

B

$B[m] = p$, m p . B가

ROM

look-up table

(Enhanced Time Diversity - Turbo Codes) [16]

3.4.1 ETD-Turbo Encoder

3-5

가

ETD-Turbo Encoder

3-1

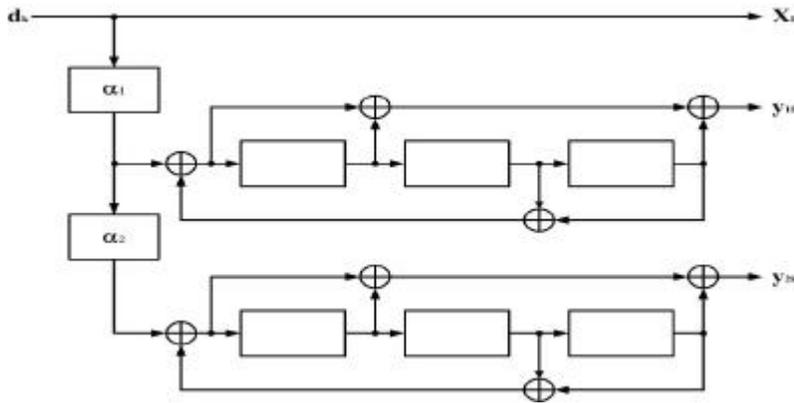
,

가

(α_1)

x_k, y_{1k}, y_{2k} 가

가



3.5 ETD-Turbo Encoder

가 $\alpha_1=[5 6 9 1 4 2 8 3 7]$, $\alpha_2=[8 2 7 4 3 6 9 5 1]$

가 , α_1 α_2 RSC

$\alpha_3=[3 6 8 1 9 2 7 4 5]$ 가 . ,

3-1 .

3.1 ETD-Turbo Encoder

x_1	x_2	x_3	x_4	x_5	x_6	x_7	x_8	x_9
y_{15}	y_{16}	y_{19}	y_{11}	y_{14}	y_{12}	y_{18}	y_{13}	y_{17}
y_{23}	y_{26}	y_{28}	y_{21}	y_{29}	y_{22}	y_{27}	y_{24}	y_{25}

y_{2k} 가

, ETD-Turbo Codes

3-1

$x_k, y_{1k},$

y_{2k} 가

가

가 .

3.4.2 ETD-Turbo Decoder

3-6

가 ETD-Turbo Decoder

. x_k, y_{1k}' y_{2k}' 가 . x_k

, y_{1k}' (α_1)

3-3 DEC2 , DEC1 가 x_k

y_{2k}' α_1 α_2 $\alpha_3=[3\ 6\ 8\ 1\ 9\ 2\ 7\ 4\ 5]$

DEC2 .

3.3 DEC2

x_3	x_6	x_8	x_1	x_9	x_2	x_7	x_4	x_5
y_{23}	y_{26}	y_{28}	y_{21}	y_{29}	y_{22}	y_{27}	y_{24}	y_{25}

3-6 DEC1 x_k', y_{1k}' L_{a2k}' 가 ,

α_1 . DEC1 LLR $L_1'(d_k)$

y_{1k}' x_k' L_{a2k}' 가 DEC1 L_{e1k}' 가 .

α_2 DEC2 L_{a1k}'' 가

. DEC2 L_{a1k}'' x_k'' y_{2k}' 가 , α_1 α_2

. DEC2 $L_2''(d_k)$ x_k'' L_{a1k}'' 가

DEC2 L_{e2k}'' 가 . L_{e2k}'' α_2^{-1}

DEC1 L_{a2k}' .

가 $L_2''(d_k)$ α_3^{-1} (hard

decision) \hat{d}_k .

•

4.1

4.1.1 가 MC-CDMA

MC-CDMA

BPSK

AWGN

4-1

MC-CDMA

BPSK

AWGN

0 1

Walsh , E_b/N_0 가

(pilot phase

reference)

Walsh

Walsh

Hadamard

Hadamard

가

가 , PSK CDMA
 가 .

$M = 2^k$ $M/2 = 2^{k-1}$
 Walsh [17].

$$H_k = \begin{bmatrix} H_{k-1} & H_{k-1} \\ H_{k-1} & \overline{H_{k-1}} \end{bmatrix} \quad (4.1)$$

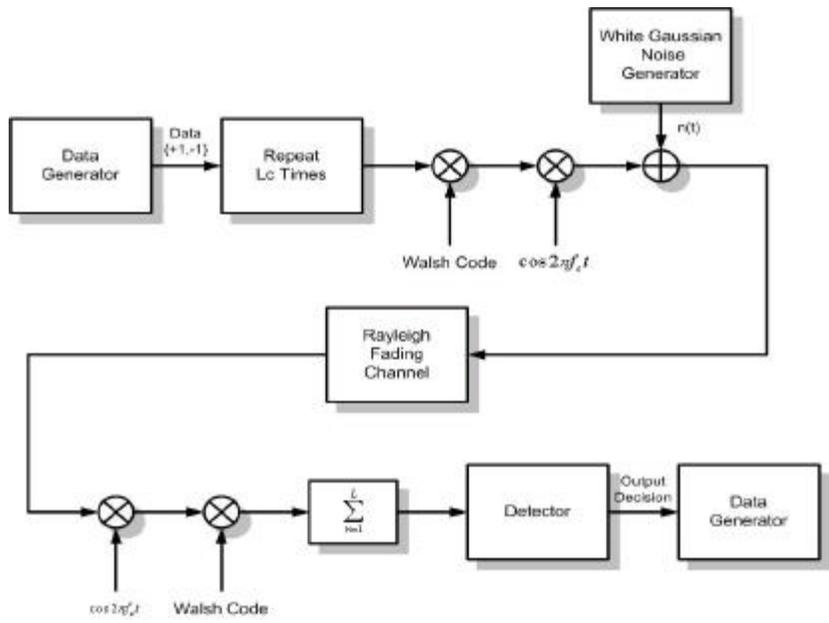
, Hadamard H_{k-1} $2^{k-1} \times 2^{k-1}$, $\overline{H_{k-1}}$ H_{k-1}
 , 1

H_1 [0]

$$H_2 = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \quad H_4 = \begin{bmatrix} H_2 & H_2 \\ H_2 & \overline{H_2} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \quad (4.2)$$

64×64 Walsh

$$H_{64} = \begin{bmatrix} -H_{32} & H_{32} \\ H_{32} & \overline{H_{32}} \end{bmatrix} \quad (4.3)$$



4.1 가 MC-CDMA

AWGN

4.1.2

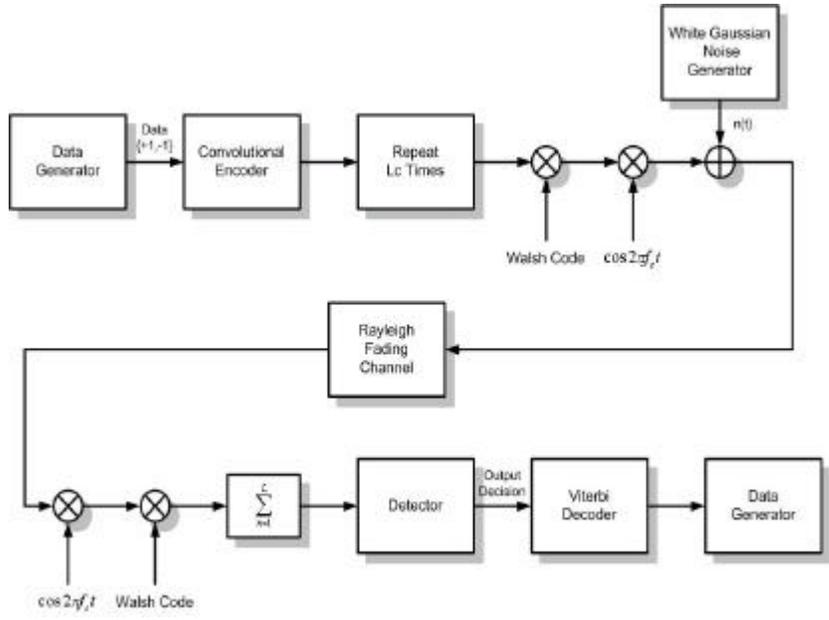
MC-CDMA

4-2

MC-CDMA

1/2

Walsh



4.2

MC-CDMA

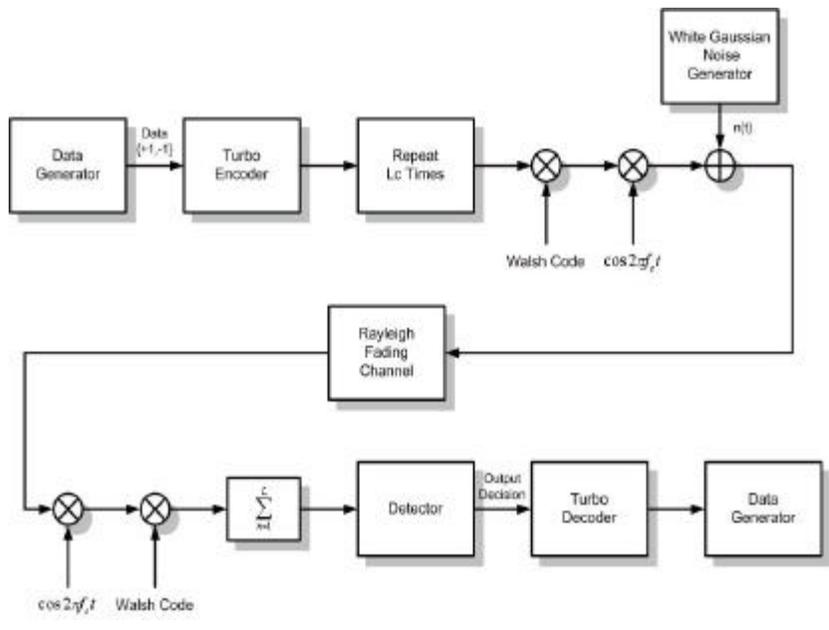
AWGN

4.1.3

MC-CDMA

BPSK

AWGN



4.3

MC-CDMA

AWGN

4.2

(shadowing), (multipath propagation), (gross transmission loss) .

가 .

4.2.1

· , (flat fading) 가 .

Clarke가 .

가

[18].

(4.4)

가 .

$$x(t) = A(t) \cos[\omega_c t + \theta(t)] \quad (4.4)$$

, $A(t)$, ω_c , $\theta(t)$. (4.4)

가

$$y(t)$$

$$y(t) = a(t)A(t) \cos[\omega_c t + \theta(t) + \phi(t)] \quad (4.5)$$

$$x(t) \quad a(t)$$

가

$$n(t)$$

$$r(t)$$

$$r(t) = y(t) + n(t) \quad (4.6)$$

, $n(t)$ $N_0/2$ (W/Hz) AWGN .

$$1/T_s$$

$$(BT_s)$$

10Hz

10^4

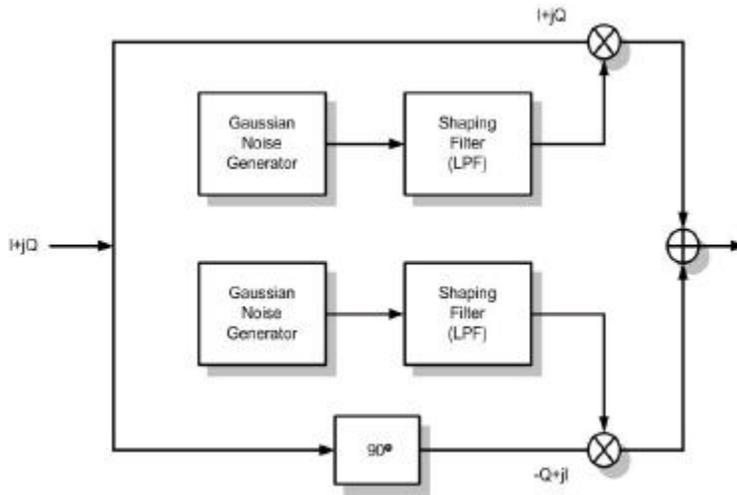
0.001

4-4

4-5

$$BT_s$$

(fading fluctuation)



4.4

, 가

(LPF)

가

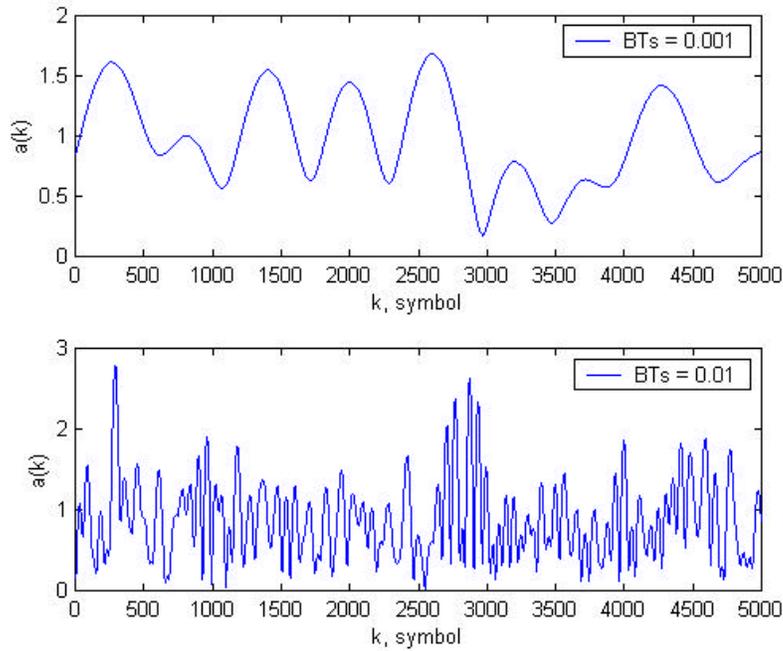
,

가

N

,

$$p(r) = \begin{cases} \frac{r}{\sigma^2} \exp\left(-\frac{r^2}{2\sigma^2}\right) & 0 \leq r \leq \infty \\ 0 & r < 0 \end{cases}, \quad (4.7)$$



4.5

, σ^2

가 (4.5)

(Cumulative Distribution Function)

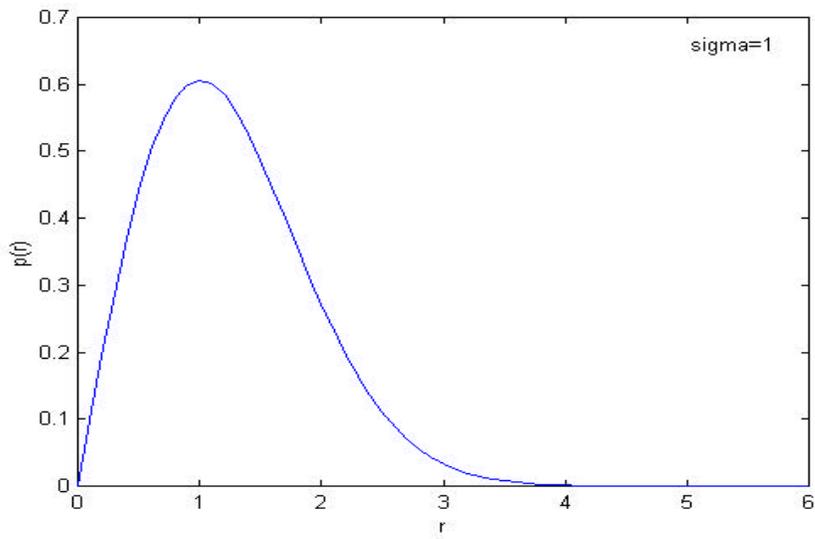
$$P(R) = \Pr(r \leq R) = \int_R^{\infty} p(r) dr = 1 - \exp\left(-\frac{R^2}{2\sigma^2}\right) \quad (4.8)$$

r

(4.6)

$$\frac{1}{2} = \int_0^{r_{median}} p(r) dr \quad (4.9)$$

4-6



4.6

•

4 가

MC-CDMA

MC-CDMA

가

가

가

64-Walsh

(subcarrier)

128

1/2

Log-MAP

5-1 AWGN

MC-CDMA

10^{-4} BER

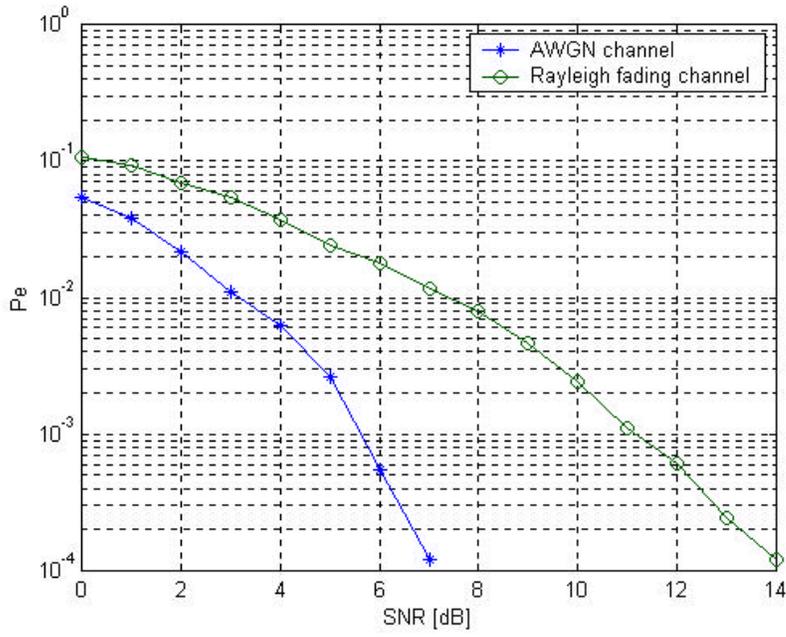
AWGN

SNR

2

SNR

, SNR 가



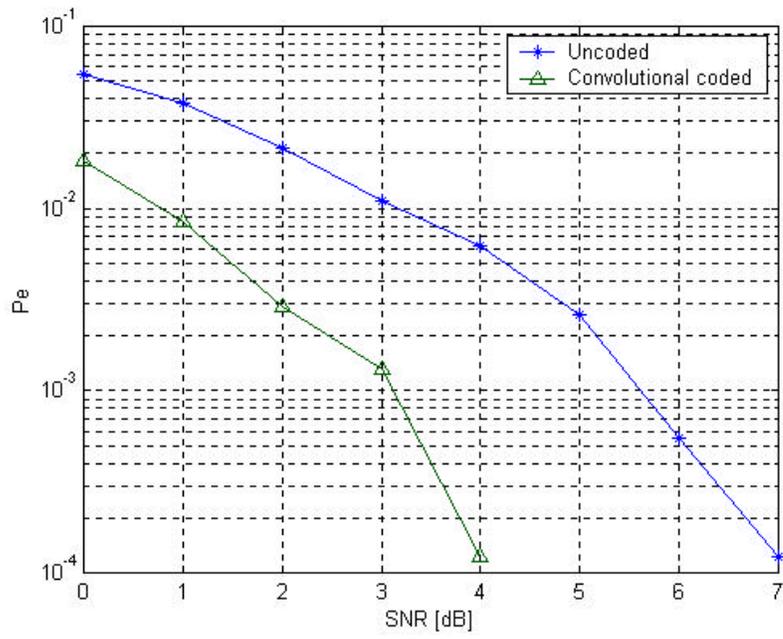
5.1 MC-CDMA

5-2 AWGN

MC-CDMA

MC-CDMA

가 , 3 dB



5.2

MC-CDMA

(1)

5-3

MC-CDMA

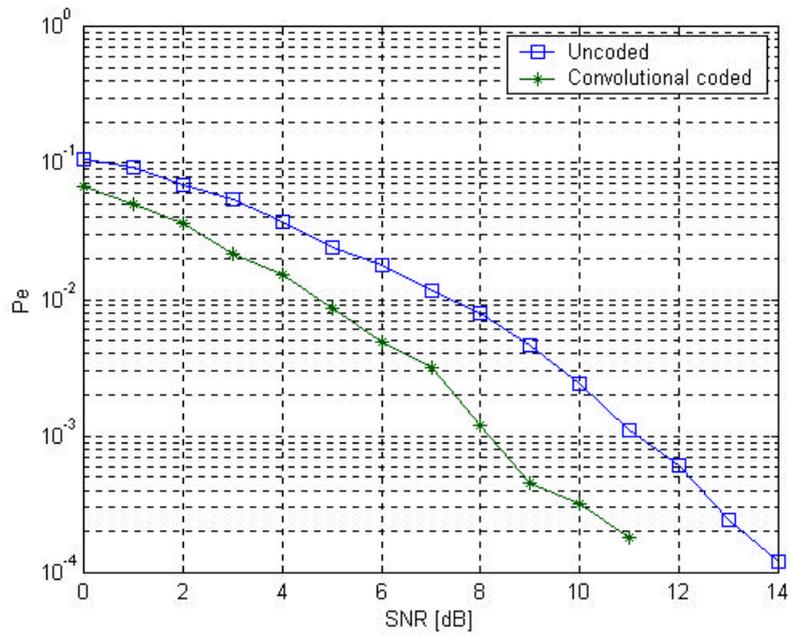
MC-CDMA

. AWGN

2dB

AWGN

SNR



5.3

MC-CDMA

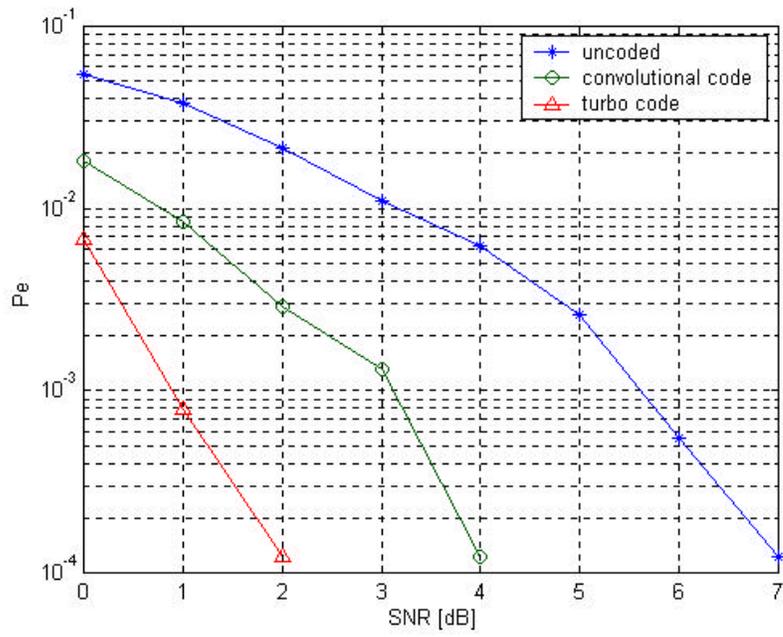
(2)

5-4 AWGN

MC-CDMA

2dB

5dB



5.4

MC-CDMA

(1)

5-5

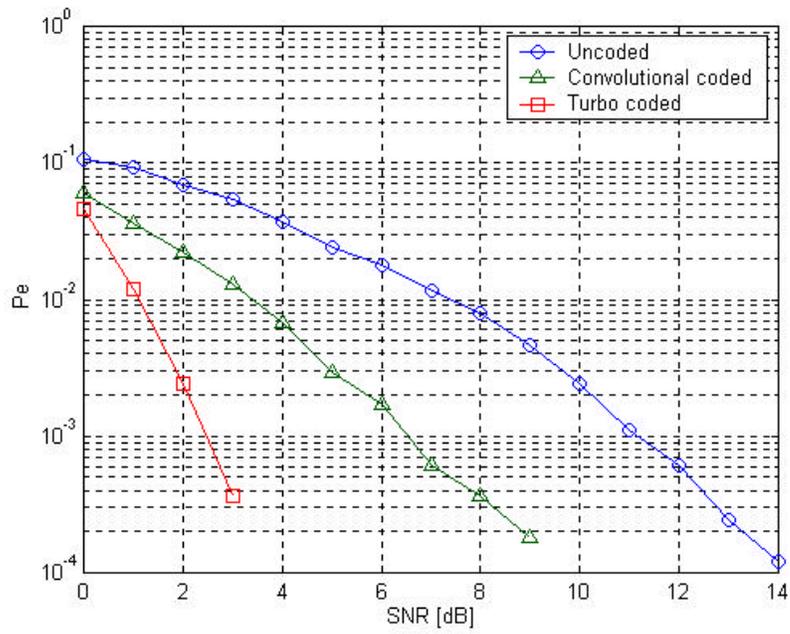
MC-CDMA

5dB

10dB

SNR

가



5.5

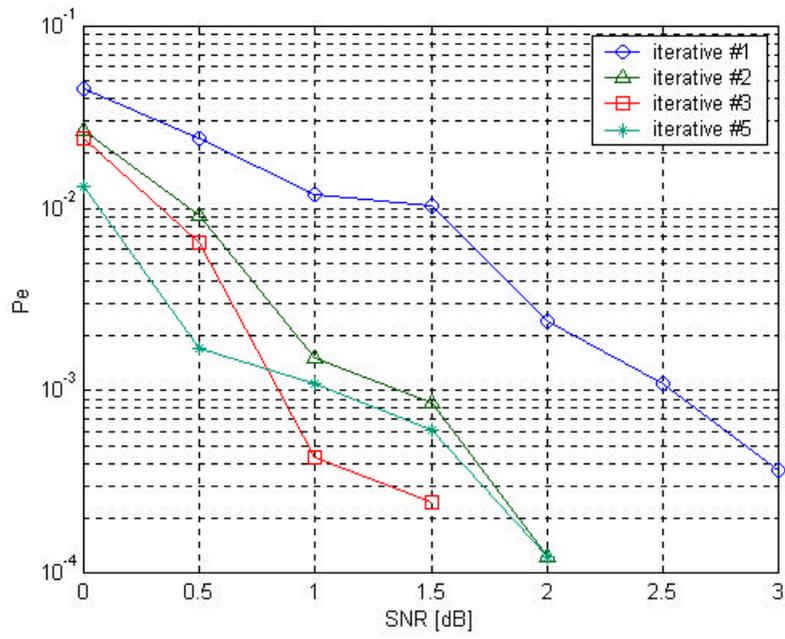
MC-CDMA

(2)

5-6

MC-CDMA

가 2 가 1dB 3 가 1 가 3 가



5.6

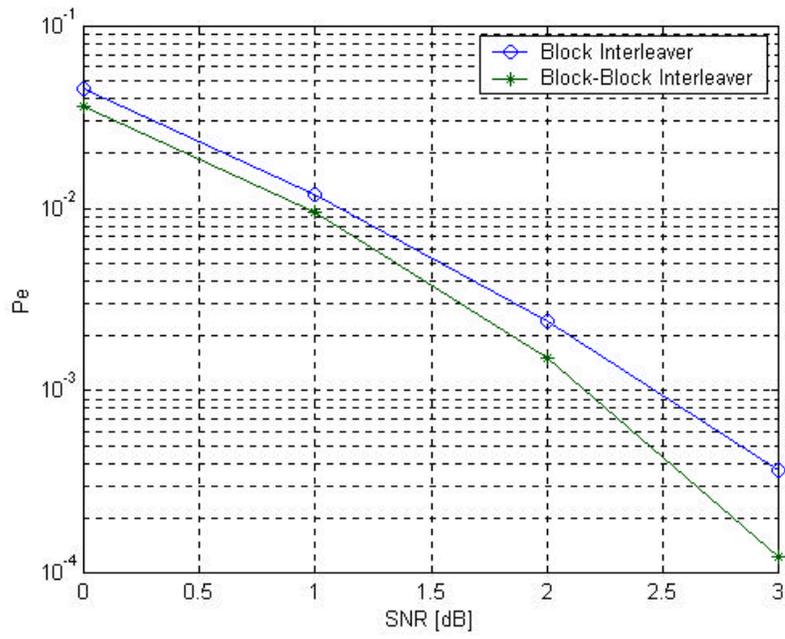
Turbo Coded MC-CDMA

5-7

가

(ETD-Turbo Codes)

SNR



5.7

MC-CDMA

5-8

ETD-Turbo

Codes

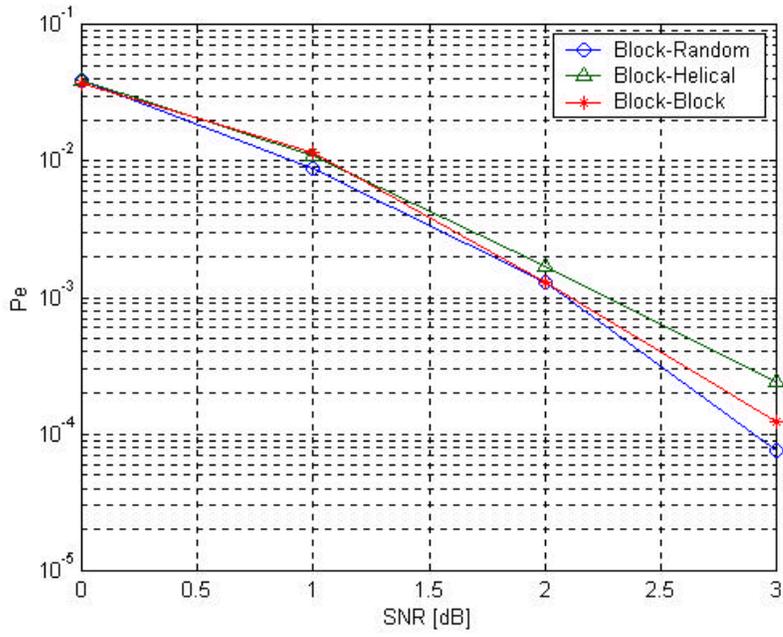
MC- CDMA

가

가

가 가

가



5.8

ETD-Turbo Coded

MC-CDMA

5-9

ETD-Turbo

Codes

MC- CDMA

가

ETD-Turbo Codes

3

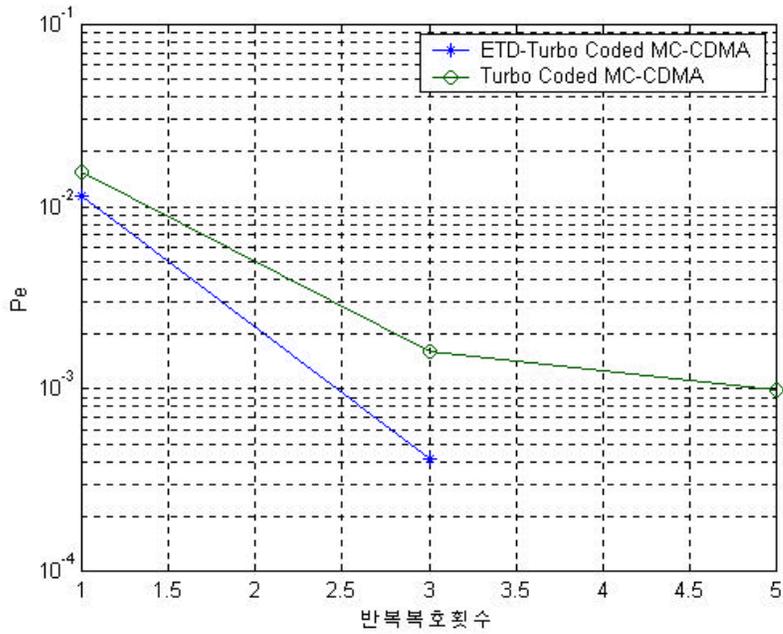
가

ETD-Turbo

Codes

MC-CDMA

가



5.9

ETD-Turbo Coded

MC-CDMA

5-10

Turbo Code

MC-CDMA

ETD-Turbo Codes

MC-CDMA

3

ETD-Turbo Codes

MC-CDMA

5

Turbo Codes

5-9

3

가

Turbo

가 ETD-Turbo Codes

MC-CDMA

0dB

10^{-3} BER

ETD-Turbo Codes

SNR

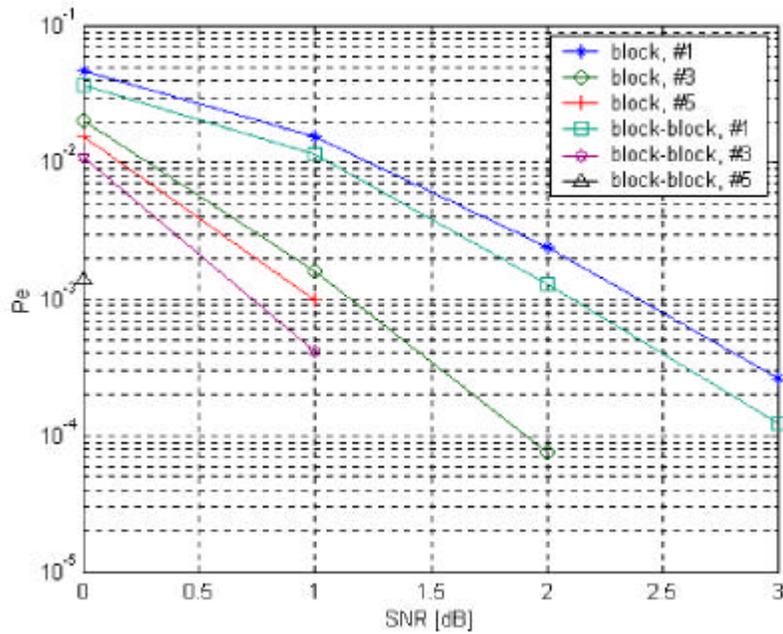
BER

가

가

가

가



5.10

Turbo Coded MC-CDMA

ETD-Turbo Coded MC-CDMA

•

가

Shannon

MC-CDMA

MC-CDMA

DS-CDMA

ICI

,

,

1/2

(SNR)

MC-CDMA

가

3

가

가

가

가

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가

2

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가
(大小事)가

가