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RCA (1999)5		29
TSC (1999)5		30

A Study on Demand, Supply, and Trade of Chinese Fisheries : Focused on fisheries Trade Between Korea and China

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Graduate School.

Pukyoung National University

Abstract

With Chinas (the worlds biggest market) admittance into the World Trade Organization (WIO), there will be a great deal of changes brought to the world trade order and will also affect Koreas industries greatly. Especially as one of the worlds premier marine products producer, Chinas admission into the WIO will not only affect the Korean marine products industry but will also greatly change the structure of the industry. The WIO admission of the geographically close China will likely increase Koreas imports for marine products. Following Chinas economic development and increasing purchasing power, imports of marine products will continue to increase. On the other hand, as spending for marine products increase so will Koreas exports of marine products to China. Therefore, to most efficiently meet the expected demands for marine product exports to China, there is a need to review and analyze Chinas supply & demand, the present conditions of their trade relations, forms of marine product spending, and their import/export

By studying the export competitiveness of Korea with other competing nations, this study attempts to identify the most efficient manner to becoming a marine export/import nation that maximizes their income through the export of marine products.

To do this, first we must analyze the current state of Chinas marine industry (production, consumption, and present conditions) to identify the nations direction as a whole. And to formulate the development and improvement of the Korean marine industry through analyzing the conditions of the foreign markets, identifying Korea and Chinas competitive reality, and analyzing competitive strengths of rivals, the United States (U.S.) and Japan, in the Chinese marine products market.

Within production, we will analyze Chinas production conditions for marine products. In consumption, we will analyze the structure, geographic spending demographics, and the outlook for marine product consumption. And in the matter of trade, we will examine the import/export regulations and tariff structures.

Next, in order to analyze the current state of the Korea-china marine product trade situation, we measured the RM, RCA, and TSC figures. We also took the RM, RCA, and TSC measurements of Korea and its competing nations, the U.S. and Japan, and performed a comparative analysis of the three nations. We will use the results of this comparative analysis to formulate our export maximization strategy.

Our proposal for Koreas export maximization strategy to China is as

follows.

First, Korea must diversify the marine products offered for exporting. Within the Chinese marine products market, the number of competitive Korean products continue to decline, in order to achieve predominance in the marine product industry, Korea needs to diversify its export products.

Secondly, as the marine products export industry evolves, Korea needs to acquire the skills of leading marine product exporting nations and in order to do purchase quality infrastructure and provide quality specialized workforce education, needs to provide training and assistance from abroad.

Lastly, with Chinas admission into the WIO, Korea needs to examine new possibilities for its marine products industry along with the usage of new legislation. The appropriate use of restrictive legislation along with assistance programs necessary to maximize exports are needed.

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. 35% , 가 .

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¹⁾. 가 . 가

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1999 FAO, ,

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RMI, RCA, TSC .

RMI, RCA, TSC

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1991)5)	가 .	,			(Heie	n, Durhan
	,	가				
2) , "				",		

^{3) , &}quot; ", , 1994.

⁴⁾ Benus, J., Kmenta, J., and Shapiro, H., "The Dynamics of Budget Allocation to Food Expenditures", *The Review of Economics and Staitistics*, May 1976.

⁵⁾ Heien, D., and Durhan, C., "A Test of the Habit Formation Hypothesis Using Household Data", *The Review of Economics and Statistics*, 1991.

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WTO

6) Hannesson, R. "Bioeconomic Production Function in Fisheries: Theoritical and Empirical Analysis", *Canadian Journal of Fisheries A quatic Science*, Vol. 40, 1983.

7) · , "UR ", , 1994.

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(FAO) 1999

1998 118 126 7.1%

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1999 31% 2% 7%

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가	1997	1998	1999	'99/ '98
	35,038	38,025	40,030	105.3
	7,870	4,339	8,438	194.5
	6,733	6,030	5,936	98.4
	5,379	5,245	5,352	102.1
	6,083	3,559	5,325	149.6
	5,422	5,151	5,229	101.4
	4,453	4,595	4,797	104.4
	4,715	4,518	4,210	93.2
	3,417	3,508	3,608	102.8
	3,224	3,259	3,086	94.7
	2,596	2,354	2,423	102.9
	37,564	37,141	37,745	101.6
	122,494	117,727	126,177	107.2

: Yearbook of Fishery Statistics, ^rTrade and Production _J , FAO, 2001.

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- 7 -

1999 4,003

40% . 2

7+ . 1980 325.7

1999 2,471.9 22 7.6 가 가 . 1980 1999

86.4% 60.6%

13.6% 39.4% 가 .

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7t . 7t 1980 71.8% 1990 59.3% , 1999 42.8%

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 1980
 23.5
 7.2%
 , 1990

 147.3
 20.7%
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 , 1999
 959.1

 38.8%
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가

가 .

2 (:)

	1980	1990	1995	1997	1998	1999
	3,257 (100)	7,133 (100)	14,391 (100)	21,764 (100)	23,567 (100)	24,719 (100)
	2,813 (86.4)	5,509 (77.2)	1,0268 (71.4)	13,854 (62.4)	14,967 (63.5)	14,976 (60.6)
	444 (13.6)	1,624 (22.8)	4,123 (28.6)	7,910 (36.3)	8,600 (36.5)	9,743 (39.4)
	2,341 (71.8)	4,232 (59.3)	7,581 (52.7)	9,641 (44.3)	10,560 (44.8)	10,581 (42.8)
	421 (12.9)	1,071 (15.0)	1,848 (12.8)	2,257 (10.4)	2,586 (11.0)	2,771 (11.2)
	234 (7.2)	1,473 (20.7)	3,927 (27.3)	8,242 (37.9)	8,705 (36.9)	9,591 (38.8)
	262 (8.0)	275 (3.9)	749 (5.2)	980 (4.5)	1,041 (4.4)	1,194 (4.8)
	-	82 (1.1)	286 (2.0)	644 (3.0)	676 (2.9)	582 (2.4)

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2. ()

3. 1996 ()

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3 (: , %)

	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999
	767.34	895.89	1,026.84	1,248.98	2,176.42	2,356.72	2,471.92
	3.5	6.9	6.7	8.0	7.0	7.1	6.6
	7.8	10.3	15.3	25.3	14.3	19.2	24.3
	63.5	87.8	104.9	107.2	101.5	122.0	122.0
	2.9	3.3	4.7	5.1	7.7	8.5	-
	14.5	20.3	22.7	28.4	34.0	51.8	56.6
	11.7	13.8	20.9	22.0	24.3	30.3	33.8
	5.8	5.7	5.9	5.6	7.1	7.5	7.8
	27.3	33.6	37.2	37.4	40.9	38.5	40.3
가	26.1	43.1	51.5	60.8	50.6	53.3	50.3
	55.7	43.9	48.9	67.1	120.2	137.0	109.0
	2.2	2.2	2.3	2.3	3.0	3.6	4.0
	16.5	17.7	22.5	23.8	25.9	26.3	24.7
	9.6	19.6	12.2	21.0	29.7	23.6	24.0
	-	-	-	-	1.4	1.4	1.9
	-	-	-	ı	33.8	19.1	15.7
	3.2	4.6	4.3	5.5	6.9	7.8	7.0
	15.1	16.7	15.2	16.3	17.5	17.6	40.1
	26.2	32.6	39.0	44.2	48.0	57.1	57.9
	13.2	29.2	24.3	28.3	23.8	26.7	27.0
,							
	11.9	19.3	21.4	16.6	23.6	22.2	21.1
	10.7	14.2	15.5	17.7	18.5	24.0	23.4
	13.2	11.3	17.2	26.5	40.0	43.1	40.2
	-	-	_	-	39.8	54.1	60.8
가	-	-	-	-	100.0	62.9	71.2
	-	-	-	-	35.4	41.5	47.9
	-	-	-	-	126.0	140.0	179.0
	-	-	-	-	233.0	283.0	299.0
	-	-	-	-	78.7	79.3	89.5

: , ^r , , .

3 가 가 . 1993 1999 , 가 가 가 가 가 300 180 가 . 1993 1999 가 가 가 , 3 가 가 . , 가 , 1997 가 가 1997 가 1999 71 100 2) (淺海), (入江)), (), 가 가 1978 10.6 ha 22

- 11 -

5.0%, 3.5%

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(: ha)

								가								
1978	100.6	10.0	1.3	1.3	0.0	70.0	2.7	-	-	-	-	-	67.4	19.3	17.1	2.2
(A)	(100)	(9.9)	(1.3)			(69.6)								(19.2)		
1983	183.0	42.1	21.3	20.3	0.9	102.0	0.2	0.2	14.1	18.6	6.0	24.9	36.6	17.6	12.5	5.2
1988	413.3	40.1	165.0	163.0	2.0	192.9	3.5	3.5	20.7	66.1	7.0	42.2	49.4	15.2	6.4	8.9
1994	653.5	56.7	160.2	150.7	9.5	379.9	21.9	21.9	28.1	184.9	13.1	61.4	78.6	35.1	18.2	13.5
1996	822.1	66.2	170.6	144.0	26.6	544.0	22.2	22.2	38.9	232.2	19.0	83.5	133.9	38.8	20.1	18.7
1998	1,004.4	68.0	218.8	194.6	24.2	658.0	24.8	24.8	43.8	295.2	18.9	100.9	159.3	48.2	23.7	24.5
1999	1,094.9	70.6	237.6	205.7	32.0	711.6	39.3	39.3	43.7	310.8	30.5	107.1	163.7	54.7	24.9	29.8
(B)	(100)	(6.4)	(21.7)			(65.0)								(5.0)		

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2. 1998 1999 994 ha 1,075 ha

가 . 1998 1999 , ,

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: , r , , . . .

- 13 -

1999 가 31.1 ha 가 , 가 18.8% 20.6 ha 28.4% 가 10.7 ha, 3.1 ha, 3.9 ha . 가 가 . 1999 974 34 (3.5%), 27 117 (12.0%) . (2.8%), (81.5%), 794 80%

가 .

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(: , %)

5

	1983	1987	1991	1995	1999
	555	1,001	1,905	4,123	9,743
	10	29	47	145	339
	9	153	220	78	171
	1	3	6	38	95
	10	156	226	116	266
	114	313	498	415	608
가	2	44	189	916	712
	89	134	165	307	479
	15	53	154	502	1,797
	11	33	42	92	188
	36	66	87	373	2,989
	26	69	100	494	1,162
	293	711	1,235	3,099	7,935
	231	179	357	644	895
	11	25	40	95	278
	242	204	397	739	1,173

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8)

. 1999

8) 1993 258,212 .

10% 2000 2,100 , 2010 2,500 10 가가 40 가 ha 8,563Kg, 1999 8,898Kg . 1999 1997 8,434Kg, 1998 가가 가 4.5 ha 가 4.5 ha .9) 가 .10) 가

가

20.5% **?**\text{\tiny{\tiny{\tiny{\tiny{\tiny{\tiny{\tiny{\text{\tiny{\text{\tiny{\tii}\tiny{\tiny{\tiny{\tiny{\tiny{\tiny{\tiny{\tiny{\tiny{\tiny{\tiny{\tiny{\tiny{\tiny{\tin

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60.7%가 ,

19

9) , ^r . J , KMI, 2001.

10) , r . , KMI, 2001.

- 16 -

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가 .

, 가 37.6% (14,776ha), 49.2% (19,325ha)가 .

가

가 (20.7%,3,400ha),

(49.3%, 21,549ha), (29.5%, 91,652ha),

(34.9%, 10,657ha), (40.9%, 43,790ha) .

6 .

(: ha)

1,094,946	70,637	237,633	711,568	54,667	20,441
4,302	1,449	2,506	-	-	347
59,891	2,910	20,628	36,068	-	285
229,489	1,728	37,555	171,134	4,344	11,851
705	-	705	-	-	-
115,167	1,267	12,560	93,713	67	1,674
87,512	4,111	21,273	55,655	1,267	5
122,304	7,636	19,188	76,669	6,754	396
224,090	4,620	62,475	138,697	12,429	4,100
180,089	42,865	39,962	95,113	-	1,276
58,597	2,953	12,418	42,719	-	507
13,070	1,098	8,363	1,800	-	-

: , ^r , 2000.

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1980 4.2Kg 10 1990 9.9Kg , 1999 25.9Kg . 19

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7 1 (: Kg)

	1970	1980	1990	1994	1999
(1)	3.7	4.2	9.9	17.0	25.9

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가 .

. 8 , 1980

1999 1 , 7 10Kg

가 ,

1980 1Kg 90 2Kg, 99 4Kg 4 7

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8 1

(: Kg/人)

1978	na	na	na	247.8	5.76	0.84
1980	na	na	na	257.0	7.75	1.10
1982	144.56	18.66	7.67	260.00	9.05	1.32
1984	142.08	19.86	7.80	267.00	10.62	1.74
1986	137.88	21.60	8.16	259.00	11.79	1.87
1988	137.17	19.75	7.07	260.00	10.71	1.91
1990	130.72	21.74	7.69	262.08	11.34	2.13
1992	111.50	21.41	8.19	250.50	11.83	2.25
1994	101.67	20.22	8.53	260.56	11.00	2.68
1996	94.68	20.36	9.25	256.19	12.90	3.37
1998	86.72	19.22	9.84	249.28	13.20	3.31
1999	84.91	20.00	10.34	247.45	13.87	3.82

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가 .

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1995 1 400π ,

1/10 30元 10 가 .

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가 가 . 9 1

가 1999 1 25.9Kg . 2005

50% 가 38.9Kg .

9

 $(\quad : Kg, \quad M/T)$

	1			1	
1998	24.2	2,827	2004	36.4	4,249
1999	25.9	3,025	2005	38.9	4,548

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: , ^r

, 1997.

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2005 .

10

(: M/T)

1995	2,840	2,305	535
2000	3,696	3,238	458
2005	4,200	4,548	- 348

: , 가1.1%, 가 7%

: , ^r

, 1997.

3. (1) 1995 38 8 . 1999 가 3 6 1 1,000 가 13 1.5 , (1998) 1.4 2.1 0.8 3.0 3.6 , 가 가 9.2 가 (5.3) 15.0% 가 . 1997 , 6.2 가 15.0% 가 가 가 가 가 가가

가 가

가

가

11 가

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	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999
가	2,087,284	1,737,735	1,885,477	1,736,684	1,785,789
	428,109	232,288	239,700	215,154	159,605
	984,623	865,149	895,900	737,105	839,245
	123,595	209,525	253,362	170,755	362,709
	51,049	34,959	52,387	38,343	31,530
	30,734	20,201	18,308	11,247	11,291
	8,331	8,610	9,339	10,627	17,202
	23,589	17,902	33,661	113,382	63,833
	26,626	31,542	31,357	20,158	20,371
	7,194	6,670	12,635	22,384	13,954
	27,353	15,322	38,953	64,476	61,724
	13,578	14,185	15,673	20,745	20,253
	252,246	198,354	208,732	230,189	273,298
	1,3867	30,777	27,084	23,579	779

: 1999 1,000 가 .

: , ^r , , 2000.

(2)

1, 2, 가 1992 가 3 11) , 1 2 가

1)

(Quota)

가

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WTO 가

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13) 王紹熙, "中國對外貿易理論化政策", 中國對外經濟貿易出版社, 1990.

- 27 -

가 가 가 가 가 가 가 가 가 가 , , , 가 가 가 가 가 (CIF) 5) (1996. 7. 1) 가 가

13% .

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	HS			
()	03074900	25	17	46.25
(,)	03079199	30	13/17	46.9/48.1
()	03036000	20	17	40.4
(/ ,	03079990	30	17	52.1
()	03019990	15	13	29.95
()	03079990	30	13	52.1
()	03033100	20	17	40.4
()	03037910	20	17	40.4
()	03049000	30	17	52.1
()	03033900	20	17	40.4

: 1.

2. , 가 13% , · 가 17% .

: , ^r2000 , , 2000.

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1. •

7† 1,504 , 1,411 93 . IT

가 ,

. 1,274 , 1,648

374 . 가

가 . . .

13 (2001)

(: , %)

가 (A)	(B)	(B/A)
150,439	1,274	0.85
141,098	1,648	1.17
9,341	374	

: , 2001.

15% 1,274

17% 7h 1,648 374

.

가

15% 가,

가 17%

가 .

14

(: \$, %)

1999	2000	2001
1,521	1,505	1,274
1,179	1,411	1,648
342	94	374

: , 2001.

42% 53,673 34%

55,709 .

. 67% 가 474,045 30% 가 634,449

. 가

1 가 .

15 (: ,)

1999	53,100	58,854	295,713	413,270	- 242,613	- 354,416	
2000	93,134	84,090	283,421	486,841	- 190,287	- 402,751	
2001	53,673	55,709	474,045	634,449	- 420,372	- 578,740	

: , 2000.

16% 1,274

•

34% 56 4.4% 15)

. 17% 가

1,648 가

. 32% 가 643

38.5%

- 33 -

16 (:)

	1999		20	00	2001	
(A)	1,521	1,179	1,505	1,411	1,274	1,648
(B)	59	413	84	487	56	643
B/A	3.9	35.1	5.6	34.5	4.4	38.5

: , 2000.

, , , ,

가 .

. 가

45.7%

, , , , . . 가

26.9%

17

(: , , , %)

		1999			2000			2001	
			가			가			가
	53,100	58,854	1,108	93,134	84,090	902	53,673	55,709	1,037
	(100)	(100)	,	(100)	(100)		(100)	(100)	,
()	30,740	21,121	687	69,253	45,121	651	36,057	25,525	707
	(57.9)	(35.9)	007	(74.4)	(53.7)	031	(67.2)	(45.8)	707
()	1,486	2,754	1,853	3,674	5,958	1,621	2,532	5,022	1,983
()	(2.8)	(4.7)	1,033	(3.9)	(7.1)	1,021	(4.7)	(9.0)	1,965
()	62	94	1,516	332	425	1,280	3,073	3,742	1 2 1 7
()	(0.1)	(0.2)	1,510	(0.4)	(0.5)	1,200	(5.7)	(6.7)	1,217
	4,468	4,424	990	1,499	1,609	1,073	3,230	3,290	1,018
()	(8.4)	(7.5)	990	(1.6)	(1.9)	1,073	(6.0)	(5.9)	1,016
	636	3,924	6,169	726	3,782	5,209	284	1,783	6,278
()	(1.2)	(6.7)	0,109	(0.8)	(4.5)	3,209	(0.5)	(3.2)	0,278
	15,708	26,537	1,689	17,650	27,195	1,540	8,497	16,347	1,923
	(29.6)	(45.1)	1,009	(20.0)	(32.3)	1,540	(15.8)	(29.3)	1,923

: , 2000.

(: , , , %)

		1999			2000			2001	
			가			가			가
	295,713 (100)	413,270 (100)	1,397	283,421 (100)	486,841 (100)	1,171	474,045 (100)	634,449 (100)	1,338
()	54,181 (18.3)	130,994 (31.7)	2,417	60,554 (21.4)	147,169 (30.2)	2,430	79,259 (16.7)	170,839 (26.9)	2,155
()	27,953 (9.5)	43,598 (10.5)	1,559	24,342 (8.6)	38,286 (7.9)	1,572	31,223 (6.6)	50,330 (7.9)	1,611
()	9,275 (3.1)	23,733 (5.7)	2,558	12,699 (4.5)	34,040 (7.0)	2,680	22,195 (4.7)	45,794 (7.2)	2,063
()	90 (0.0)	14 (0.0)	155	60,196 (21.2)	11,808 (2.4)	196	166,897 (35.2)	43,860 (6.9)	262
()	16,682 (5.6)	13,095 (3.2)	784	17,952 (6.3)	18,275 (3.8)	1,017	16,766 (3.5)	24,836 (3.9)	1,481
	210,320 (71.1)	209,578 (50.7)	996	134,430 (47.4)	246,665 (50.7)	1,834	173,579 (36.6)	300,756 (40.4)	1,732

: , 2000.

18

10% 30% 가 . 가 가 가 가 . . 가 가 ,

가 .

WTO가 ,

19 1998 RCA . RCA 2.80 .

RCA 가 ,

.

19

RCA							
1996	1997	1998	1996	1997	1998		
0.62	0.52	1.06	0.21	0.09	0.07		
0.46	0.40	0.60	2.20	1.85	2.09		
30.91	32.94	37.19	n.a	n.a	n.a		
n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a	n.a		
9.21	7.89	7.88	0.59	1.01	2.80		
25.64	34.58	36.36	n.a	n.a	n.a		
1.75	3.32	2.76	n.a	n.a	n.a		
22.56	23.76	26.28	0.81	0.57	0.43		
2.31	2.23	2.10	0.00	0.01	0.02		

: , г . 」, KMI, 2001.

가

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1.

. 가

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가 가 .

. 가가

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가 · · 가

. (Relative Market

Intensity Index: RMI)

. 5

(Revealed Comparative Advantage Index: RCA)

. (Trade Specialization Coefficient : TSC)

- 39 -

(1)

- -.

20 (: , %)

(A)	(B)	B/A
1,393	38	2.7
2,945	102	3.5
720	195	27.1

: 1999 .

: Yearbook of Fishery Statistics, ^rTrade and Production _J , FAO, 2001.

21 . . . 1999

가 - -

,

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21

(: , %)

(A)	(B)	B/ A
1,140	386	33.9
9,407	353	3.8
14,748	1,752	11.9

: 1999

: Yearbook of Fishery Statistics, Trade and Production J, FAO, 2001.

(2)

1)

22 1999

9 .

가 2 , , , 4 , ,

, 3 , , 가 2

7 , , , 44%

22 (: , %)

	1998	1999
0201 (37,605,000	193,786,000
0301 ()	(5.6)	(21.8)
0302 (,)	448,075,000	430,493,000
0303 ()		
0304 (,)	(66.7)	(48.5)
0305 (, ,	31,912,000	32,184,000
)	(4.8)	(3.6)
0306 ()	149,410,000	225,096,000
0307 ()	(22.2)	(25.3)
1604 1605 (4,754,000	6,696,000
1604, 1605 ()	(0.7)	(0.8)
	671,756,000	888,255,000
	(100.0)	(100.0)

: KOTIS, 「 」, 2000 .

- 42 -

· · · 6

7

• • 4 8

72%

. 62% 가 ,

•

 $23 \qquad \cdot \quad \cdot \quad 3 \qquad (1999 \quad)$

(: , %)

가	3			
0301	105,958,219	2,093,658	3,841,195	100,023,366
0301	(100.0)	(2.0)	(3.6)	(94.4)
0302	75,709,201	10,233,317	31,494,714	33,981,170
0303	(100.0)	(13.5)	(41.6)	(44.9)
0304	(100.0)	(13.3)	(41.0)	(44.9)
0305	21,769,024	74,374	313,197	21,381,453
0303	(100.0)	(0.3)	(1.4)	(98.2)
0306	67,447,028	22,996,959	18,971,850	25,478,219
0307	(100.0)	(34.1)	(28.1)	(37.8)
1604	4,827,408	270,223	419,263	4,137,922
1605	(100.0)	(5.6)	(8.7)	(85.7)
	275,710,880	35,668,531	55,040,219	185,002,130
	(100.0)	(12.9)	(20.0)	(67.1)

: KOTIS, 「 」, 2000 .

2)

. 40%

.

24 (1999) (: , %)

278,532,392 (62.5)	
38,074,052 (8.5)	
62,570,589 (14.0)	
52,013,876 (11.7)	
14,304,115 (3.2)	
445,495,024 (100.0)	

: KOTIS, 「 」, 2000 .

1999 25

, , , , ,

50% . 21%

(:)

7,489,097 (42.4)
4,147,863 (23.5)
3,403,659 (19.3)
2,046,266 (11.6)
583,991 (3.3)
17,670,876 (100.0)

: KOTIS, 「 」, 2000 .

25

1999 26

가 , , , ,

72% . 가

28%, 23%

26

(: , %)

가	15,385,026 (38.9)	
	12,748,531 (32.3)	
	4,382,221 (11.1)	
	3,539,509 (9.0)	
	3,471,384 (8.8)	
	39,526,671 (100.0)	

: KOTIS, 「 」, 2000 .

1999 27

, , , , ,

26% . 가

20%

27

(: , %)

99,971,443 (78.8)	
12,440,375 (9.8)	
6,617,566 (5.2)	
5,709,157 (14.5)	
2,162,951 (1.7)	
126,901,492 (100.0)	

: KOTIS, 「」, 2000 .

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1 2

. , 가 ,

•

(3)

1)

(RMI)

(RCA) (TSC) .

1 (RMI) 가 가 가 (1) $RMI_i = \left(\frac{EX_{ij}}{EX_i} \frac{/IM_j}{TIM}\right) = \left(\frac{EX_{ij}}{IM_j} / \frac{EX_i}{TIM}\right) \times 100$ - - - - - - - - - - - (1) 가 RMIi 100 가 , RMIi 100 RMI2 (RCA) 가 가 (Revealed Comparative Advantage Balassa (1965) : RCA . RCA)

가

가

, 가

. RCA

가

(RCA) (2) .

 $R CA_{ij} = \frac{X_{ij} / X_{i}}{X_{ij} / X_{w}} \qquad (2)$ $X_{ij} : \qquad \qquad i \qquad j$ $X_{i} : \qquad \qquad j$ $X_{w} : \qquad \qquad j$

RCAij 1 フト .

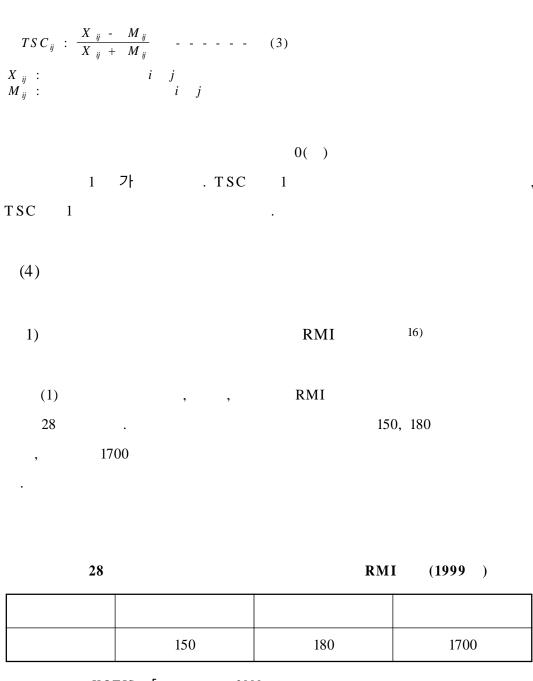
③ (T SC)

, , 가 (가 .

, 가 가 .

가 .

(TSC) (3)



: : KOTIS, 「 」, 2000 .

16) 1999 RMI .

2) RCA

(2) 1999 10 , ,

RCA 29 .

29 RCA (1999)

4.1	4.1	4.1
6.1	6.2	6.1
18.1	18.6	18.5
0	40.7	30.0
22.4	21.7	21.7

: KOTIS, 「 」, 2000 .

1999 1 RCA 4.1

.

가 가 .

RCA 6.1 6.2 .

RCA 가 18.1 18.6

RCA

가 가 .

RCA (40.7) - (30.0)

가 .

21.7 22.4

가 가

- 50 -

3) TSC

(3) 1999 10 , , , TSC 30 .

가

, 가 . .

.

가 ,

가 .

,

, , 가

, ,

30 TSC (1999)

0.1	0.1	0.1
- 0.6	1.0	0.4
0.9	- 0.5	- 0.9
- 1.0	- 4.5	- 0.9
- 1.0	0.9	- 0.6

: KOTIS, 「」, 2000 .

2.

가 . 가 .

가

가 . 가

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가 가 .

wto 가

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- 52 -

가가

가가

가

WTO WTO 가 가 .

WTO 가 가 가 가 .

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WTO 가 ,

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가 , WTO 가

가 .

가 . · · · RMI, RCA, TSC

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가 가 . 가

가 . 가 . 가

가

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1999 RMI, RCA, TSC

가 .

RMI, RCA, TSC

가 , 1999. , 1997. , 1997. WTO가 , 1999. , 1994. , "UR 1994. , 1997. , 2001.

- 56 -

1999.

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http://www.kmi.re.kr ()

http://www.afmc.co.kr (

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