

教育學碩士 學位論文

韓國產 類 3種 (*Enteromorpha intestinalis*,
E. compressa, *Ulva conglobata*)

照度 溫度

2002年 2月

釜慶大學校 教育大學院

科學教育(生物)專攻

方 弘 珪

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指導教授 南 基 完

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2001 年 12月

主 審

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Abstract

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Effects of Irradiance and Temperature on the Growth of Germlings and Seasonal Variations of Biomass in Three Ulvacean Species from Korea

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Abstract

Effects of light and temperature on the growth of the germlings of three Korean Ulvacean (Chlorophyta) species, *Ulva conglobata* Kjellman, *Enteromorpha compressa* (L.) Greville and *E. intestinalis* (L.) Link, were examined in culture. Monthly variations of their field populations were also monitored by measurement of frequency, coverage and biomass at Cheongsapo near Busan, Korea from May to September 2001.

For culture experiments, fertile fronds of each species were collected from Cheongsapo in March for *E. intestinalis*, in May for *E. compressa* and August for *Ulva conglobata*. The plants were transported to the laboratory and rinsed with autoclaved seawater. Release of zoospores were induced from the fronds under 20 , 60 $\mu\text{mol m}^{-2}\text{s}^{-1}$. Zoospore suspensions were inoculated into Petri dishes containing cut-slide

glasses and PES medium, and then cultured for 7 days on a temperature-irradiance gradient table with five temperatures (8, 13, 18, 23 and 32 °C) and four irradiance levels (40, 60, 80, 100 $\mu\text{mol m}^{-2}\text{s}^{-1}$).

In culture, the growth of germlings of the three species was influenced by both irradiance and temperature. At 32 °C, the germlings of *E. compressa* and *E. intestinalis* died within 1 week at all irradiance levels tested, but those of *U. conglobata* survived and grew. Maximal growth of germlings occurred at 18 °C and 100 $\mu\text{mol m}^{-2}\text{s}^{-1}$ for the two *Enteromorpha* species, and at 23 °C and 100 $\mu\text{mol m}^{-2}\text{s}^{-1}$ for *U. conglobata*. At all temperatures, the growth of the germlings of the three species was stimulated with increasing of the irradiance levels.

In field populations, three species co-occurred in the upper intertidal zone from March to May, but since June 2001 *U. conglobata* was dominantly observed with increasing of seawater temperature. Both in culture and field populations, the germlings of *U. conglobata* grew better at higher temperatures than those of *E. compressa* and *E. intestinalis*. This suggests that growth responses of germlings of *U. conglobata* to temperature are different from those of the latter two species, and that these physiological differences determine their abundances in the field populations.

In conclusion, growth of germings of the three Ulvacean species (*U. conglobata*, *E. compressa*, *E. intestinalis*) was influenced by irradiance and temperature, and particularly, temperature was significant for their growth.

, , ,
 (Round, 1981), (Bliding,
 1963).
 .
 (Lobban and Harrison, 1994). ,
 ,
 . Raven and Smith (1977)
 , Wiencke and Lauchli
 (1980) , Henry (1988)
 .
 (Mathieson and Norall, 1975)
 (Dawes *et al.*, 1976) .
 Woodhead and Moss (1975)
 Ohno *et al.* (1981) , , .
 (Kapuraun, 1970; Innes and Yarish, 1984) .
 Kim *et al.* (1991) Kim and Lee (1996)

(Ulvaceae) 3 , (*Ulva conglobata* Kjellman),
 [*Enteromorpha compressa* (L.) Greville], [*E. intestinalis* (L.)
 Link]
 , , 3 (abundance)
 ,
 .

•

1.

(Ulvaceae) 3 (*Ulva conglobata* Kjellman),
[*Enteromorpha compressa* (L.) Greville], [*E. intestinalis*
(L.) Link] 2001 3 9
(Fig. 1).
16 25 × 25 cm
Braun-Blanquet
.
(Saito and Atobe, 1970), 6 .
,
, (g/m²) .
(National Fisheries Research and
Development) 2001
(Appendix I).



Fig. 1. Map showing the sampling site (arrow) at Cheongsapo near Busan, Korea.

2.

2001 3, 5 ,
8 (Fig. 1),
.
200 ml
가 , 20 , 60 μ
 $\text{mol m}^{-2}\text{s}^{-1}$ 48 (Altamirano, 2000).
(Olympus BX 50) ,
(Hemocytometer) 4
가 $98,000 \pm 6,000$
 ml^{-1} (Mean $\pm$ SD, n=4), 가 $103,000 \pm 7,000 \text{ ml}^{-1}$, 가 $93,000$
 $\pm 12,000 \text{ ml}^{-1}$.
5 ml (50 ml)
(2 $\times$ 2 cm) ($\varnothing 9$) . 1 ,
(Callow, 1997), 2 200 ml
PES (Provasoli, 1968; Appendix II) 가 .
(GeO_2)
 5mg l^{-1} 가 .
가 (germlings)
8, 13, 18, 23, 32 40, 60, 80, 100 $\mu\text{mol m}^{-2}\text{s}^{-1}$

· (Fig. 2) 12:12h L:D (Light: Dark)
 7 ,
 ·
 가 (n=80)
 (Olympus BX50) , 3
 (Relative Growth Rate)

$$RGR = \ln (L_2/L_1) \cdot T^{-1}$$

(L_1 : , L_2 : 7 , T :)

3.

3
 (two-way ANOVA, Microsoft 2000 Excel) .
 Homogeneity of variance Cochran's test
 . 가 ,
 Tukey HSD (Honest Significant Difference)
 (Sokal and Rohlf, 1981; Zar, 1984).

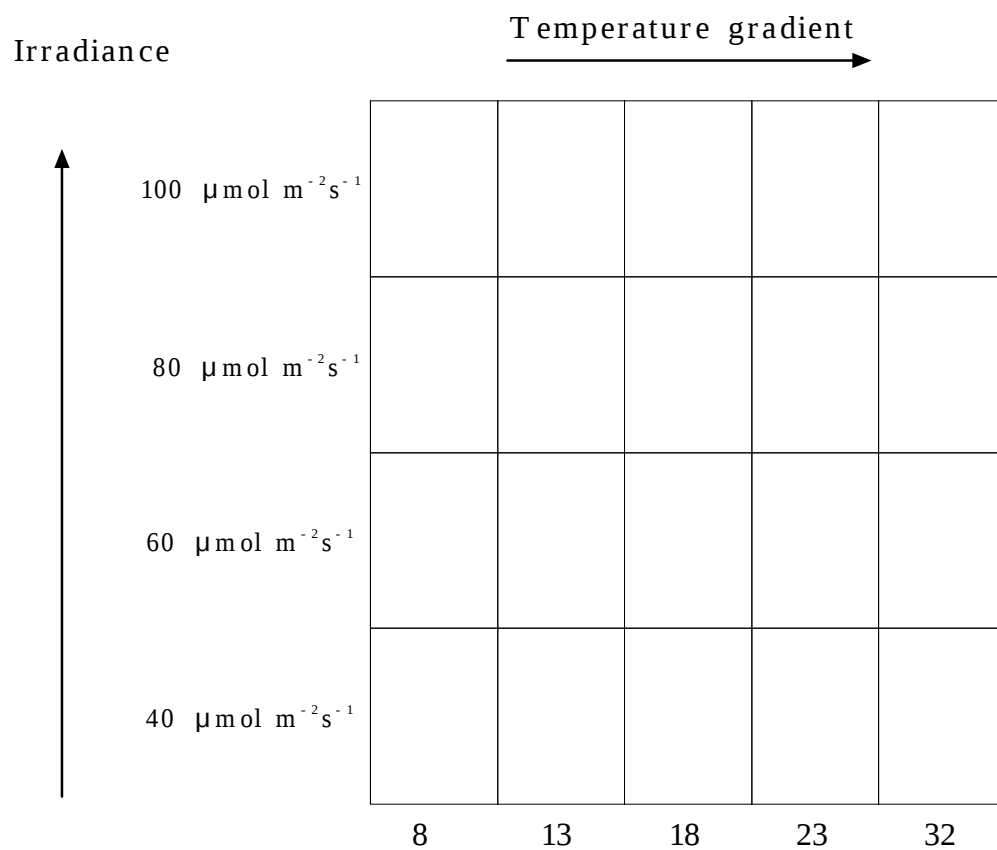


Fig. 2. The temperature-irradiance gradient table used for culture experiments.

.

1.

, ,
 . (3 9)
 11.9 25.1 , 3 9
 가 0 44.25% (n=6), 가 0 39.11%,
 가 2.54 62.40% , 가 0 83.33% (n=6),
 가 0 69.79%, 가 15.63 100% ,
 0 17.08 (g/m²), 0 16.92 (g/m²), 3.1
 2 12.84 (g/m²) . ,
 18 5 , 가
 , 19 6 . 3 3 5
 , 3 가 4, 5 가 .
 3 , , 6

(Fig. 3).

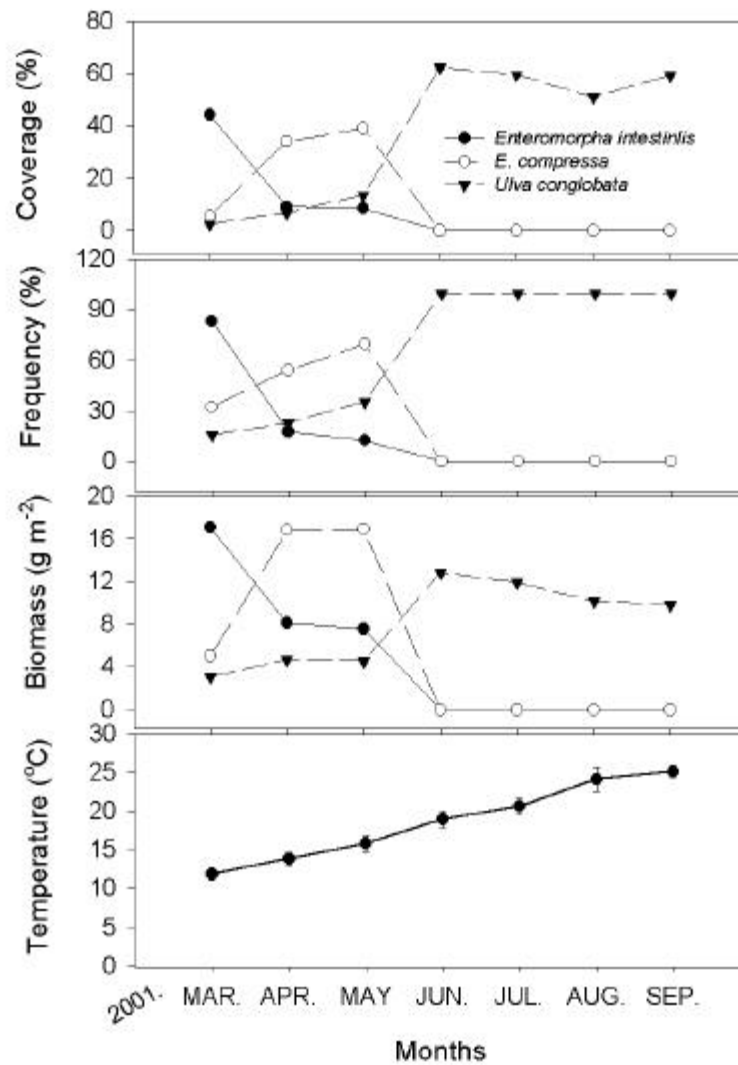


Fig. 3. Monthly variations of seawater temperature, coverage, frequency and biomass of *Enteromorpha intestinalis*, *E. compressa* and *Ulva conglobata* at Cheongsapo near Busan, Korea.

2.

1)

(24:0h L:D), 20
 , 3
 3 , 3 (n = 80)
 가 $8.78 \pm 1.26 \mu\text{m}$ (Mean $\pm$ SD), 가 $9.22 \pm 1.17 \mu\text{m}$,
 가 $6.78 \pm 1.14 \mu\text{m}$ (Fig. 4).

2)

(8 32) (40 100 μmol
 $\text{m}^{-2}\text{s}^{-1}$) , 32
 .
 , 7 Fig. 5 .
 가 (8 23) 가 .
 8 18 ,
 23 18 .
 18 100 $\mu\text{mol m}^{-2}\text{s}^{-1}$. 7
 , $377.25 \pm 109.04 \mu\text{m}$ (Mean $\pm$
 SD, n=80) . 18 (8, 13, 2
 3) 가 가 , 100 $\mu\text{mol m}^{-2}\text{s}^{-1}$

7 $47.72 \pm 6.28 \mu\text{m}$, $187.75 \pm 59.09 \mu\text{m}$, $255.50 \pm 48.68 \mu\text{m}$.

(RGR) 18 $0.38 \text{ } 0.54 \text{ day}^{-1}$
, 8 $0.13 \text{ } 0.24 \text{ day}^{-1}$, 13 $0.32 \text{ } 0.42 \text{ day}^{-1}$, 23 0.32
 0.43 day^{-1} (Fig. 6).
(two-way ANOVA) Table 1 .

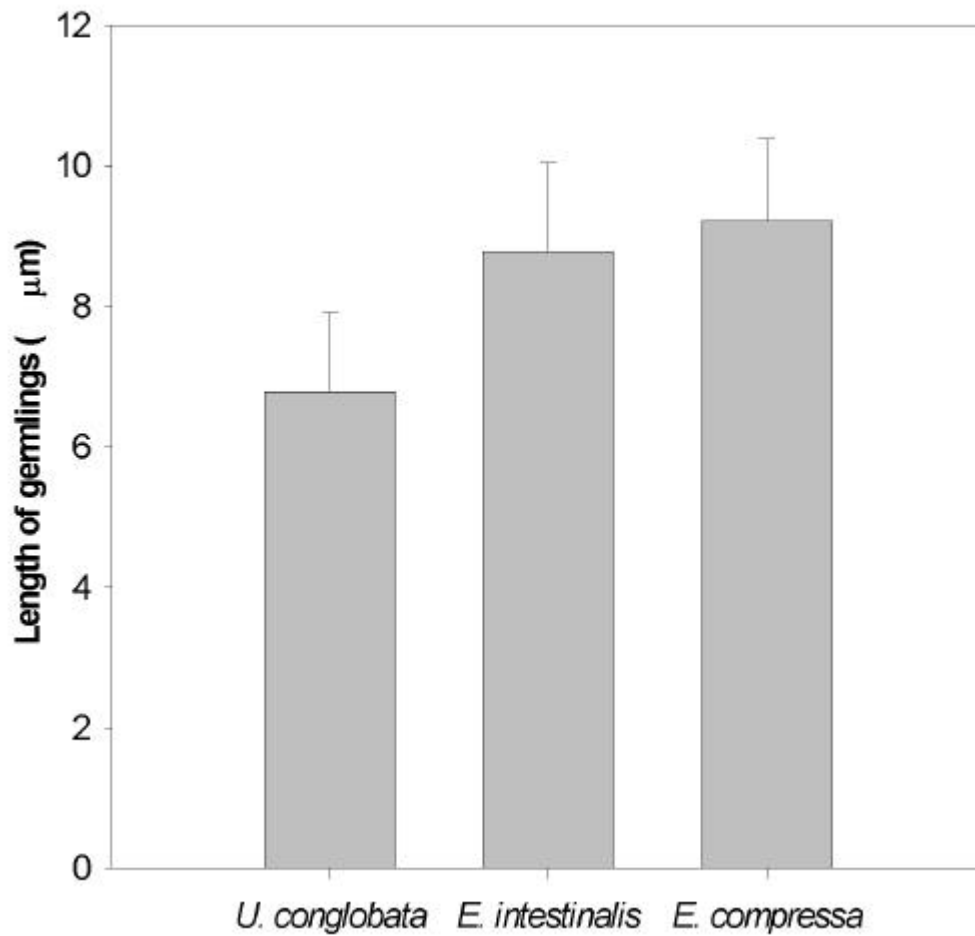


Fig. 4. Mean lengths of germlings (n=80) attached on experimental slide glasses after 3 h from inoculation. Bars represent standard deviation.

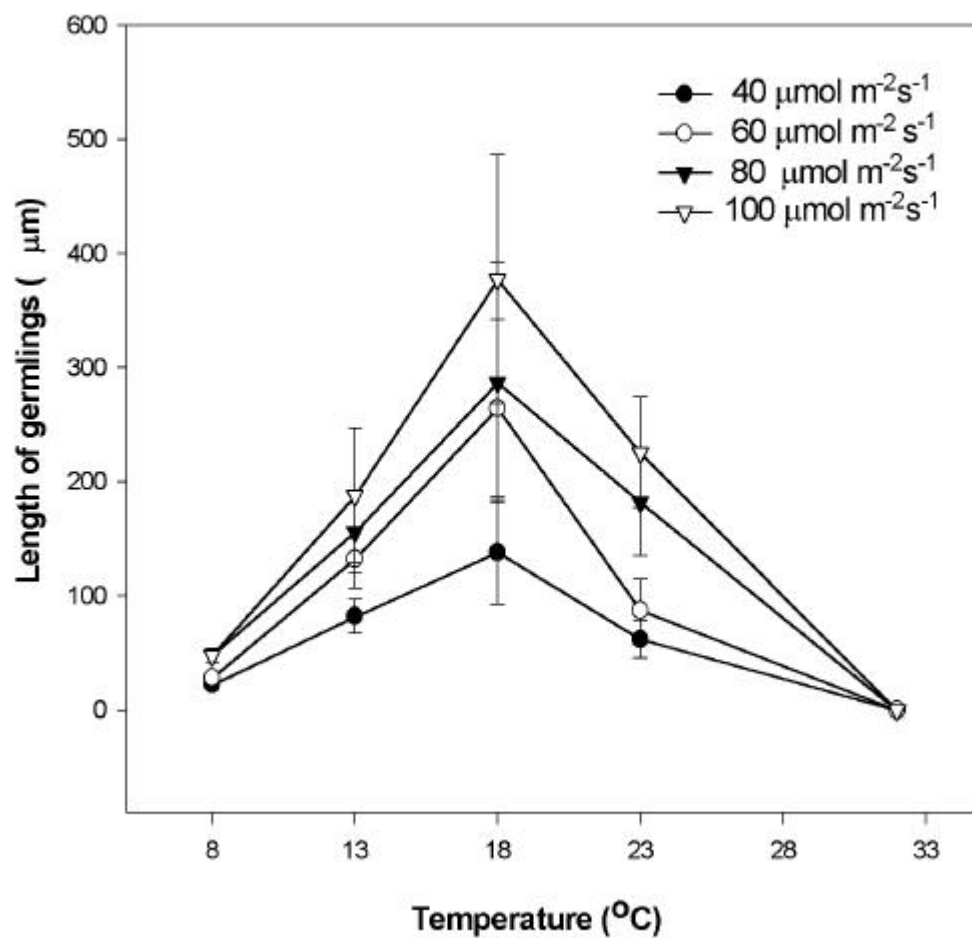


Fig. 5. Mean lengths of germlings of *Enteromorpha intestinalis* grown at various irradiances and temperatures for 7 days. Bars represent standard errors.

3)

Fig. 7

가 , 8 23 가

, 8 18

, 23

18 $100 \mu \text{mol m}^{-2} \text{s}^{-1}$

7 , $438 \pm 82.83 \mu \text{m}$ (Mean $\pm$ SD, n=80) . 8 , 13 ,

23 $100 \mu \text{mol m}^{-2} \text{s}^{-1}$ 가

, $49.16 \pm 4.83 \mu \text{m}$, $161 \pm 34.27 \mu \text{m}$, $286.25 \pm 70.87 \mu \text{m}$

7 18

$0.40 \sim 0.55 \text{ day}^{-1}$, 8 $0.10 \sim 0.24 \text{ day}^{-1}$, 13 $0.30 \sim 0.40$

day^{-1} , 23 $0.32 \sim 0.43 \text{ day}^{-1}$ (Fig. 8).

(two-way ANOVA) ,

가 (Table 2).

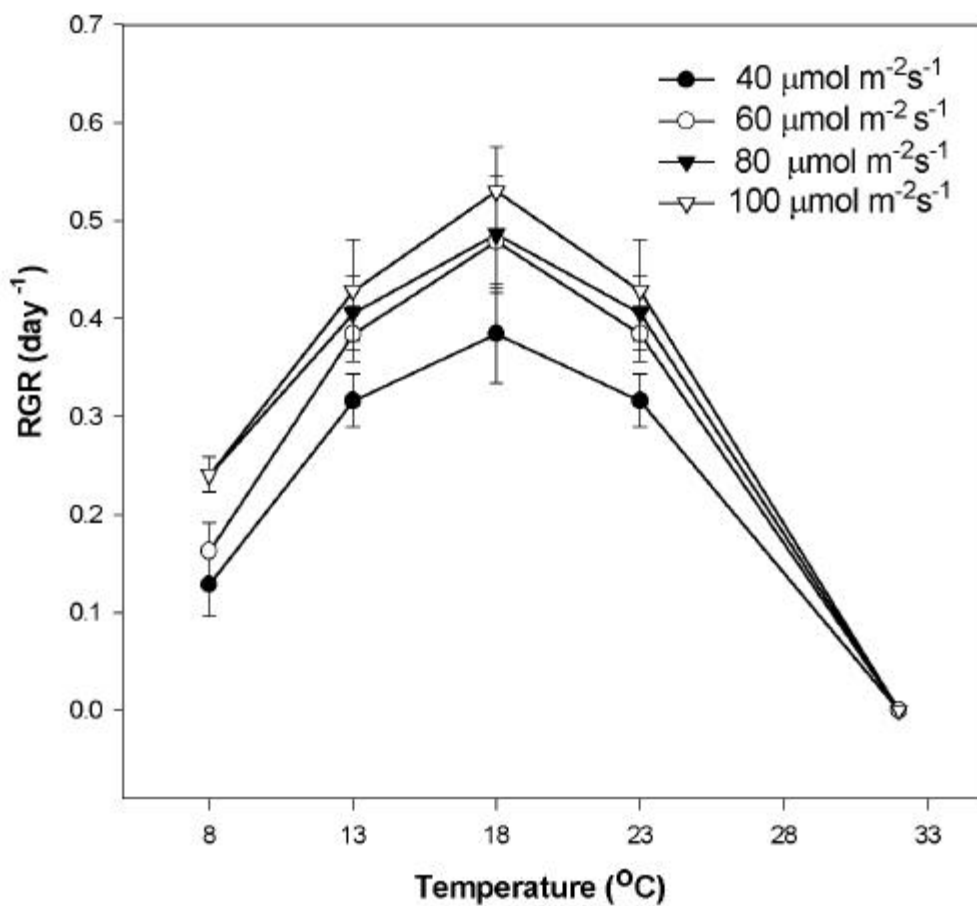


Fig. 6. Relative growth rates (RGR) of germlings of *Enteromorpha intestinalis* at various irradiances and temperature regimes. Bars represent standard errors.

Table 1. Analysis of variance (ANOVA) for the effects of irradiance and temperature on germling growth in *Enteromorpha intestinalis*

Source of variaton	df	Sum of sqares	Mean square	F -ratio	P
Temperature	3	12.96	4.32	2550.78	0.01
Irradiance	3	3.66	1.22	720.32	0.01
Interaction	9	0.43	0.05	28.36	0.01
Residuals	1264	2.14	0.001		
Total	1279	19.20			

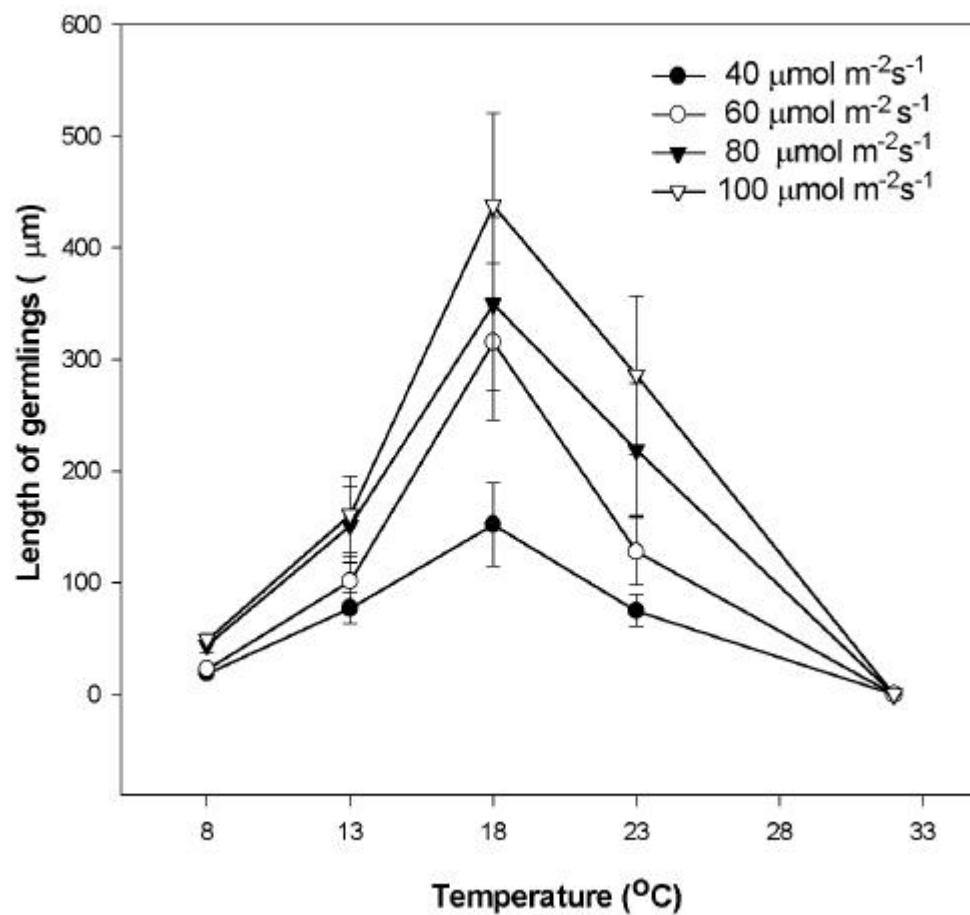


Fig. 7. Mean lengths of germlings of *Enteromorpha compressa* grown at various irradiances and temperatures for 7 days. Bars represent standard errors.

4)

7 (U.

conglobata) Fig. 9 .

18 , 23

, 32 가 . , 8

가 , .

, .

23 $100 \mu\text{mol m}^{-2}\text{s}^{-1}$,

7 $559.99 \pm 61.09 \mu\text{m}$ (Mean $\pm$ SD, n=80) .

(13, 18, 32) $100 \mu\text{mol m}^{-2}\text{s}^{-1}$

, $155.50 \pm$

$33.11 \mu\text{m}$, $486.75 \pm 56.99 \mu\text{m}$, $108 \pm 38.95 \mu\text{m}$. , 8

.

23 $0.52 - 0.63 \text{ day}^{-1}$, 8 0.0001

day^{-1} , 13 $0.27 - 0.44 \text{ day}^{-1}$, 18 $0.45 - 0.60 \text{ day}^{-1}$,

32 $0.34 - 0.39 \text{ day}^{-1}$ (Fig. 10).

(two-way ANOVA) Table 3 .

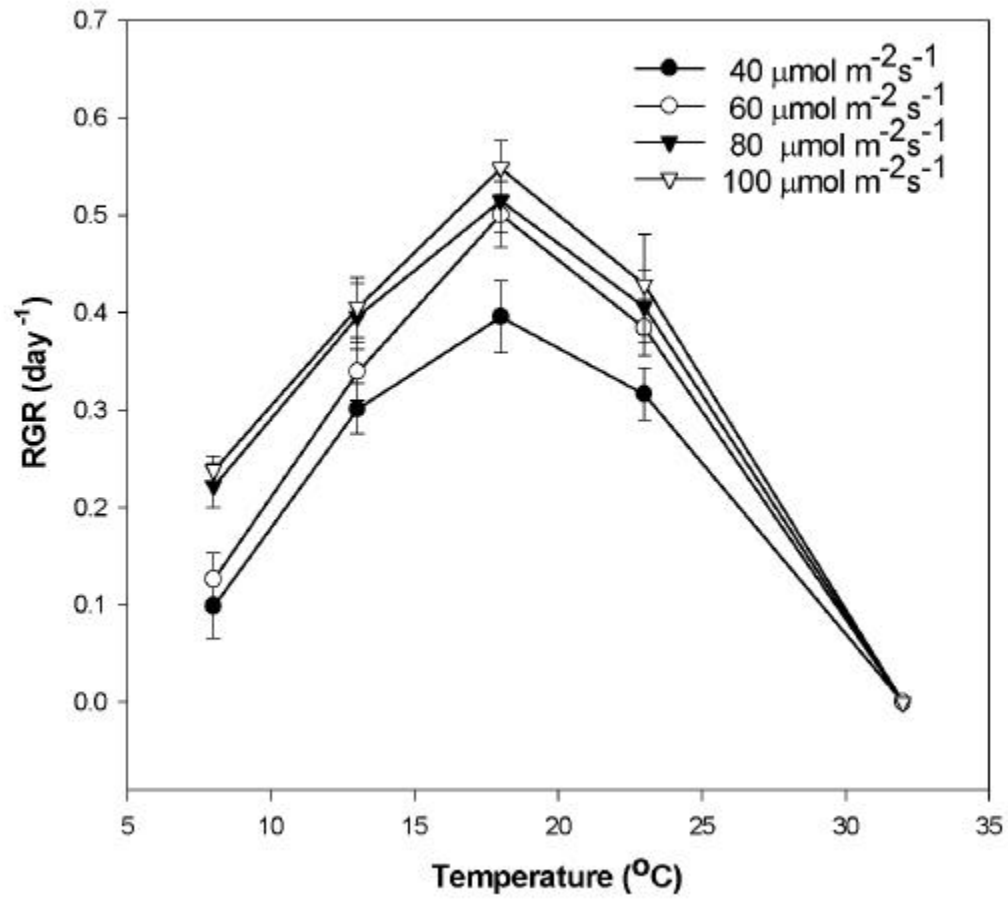


Fig. 8. Relative growth rates (RGR) of germlings of *Enteromorpha compressa* at various irradiances and temperature regimes. Bars represent standard errors.

Table 2. ANOVA test for the effects of irradiance and temperature on the growth of germlings in *Enteromorpha compressa*

Factor	df	Sum of squares	Mean square	F - ratio	P
Temperature	3	17.31	5.77	5822.15	0.001
Irradiance	3	4.14	1.38	1391.17	0.001
Interaction	9	0.33	0.04	37.46	0.001
Residuals	1264	1.25	0.001		
Total	1279	23.03			

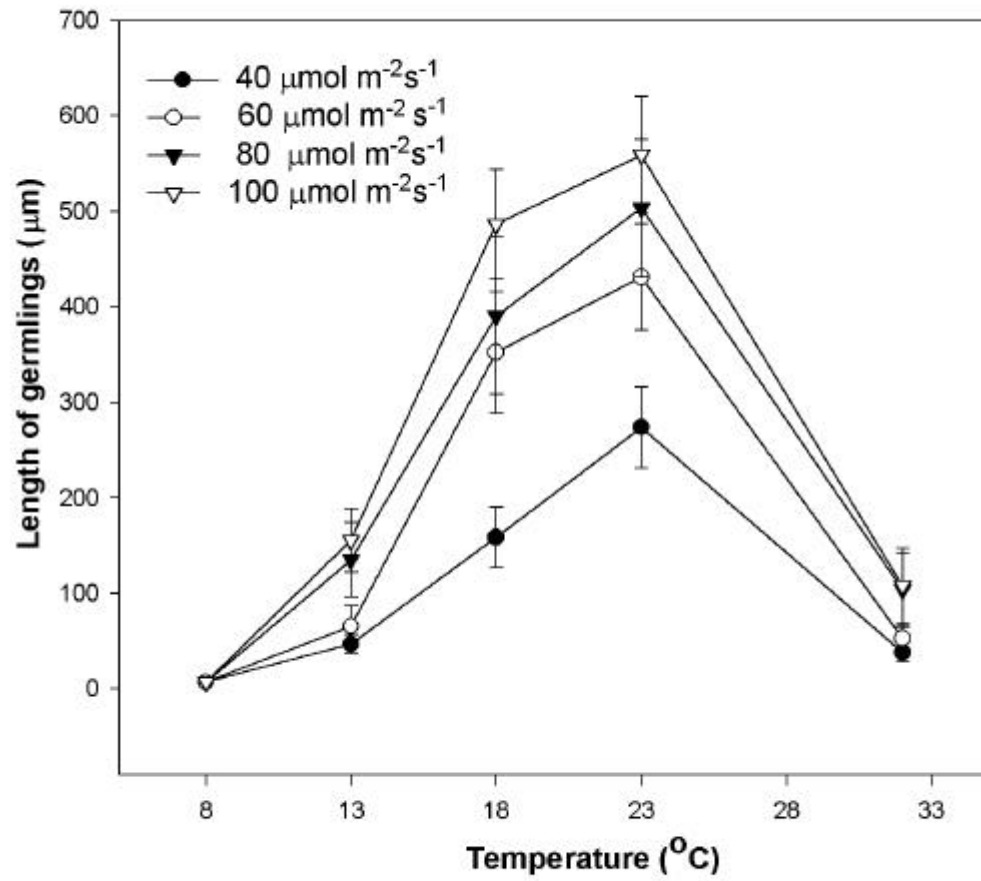


Fig. 9. Mean lengths of germlings of *Ulva conglobata* grown at various irradiances and temperatures for 7 days. Bars represent standard errors.

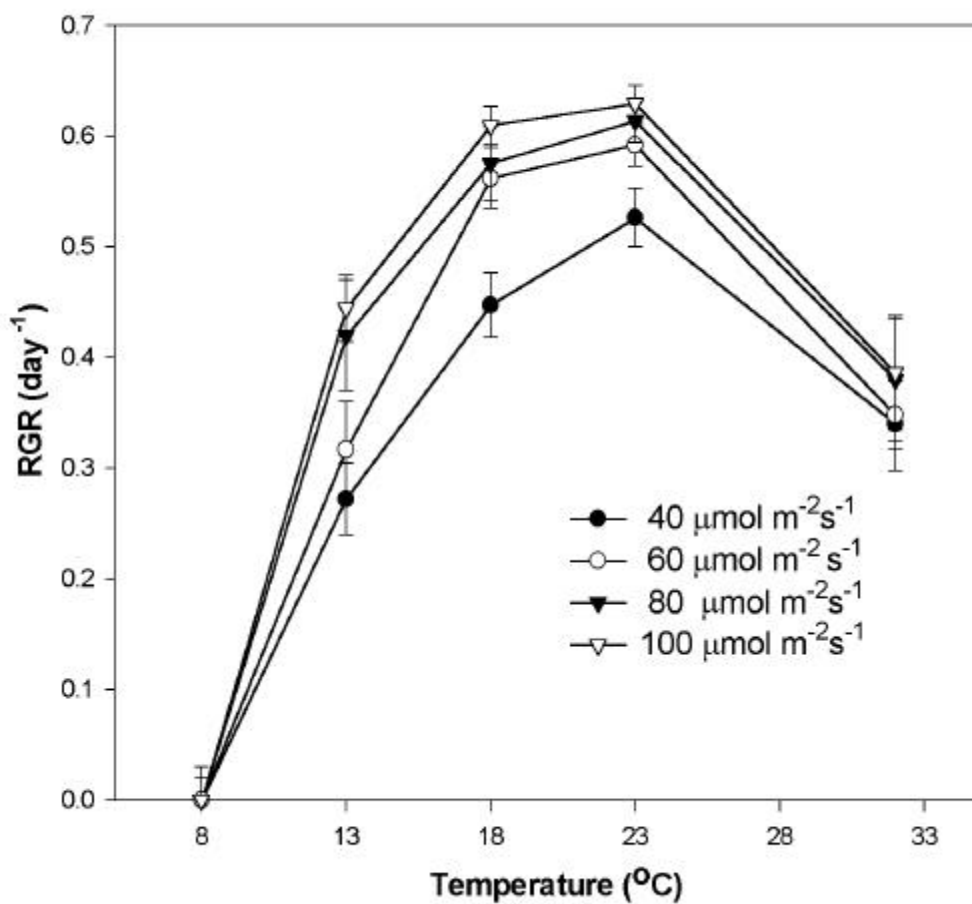


Fig. 10. Relative growth rates (RGR) of germlings of *Ulva conglobata* at various irradiances and temperature regimes. Bars represent standard errors.

Table 3. ANOVA test for the effects of irradiance and temperature on the growth of germlings in *Ulva conglobata*

Source of variato	df	Sum of squares	Mean square	F - ratio	P
Temperature	3	12.96	4.32	2550.78	0.01
Irradiance	3	3.66	1.22	720.32	0.01
Interaction	9	0.43	0.05	28.36	0.01
Residuals	1264	2.14	0.001		
Total	1279	19.20			

Table 4. ANOVA test on the effects of irradiance and species on the relative growth rate (day^{-1}) of *Enteromorpha intestinalis*, *Enteromorpha compressa* and *Ulva conglobata*

Factor	df	Sum of squares	Mean square	F-ratio	P
Irradiance	3	11.38	3.79	143.89	0.001
Species	2	0.11	0.05	2.00	0.05
Interaction	6	0.03	0.004	0.16	0.05
Residuals	3828	100.92	0.03		
Total	3839	112.43			

Table 5. ANOVA test on the effects of temperature and species on the relative growth rate (day^{-1}) of *Enteromorpha intestinalis*, *Enteromorpha compressa* and *Ulva conglobata*

Factor	df	Sum of squares	Mean square	F-ratio	P
Irradiance	3	80.05	26.68	5643.34	0.001
Species	2	0.17	0.05	11.23	0.001
Interaction	6	14.16	2.36	499.05	0.001
Residuals	3828	18.10	0.04		
Total	3839	112.41			

•

(*Enteromorpha*)

가 (Arasaki

and Shihira, 1959), (*Ulva*)

(Kang, 1968). , 3

가 ,

. (Breeman *et al.*, 1988),

가

(Edwards, 1971; Gwinner, 1986; Lüning and tom Dieck, 1989).

(irradiance)

, ,

가 (Raven and Smith,

1977).

가 (Sheader and Moss, 1975; Yarish and Edwards, 1982;

Charonofsky *et al.*, 1982). , 400 600 $\mu\text{mol m}^{-2}\text{s}^{-1}$,

100 μmol

$\text{m}^{-2}\text{s}^{-1}$ (Lüning, 1981).

(Kain, 1964; Lüning and Neushul, 1978; Lüning, 1981; Fain and Murray, 1982; Bolton and Lewitt, 1985).

(Jones and Dent, 1970; Sheader and Moss,

1975). 3

, (40 100 $\mu\text{mol m}^{-2}\text{s}^{-1}$) 3

가 .

3 가 (Table 4).

100 $\mu\text{mol m}^{-2}\text{s}^{-1}$ 3

100 $\mu\text{mol m}^{-2}\text{s}^{-1}$. Kim and Lee

(1996) 125 250 $\mu\text{mol m}^{-2}\text{s}^{-1}$, (*E. linza*)

250 $\mu\text{mol m}^{-2}\text{s}^{-1}$ (Klugh

and Martin, 1927).

(Prince

and Kinsbury, 1973), Rhodes (1970) Rietema and van den Hoek (1981)

.

가 (De Wreede, 1976),

,

(McLachlan and Bird, 1984; Yarish *et al.*, 1986).

, , 가

, (abundance)

.

3

,

18 , 23 .

2 .

(Table 5), 3

.

1

8 $100 \mu\text{mol m}^{-2}\text{s}^{-1}$, 23 $100 \mu\text{mol m}^{-2}\text{s}^{-1}$

,

,

가 (Lobban

et al., 1985), 3

(Arasaki and Shihira, 1959).

(Kim and Lee, 1996).

가 .

,

3 (*U. conglobata*, *E. intestinalis*, *E. compressa*)

,

.

•

(Ulvaceae) 3 (*Ulva conglobata*
Kjellman), [*Enteromorpha compressa* (L.) Greville], [*E.*
intestinalis (L.) Link]

,
가

(8, 13, 18, 23, 32) (40, 60, 80, 100 $\mu\text{mol m}^{-2}\text{s}^{-1}$)
32 , 18 , 100 $\mu\text{mol m}^{-2}\text{s}^{-1}$, 23 , 100 $\mu\text{mol m}^{-2}\text{s}^{-1}$,
3 가

.
3 5 3 , 6
가

,
6 3

가 ,

,

가

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가

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Appendix I (Weekly mean seawater temperature near Busan, Korea in 2001)

Month	Week					
		1	2	3	4	5
Mar.		12.9	11.4	11.2	12	
Apr.		14.6	14.3	12.7	13.7	
May		17.1	16.5	15.9	15.1	14.6
Jun.		19.7	19.9	18.6	17.6	
Jul.		21.7	21	20.3	19.5	
Aug.		26.3	24	22.6	23.6	24.1
Sep.		24.4	24.8	24.5	25.7	26.1

Appendix (PES medium)

Stock solutions (Each in 100 Mℓ ⁻¹ water)		100 Mℓ ⁻¹
NaNO ₃		35g
Na ₂ glycerophosphate		5g
Fe (as EDTA; 1:1)		25Mℓ
V-B ₁₂		1mg
Tiamin		50mg
Biotin		0.5mg
TRIS (Sigma Co.)		50mg
P Trace Metals Solution		1000 Mℓ ⁻¹ (H ₂ O)
Na ₂ -EDTA		1g
H ₃ BO ₃		1.14g
FeCl ₃ · 6H ₂ O		49mg
MnSO ₄ · 46H ₂ O		164mg
ZnSO ₄ · 76H ₂ O		22mg
CoSO ₄ · 76H ₂ O		4.8mg

Add 20 Mℓ of the above stock solution mixture to 1000 Mℓ of filtered seawater to prepare full-strength medium.